THE DAILY GAZETTE:
PUBLISHED BY
KING, REED & CO.,
Corner Sixth Ave. and Smithfield St.
JOSIAH KING, H. P. REED,
T. P. HOUSTON, H. M. LONG.
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

TERMS OF THE DAILY:
By mail, per year..........$10.00

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOL. LXXXV.—NO. 282. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1870. FIFTEEN CENTS PER WEEK.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE
IS THE BEST AND CHEAPEST
Commercial and Family Newspaper
PUBLISHED IN WESTERN PENNA'
No farmer, mechanic, or merchant should be without it.
TERMS
Single subscribers..........$1.50.
Clubs of five..........1.25.
Clubs of ten..........1.15.
A copy is furnished gratuitously to the getter-up of a club of ten. Postmasters are requested to act as Agents. Address,
KING, REED & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

FROM EUROPE.

Fecamp Occupied!

THE SIEGE OF PARIS!

Lines Drawn Tighter!

THE LUXEMBURG QUESTION!

Prussian Repulses!

FRENCH DEFEAT!

Continual Battles!

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GERMANY AND FRANCE.

SEAPORT TOWN TAKEN.

LONDON, December 15 (Midnight).—It is reported that Fecamp, a seaport town, twenty-one miles north by northeast of Havre, has been occupied by the Germans.

THE PRUSSIAN DIET.

BERLIN, Dec. 14.—The session of the Prussian Diet was opened to-day. The Royal speech admits that the success of the war against France is due to the patriotism of the people, and promises that the budget will be submitted at the earliest moment possible.

CAPTURE OF LAFERE CONTRADICTED.

LONDON, December 16.—The capture of Lafere is contradicted. Gen. Faidherbe passed the town without attacking it.

Several engagements have occurred in that neighborhood recently, which were generally favorable to the French.

PRUSSIANS WITHDRAW.

HAVRE, December 16.—The Prussians have entirely withdrawn from this section of the country, and the roads are open again to Vierval.

ARMS FOR FRANCE.

The steamship Erie, which arrived off the coast of England yesterday, has sailed for this port, though it is possible she may put into Cherbourg. She has arms on board for the use of the French.

FRENCH CONCENTRATING.

It is said that there are three hundred thousand French at Bordeaux.

PRUSSIAN OCCUPATION CONFIRMED.

The report that the Prussians had occupied Coutres, Montrichard and Romorantin, on the Loire, is confirmed.

REINFORCEMENT.

The *Moniteur* says the French have been reinforced at all points.

THE COMING BOMBARDMENT.

BERLIN, Dec. 16.—The *Provincial Correspondence*, of this city, says that the bombardment of Paris has again been postponed, because such a course would be detrimental to military operations. The real object of the war and the interests of the army, at this junction, are paramount considerations. At the right moment the commander of the investing army will take such action as will fully insure the immediate and future success of the Prussian Government, and declares that the great powers of Europe have concerned themselves as believers in the Luxembourg matter, in the face of her plain violation of neutrality in the interest of the French. Prussia therefore reserves to herself full freedom in her future course.

SEINE NAVIGATION PROHIBITED.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—The French Government has prohibited the navigation of the Seine.

BISMARCK TO BE A DUKE.

BERLIN, December 14.—Bismarck is to be made a Duke. The King wishes his title to be Duke of Strasbourg, but Bismarck wants to retain his own name.

CONVALESCENT.

Sixty per cent of wounded Germans have rejoined their commands or joined the reserves.

Ten very heavy guns have left Spardion for Paris.

NEW POSTOFFICE.

A German postoffice has been established at [illegible].

APOLOGY TO THE UNITED STATES.

LONDON, December 16.—An apology has been sent to Captain Wells, of the United States steamer Shenandoah, for the accidental shot received by that vessel a few days ago, from a French ironclad, which was using her guns to intimidate Gen. Briand, the French commander, at Havre, who had ordered a portion of the squadron to Cherbourg.

WHAT BISMARCK THINKS.

Proofs of the Prussian scheme for the restoration of the French Empire come from every quarter; that Bismarck says this is the only way the war can end; that Republican France will fight for ever; that all Paris can produce no effect, and that the only course to make terms with the Empire is to go home and leave the French fight it out between themselves.

A DENIAL.

BORDEAUX, Dec. 16.—The Sub-Prefect of Havre, in a report received here, denies having sent a dispatch announcing a French victory at Paris. He maintains, however, that there is a general and precipitate retreat of the Prussians to the north of France.

PRUSSIAN REPULSES.

The forces of Gen. Aldhenbe continued to operate successfully, and some Prussian attacks upon Gen. Chanzey's lines have been repulsed with loss to the assailants.

BALLOON NEWS.

Reports by a balloon which landed at Honfleur are not yet received at Bordeaux, but a dispatch from the *Aeronaut* says he has good news from Paris.

Gen. De Paladines has retired from service and gone to his estate.

FRENCH DEFEAT.

The following dispatch has been forwarded to the Prefects of Departments: The Duke of Mecklenburg, on Wednesday, attacked the town of Freteval, on the road from Chateau Dun to Vendome, which he occupied in strong force. A battle took place yesterday, he having united his troops with those of Prince Frederick Charles. They engaged our forces in combat yesterday, near Vendome, and the battle lasted till night. The enemy's losses were great.

News has been received that between the towns of Beaune and Gien, three battalions of Bavarians have been defeated by the Mobiles.

THE BLACK SEA QUESTION.

LONDON, December 16.—It is probable that invitations for the conference to be held in London on the Black Sea question were issued yesterday.

LUXEMBOURG.

LONDON, December 16.—Luxemburgers have united in an address to Prince Henry of Orange, imploring him not to allow the destruction of the political existence of the Grand Duchy without the population are first consulted on the subject.

LONDON, December 16—2:30 A. M.—King William of Holland has telegraphed to the Government of Luxembourg, that he will defend the treaty of 1867 and he also approves the acts of the Government of Luxembourg.

RESTORATION OF THE POPE.

M. Jardine telegraphs on the 16th that the Papal envoy, M. Kogman, arrived at Versailles on the 13th, with important dispatches from the Pope for Bismarck and King William. It is certain that the King promised to restore to the Pope his temporal power as soon as the present war ends. The official journal states that the King has determined to restore Napoleon.

ENGLAND.

SHIP FOUNDERED.

LONDON, December 16.—The ship Pomona, for Philadelphia, foundered at sea. Her crew were saved, and landed to-day at Plymouth.

CABINET COUNCIL.

A Cabinet Council is to be held to-day, which is expected to define the attitude of England.

CATHOLIC ASSOCIATION DISSOLVED.

LONDON, December 16.—The Catholic defense Association of Londonderry has been dissolved by order of the authorities.

THE LUXEMBURG QUESTION.

LONDON, December 16.—The *Times* to-day, in an editorial on the Luxemburg question, says it is not England's duty alone to resist the absorption of Luxemburg by Prussia, and thinks that perhaps Prussia may be satisfied with that acquisition, and forego taking Lorraine from France.

VESSEL SUNK.

LIVERPOOL, December 16.—The steamship Fire Queen, from New Orleans for Liverpool, came in collision with and sunk the bark Argyle, north of Skiddle, in Queenstown Harbor. The Fire Queen put back to Queenstown, and was grounded.

THE SCHOOL BOARD.

LONDON, December 15.—The first meeting of the Metropolitan School Board was held here to-day.

GREEK ADVISER FLED.

Mr. Noel, learning that he was to be committed for trial, and indicted, for counselling the Greek brigands not to surrender the Marathon captives without they were assured of an amnesty, has fled from England.

THE DERRY BOYS INDIGNANT.

LONDONDERRY, December 16.—The Derry Boys ignore the proclamation of the magistrates forbidding processions.

ITALY.

PAPAL GUARANTEES.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—In the Italian Parliament to-day, Senor Lanza made a powerful speech in support of a bill relative to the guarantees to be given to the Pope. He said the Catholic world demanded every guarantee which it was possible for Italy to concede. A bill for the consolidation of Papal debts was introduced.

CUBA.

VALMASEDA ASSUMES COMMAND.

HAVANA, December 2—via Lake City, December 16.—Gen. Valmaseda assumed command of the Island of Cuba at noon to-day.

DE RODAS BOUND FOR SPAIN.

Ex-Captain General De Rodas leaves on the 16th for Spain.

SPAIN.

KING AMADEUS LIBERAL.

MADRID, December 16.—It is said that one of the first acts of King Amadeus will be to give half [illegible] of the Crown, amounting to some [illegible], to the Treasury.

BAVARIA.

MILITARY CREDIT.

MUNICH, December 16.—The Chamber of Deputies has passed a further military credit of 41,000,000 florens. The Government has asked the Chamber that a provisional levy of taxes be continued three months longer. The Federal treaty has been referred to a special committee of the Chamber.

AUSTRIA.

AUSTRIA'S POSITION.

LONDON, December 15.—It is announced that Austria, wishing to maintain the existing guarantees for the peace of Europe, and yet desirous of sparing the susceptibilities of Russia, adheres without reservation to the decision of the approaching Congress.

RUSSIA.

LEVY OF MEN IN RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, December 15.—A levy of six men in every thousand throughout Russia is ordered, to replace the men lost in consequence of the shortening of the term of service of the conscription of '71.

BELGIUM.

CABINET CHANGE UNSUCCESSFUL.

HAGUE, December 15.—The endeavors to form a new Cabinet are still unsuccessful.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, Dec. 16, 1 P. M.—Consols, money 91⅝; account 91¾; American securities quiet and unchanged; stocks steady and unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 16, 1:30 P. M.—Wheat, old spring 9s 10d; winter 10s 7d@10s 8d. Total receipts of wheat for three days, 31,000 quarters, including 27,500 American. Western flour 25s. Pork 10s 6d.

XLIST CONGRESS.

(THIRD SESSION.)

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.

SENATE.

The Vice-President laid before the Senate a communication from Mr. *Drake*, saying that he had, on the 13th inst., transmitted to the Governor of Missouri his resignation as a member of the Senate, to take effect on the 19th instant.

Mr. SUMNER presented a memorial from Wm. F. Wells, Geo. T. Bigelow, and many of the most eminent merchants of Boston, averse to the proposed annexation of San Domingo, setting forth their belief that the same would be a great calamity to this country, leading to great frauds and corruption, and probably to war with the French part of the island, which could only be avoided by a subsequent purchase of that part by the Government, which would involve a large annual expenditure without any compensating result, the effect of which would be the wide-spread belief that the present war tax on incomes was kept up for the purchase of foreign territory. Referred.

Mr SHERMAN, from the Finance Committee, reported back adversely several bills for the abolition of the income tax. Upon his request the said bills were placed upon the calendar.

Mr. COLE, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the House bill making an appropriation for revenue cutters. Passed.

Bills were introduced and referred by Mr. HAYES, for the relief of Rear Admiral Henry Ward.

Resolutions were adopted on motion of Mr. SCOTT, calling upon the Secretary of War for information in advance of the Engineer's report on the subject relative to the Newport and Cincinnati bridge, and on motion of Mr. COLE, concerning the improvement of the harbor and ports of Wilmington and San Diego, California.

The bill to incorporate the Southern Express Company being before the Senate, on motion of Mr. CAMERON, objection was made by Mr. BAYARD to any further chartering by Congress of private corporations other than in the District of Columbia.

Mr. CAMERON spoke of the importance of this company to the Government for transportation of its bonds and money, and its reliable character.

An amendment suggested by Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, was adopted, making corporators individually liable for the debts of the concern.

The bill was not discussed until after the expiration of the morning hour.

An amendment by Mr. Bayard prevailed, subjecting property of the company wherever situated, to taxation under State laws. The bill finally passed—yeas 31, nays 15.

Mr. MORTON offered a resolution requesting the President to communicate to the Senate all the information in his possession relative to organized bodies of disloyal and evil disposed persons in the State of North Carolina, which have in view or threaten resistance to the execution of the laws of the United States, or the denial of United States citizens to equal protection of the laws and their rights under the constitution, and also what murders and outrages for political purposes have been committed.

Mr. POMEROY remarked that one hour in the day the Senate was for general amnesty, and the next the Senators were after the rebels for killing Unionists. The resolution was agreed to.

At 1:20 P. M., the Senate resumed the consideration of the Schurz resolution, looking to a general amnesty, and Mr. Drake was awarded the floor for the purpose of replying to the speech of his colleague. After alleging that for the introduction of a personal controversy and local political contest into the Senate of the United States, his colleague was entirely responsible. He said his motive in replying was not merely with a view to his personal vindication, but that of as noble a party as ever held the destinies of any State in the Union. The extraordinary and remarkable speech of his colleague was without provocation. He could not conceive why the hosts led by his colleague, who had their victory when they trailed the Republican banner of Missouri in the dust, should not have been content with their triumphs upon the soil of that State, but seek to carry it before the nation. Criticising the reference to himself, that thirteen years before he had objected in the slavery interest to a political candidate in Missouri, he attributed the motive for the statement to a desire to hold him up before a Republican Senate and nation as an object of condemnation and distrust; but supposing he had been a pro-slavery man in 1857, did that constitute a justification for his colleague's act in 1870? Though for ten years penitent, his colleague could not pardon him for his sin.

Mr. SCHURZ here desired to interpose a word of explanation.

Mr. DRAKE declined to give way, remarking that his colleague had over four years of a Senatorial term remaining in which to answer him after he had gone hence.

Mr. SCHURZ—I merely want to tell my colleague I forgive him. [Laughter.]

Mr. DRAKE expressed his appreciation of his colleague's unexpected outburst of clemency, adding that in his opinion it was better to be a new Republican and a faithful one, than an old and treacherous one. [Applause in the galleries, which the Vice-President promptly suppressed.] He did not consider that the title to slay a party in cold blood could be derived from longevity within its ranks. If it would, then he was thankful that before he could attain his colleague's period of longevity, at which men learned such wicked and murderous purposes, he would have gone beyond the reach of those influences into a more beautiful sphere of action. He did not wonder his colleague had attempted any vindication of himself before his Republican colleagues in the Senate, whose hearts were not now touched by his chilling presence. Whether or not the attempt at vindication had succeeded, would appear by the verdict of the Senate which would follow the end of the discussion. His colleague before two years warm in his seat, had struck at those who had sent him to the Senate, and had acquired that taste for blood which the possession of power could enable man to shed in the household of his friends. Feeling, perhaps, that he did hold the destiny of the great Republican party in his hands, to do with it as he would, he (Schurz) had come to the Senate to sow those seeds of dissension which were begun by splitting the party in twain, from one end of the land to the other. That purpose, if his colleague entertained it, would fall here, and his would be the fate of him of old, who would rend the oak and think not of the boughs.

Mr. DRAKE then eulogized the history of the Radical Union party of Missouri during the last ten years; its instrumentality, with the aid of disfranchisement measures, in saving the State to the Union; its sagacity in foreseeing the necessity for removing disabilities where warranted by the public, a credit which was unfairly usurped by the new liberal movement. To these measures the loyal men of Missouri were indebted for that protection which was denied to the loyal element of Kentucky and Tennessee.

His colleague's victory, therefore, had been at the expense of the loyal men of Missouri, to whom he owed his elevation to the highest office he could ever hope to attain under the Constitution of the United States. His mode of thanking was novel if not original. Some better justification than he had yet attempted was necessary, else it would have been better for him politically if he had never been born. The disruption of the Republican State Convention and the so-called Liberal movement were referred to by Mr. Drake as the features of a predetermined scheme to give the State to the Democratic, the ostensible cause of controversy arising from a determination of the minority to take enfranchisement apart from the platform in advance of any expression of popular sentiment either for or against the proposition proposed, the amendment to the Constitution being then before the people for independent action. The minority, led by his colleague, refused to submit to the will of the majority, and not only separated General Grant's administration, but ignored it in their platform, and his colleague ridiculed as fulsome flattery the language of the resolution on the subject adopted by the Convention. His colleague's attempt to defend his course upon the high ground of principle, was answered by the fact that he had made a single point of policy a pretext for striking a blow at the fundamental party principle that the will of the majority should rule. Independence of thought and action were well enough in their place, but not as the means of party destruction. Quoting from the campaign speeches of the Liberal candidate for Governor, Gratz Brown, to show his antipathy to the Republican cause, the speaker dismissed the subject with the remark: "He has gone to Democracy, and may the Lord have mercy on his soul." [Laughter.] In answer to the assumption that the party faith was pledged to enfranchisement, he said the general amnesty resolution of the National Republican Convention of 1868 was merely the expression of an opinion that disabilities should be removed upon the happening of a contingency, to wit: when they were no longer required by public necessity. That such an expression could only have a national bearing, and was of no effect in the regulation of the national policy of individual Republican States like Missouri. Among the probable consequences of his colleague's course, was the election of a Democrat to succeed him (Drake), and a possible defeat in the next Presidential election, by the loss of the electoral vote of Missouri. In regard to the President's interference in Missouri politics, he (Drake) cheerfully accepted the responsibility for his advice to the President in the matter—that he believes no man had a right to a position under a party while warring against it. Upon the question of the new party, he understood his colleague's position to be that while the Republican party was dead in [illegible] and [illegible], it yet contained elements of regeneration of a new party. This reminded him of a country court that wanted to build a new jail, and passed three resolutions: one, that they would build a new jail; second, that they would do it out of the material composing the old one, and third, that the old one should stand till the new one was built. [Great laughter.] Who is to regenerate the Republican party? Possibly that was the [illegible] of his colleague's mission to [illegible]. After a [illegible] of the charge that he had ever spoken disrespectfully of Germans, Mr. DRAKE added that his colleague, in the [illegible], had carried with him almost the entire German vote of Missouri, and he believes his colleague's intention was to carry that vote over to the Democracy. He also believed his colleague had conceived a more daring thought of becoming political dictator to both the Republican and Democratic parties, through his control of the great German vote in this country in both parties. This was the secret of his colleague's bold self confidence.

In conclusion, Mr. Drake took a formal farewell of the Senate, preparatory to entering upon his new office as Chief Justice of the Court of Claims. For years he has represented on this floor his noble State, and it was not until that his last effort should be addressed to the Republicans of that State in this, the gloomy hour of their betrayal by those whom they had trusted and honored. He expressed to his colleagues his appreciation of their many evidences of personal friendship and partiality, and closed with an allusion to the sincerity and fidelity of his efforts in behalf of the political principles upon which he had been elected to this body.

His concluding remarks were delivered with some emotion, and were received by the Senate in profound and respectful silence.

Mr. SCHURZ briefly replied that he could afford to allow his speech, and that of his colleague, to go to the people, side by side, without a single reply on his part to what his colleague had said, but wanted to give his colleague one consolation on his way. It seemed he had fallen into the habit of consigning every body who did not agree with him to the Democratic party. Hon. Gratz Brown, a well-known, consistent and fearless Anti-Slavery man, and himself, had been thus disposed of. The Germans, it also seemed, were to go in the same direction, and be led by himself. He would tell his colleague that if he (Schurz) ever desired to lead all the Germans in a body into the Democratic fold, he could not do it. Finally, the State of Missouri was to go to the Democrats. The fact, however, was, the recent election had resulted in securing a Republican Executive, and the Senate in that State, with a majority in the House, might be either way. If the State changed politically by reason of enfranchisement of the hitherto disfranchised, his colleague could not escape some responsibilities, because he admitted that every party in the State including the McClurg party, was in favor of the proposition, the only difference being as to time. He assured his colleague, that those who acted with him (Schurz) would know how to take care of the Republican cause in Missouri.

At 4:15 the Senate went into executive session, and soon afterwards adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. DAWES offered a resolution instructing the Postmaster General to communicate the cost to the Government by the thousand of stamped envelopes furnished under the existing contract, and the price at which they are sold by the Government. Adopted.

Mr. MERCER, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a bill repealing the third section of the act of July 15, 1870, to provide compensation for grand and petit jurors in the United States courts.

M. INGERSOLL introduced a bill to encourage ship owners and ship building in the United States. Referred.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of private bills.

Mr. PORTER, from the Reconstruction Committee, reported a bill removing political disabilities from some twenty-five persons, chiefly residing in Virginia, and from W. K. Turner, of Nashville, Tenn., Judge of the Davidson County Court, which position he holds in violation of the fourteenth amendment.

Mr. MAYNARD moved to strike out the name of W. K. Turner, because he had accepted an office for which he was disqualified, thereby subjecting himself to the penalties provided in the fourteenth amendment. Rejected, and the bill passed—111 ayes, 53 nays.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of the bill reported yesterday by Mr. Hoover, removing the duties on sugar.

Mr. WOOD commented on the loose legislation of Congress, which rendered it so frequently necessary to amend the laws. The bill was passed.

Mr. SHANKS introduced a bill to dispose of the Cherokee Indian lands in Kansas to actual settlers only. Referred.

The House, at half past two o'clock, adjourned till Monday.

CINCINNATI.

Above Short Line Railroad—The Great Counterfeiter Arrives—Man Killed—Woman's Neck Broken.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RAILROAD RUMORS.

CINCINNATI, December 16.—It is reported here to-day that the Pennsylvania Central Railroad Company is negotiating for a lease on the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad and its connections. For some days there have been whisperings unfavorable to Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton stock, with a view, it is said, of depressing the stock for the purpose of buying. It is claimed further that the recent talk concerning a second railroad from Cincinnati to Dayton is part of the programme to make favorable purchases in view of a probable lease. This project, if effected, would enable the Pennsylvania Central to control the entrance to this city, of the Atlantic and Great Western, and the Cincinnati, Sandusky and Cleveland railways, both of which run over the Cincinnati and Dayton track from Dayton. It would be a bold stroke on the part of the Pennsylvania Central, as it would give that road virtual control of all the roads coming from the East to Cincinnati, with the exception of the Baltimore and Ohio. Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton stock has of late been sold down to eighty-six and eighty-seven, but was not to be had at eighty-eight this afternoon.

THE GREAT COUNTERFEITER.

Peter McCartney, the noted counterfeiter, reached here last night in charge of Col. Whitley, chief of the secret service detectives, for the purpose of procuring the $3,500 taken from him at the time of his arrest. He desires this to enable him to give the required bail of fifteen thousand dollars for his future appearance. Col. Whitley has thus favored the prisoner on consideration of the revelations made and promised with reference to other offenders. Counterfeit money and plates, a large lot of notes, a set of dies, and a splendidly executed ten dollar plate, were found on Wednesday in St. Louis. He says the door of the station house was unlocked by a man, the description of which he furnishes—the man giving him at the same time twenty dollars, and telling him to go. He exhibits memoranda of money received at the station house of $3,570. Of this only $1,470 ever reached the hands of the Chief of Police, which was turned over to the prisoner to-day. No one can account for the remainder.

EXTENSIVE FIRE.

Nos. 9, 11 and 13, five-story stone front stores on West Front street, between Maine and Walnut, were completely destroyed by fire to-night at half-past ten o'clock. Two belonged to Reuben Springer, and the third to the estate of Griffin Taylor. Loss on buildings about $50,000. The third, fourth and fifth stories were used by Barber & Stout, tobacco manufacturers. Loss about $35,000. Moreliner & Co. and E. H. Corwing, produce dealers, each lose about $3,000; the former fully insured. E. H. Griest loses on leaf tobacco $35,000, fully insured. Others lost smaller sums. The total loss will be fully $100,000.

KILLED BY A RAILROAD.

Chris Brentman, a painter was run over and killed by the cars on the Indianapolis and Cincinnati Railroad last night, under the Fifth street bridge.

CATHOLIC DEMONSTRATION.

The Catholics of Newport, Covington and Dayton have a great demonstration on Sunday in opposition to the invasion of the Papal Dominion by Emanuel.

CUT HIS THROAT.

A bachelor named Perin, cut his throat last night at Franklin, Ohio. Cause, intemperance.

BROKE HER NECK.

Mrs. Rebecca Jeffrey fell down stairs this morning, breaking her neck.

ANOTHER FIRE.

Three of Chadwick's hot houses burned to-day. Loss $5,000.

ST. LOUIS.

An Indian Council Held—Grand Transportation Scheme—The Losses by Fire—Legal Holidays.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, December 16.—The *Republican* has the following special from Ocmulgee, Indian Territory, dated the 12th: An interesting meeting took place to-day at the Capitol, in which nearly all the Indian delegates to the National Council and Indian Commissioners Farwell, Lang and Campbell were present. The meeting took a religious and philanthropic turn in behalf of the well-being of the Indians. Interesting speeches were made Messrs. Lang, Campbell, Farwell, Hoag and Miller, in which the present movement here was strongly approved. Mr. Campbell urged the civilized tribes to conciliate the wild tribes and prevail on them to follow their example. The meeting was very impressive. Mr. Lapiene, of the Choctaw delegation, returned his thanks for the sentiments expressed by the Commissioners, and he expressed his own desire to advance the views of the Government as far as practicable.

The Council assembled this afternoon to take up the resolution in relation to the organization of the Territory. The plan, it is thought, will meet with the general approbation of the Council. The Commissioners will be in attendance, and to-morrow, the 14th, they take an early start for home, via Fort Gibson.

TRANSPORTATION SCHEME.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 16.—The Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company closed a contract to-day with the St. Louis, Arkansas and Texas Transportation Company for running a fast freight line to the terminus of their road. Thence the Transportation Company will run mule teams to all parts of Western Arkansas, Indian Territory, and Northern Texas, issuing and guaranteeing through bills of lading from this city. This company comprise several of the same men who originated the Far West Freight Line in Montana, and its operations are to be pushed with the same vigor. Agencies are to be established in all the principal towns in the southwest, and the general office will be opened here in a few days.

FUNERAL OF A PROFESSOR.

The funeral of Professor Charles Venit, formally of Washington University, this city, took place to-day, and was largely attended. The faculty and students of the University adopted appropriate resolutions.

LOSS BY FIRES.

The loss by fires in this city the first half of December were $168,554; insurance, $391,000; probable loss to Insurance Companies, $168,554.

LEGAL HOLIDAYS.

Governor McClurg will issue a proclamation in a day or two declaring December 26th and January 2d, legal holidays.

CALIFORNIA.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

THE LOTTERY BUSINESS.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 16.—Judge Temple of the Supreme Court, decided yesterday that the act authorizing the Mercantile Library Gift Entertainment did not repeal the former acts prohibiting lotteries in this State.

HORSE THIEF SHOT.

Constable Bailey, of Eldorado county, yesterday shot a horse thief whom he was trying to arrest at a Spanish camp, mortally wounding him.

A Bank Robbed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

[illegible], N. H., Dec. 16.—The North Berwick National Bank was broken open last night. The robbers took from the bank everything that could be of value to them. They also stole a horse and carriage. A reward of five hundred dollars is offered for the arrest of the robbers.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

THE CAPITAL.

War Department Order.

APPOINTMENTS AND CONFIRMATIONS.

Relief for Oneida Sufferers.

CLAIM AGAINST BRAZIL.

An Embezzler Convicted.

POSTAL TELEGRAPH MEETING.

Boutwell and the President.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 16, 1870.

IMPORTANT WAR DEPARTMENT ORDER.

The following order was promulgated to-day from the headquarters of the army:

By direction of the Secretary of War, the principal depot and station superintendents in the cavalry service will be transferred to St. Louis Arsenal, Missouri; Carlyle barracks will be maintained as a sub-depot for the reception of parties of recruits from rendezvous dependent on this depot, whence they will be transferred in detachments of fifty and upwards to the principal depot, under superintendents of instruction. This order is to take effect January 1, 1871. Rendezvous dependent on St. Louis depot will, until further orders, be at Pittsburgh, St. Louis, Chicago, Cincinnati and Cleveland. By direction of the Secretary of war, the Central Superintendency will be discontinued. The depot at Newport barracks, Kentucky, will be given up. Depot and officer Superintendents will be transferred to St. Louis arsenal. Public buildings and such property as is not moved to St. Louis from Newport barracks to be left in charge of an Ordnance sergeant. This order to go into effect January 1st, 1871. The Western Superintendency will be established, with station of Superintendent, and its principal depot will be at St. Louis. It will embrace the following States: Tennessee, Kentucky, Ohio, Indiana, Minnesota, West Virginia, Missouri, and Kansas. For the present the rendezvous will be Louisville, Cincinnati, Toledo, Cleveland, Marietta, Detroit, Chicago, Milwaukee, Davenport, Madison, Keokuk, Wheeling and St. Louis. Superintendency departments on the Pacific coast will be discontinued. The Colonel of each colored regiment will detail one Captain and one Lieutenant to recruit specially for the regiment. For the present Nashville, Memphis and Paducah will be stations for this purpose. The following is the detail for the recruiting service for the next two years: Regimental officers will be selected by their Colonels, according to the usual rules, and will be ordered to report without delay to their several Superintendents. Col. Jeff. C. Davis, 23d Infantry, to relieve Col. Reeve as soon as he can, in charge of the Eastern Superintendency of the Infantry service; Lieut. Col. R. S. Granger, of the 16th infantry, to relieve Lieut. Col. Wessels, and assume charge of the Western Superintendency; Col. Edward Hatch, of the 9th cavalry, to relieve Lieut. Col. Grover, as Superintendent of the Cavalry Service; Capt. E. V. Sumner of the 1st cavalry, to be detailed to the command of the cavalry depot at Carlisle Barracks.

THE POSTAL TELEGRAPH.

The Select Committee on Postal Telegraph held a meeting yesterday for the purpose of hearing the argument from Hubbard, of Boston, in reply to the speech of General Washburne in favor of the postal telegraph bill. Hubbard has a scheme of his own, which is for the Government to build an opposition line to that of the Western Union Company. He traveled over the same ground that he did last winter, making the same points and coming to the same conclusions, namely, that all other schemes besides his own are unwise and impracticable. General Washburne, the Chairman of the Committee, will probably make a reply to Hubbard.

BOUTWELL AND GRANT AT PEACE.

Secretary Boutwell, in a conversation with several gentlemen of the press, good naturedly alluded to the various reports of disagreements between the President and himself, saying that, on the contrary, the relations between them are altogether friendly, and that, as far as he knows, there were no intervening questions which disturbed the official connections. This is in harmony with the authority from the Executive mansion yesterday, for contradicting the report involving the Secretary's resignation.

AMUSEMENT.

Much amusement was created here at the very positive statement of the St. Petersburg correspondent of the *Independence Belge*, to the effect that the President had written an autograph letter to the Emperor Alexander, tendering him the aid of a fleet of war vessels in case of a war. The statement is pure fiction. Neither the President nor his Secretary have written any such letter, or anything which could be construed or twisted into a coloring for such a statement. Some weeks since the cable brought this report and it was not then deemed worthy of contradiction. It is now more emphatic and firm, and deserves an equally emphatic denial.

POLITICAL GOSSIP.

It is generally admitted among Congressmen that Commissioner Wilson, of the General Land Office, will be superceded by the President, but that no change will be made until shortly before the dissolution of the present Congress, and that some delay will be occasioned by the desire of the President to appoint some member of the present House who is not elected to the next Congress. Judge Loughbridge, of Iowa, has been favorably mentioned in connection with the office. The long delay in the appointment of a Commissioner of Patents, in the place of Colonel Fisher, who resigned last October, is accounted for on the same ground.

LIBERAL ENGLISHMEN.

Sir Edward Thornton, British Minister, has been advised of the remittance to his address of within a fraction of $5,000 for the widows and orphans of the crew of the United States ship Oneida, made so in consequence of her destruction by the British ship Bombay, in the India seas, last summer. This sum was quietly contributed by seventy British subscribers, headed by Right Hon. Earl Shaftesbury, Earl Clarendon and Rothschilds, and given to Sir Edward Thornton for distribution. The money will be apportioned at his discretion, on application made to him by the parties interested.

A CLAIM AGAINST BRAZIL.

The President sent to the House of Representatives, in compliance with a resolution of that body, papers on the subject of the whaler Canada, which sailed from New Bedford for the Northern Pacific Ocean, by way of Cape Horn, in October, 1856, but went ashore on the coast of Brazil in November following, when a party of Brazilian soldiers boarded the vessel and captured her.

THE EASTERN BUSINESS.

Private telegrams received here from Europe regarding the late phase of the Eastern question and the new complication on the Luxembourg difficulty, give rise to a very uneasy feeling. It is known that these matters have been discussed recently in official quarters with unusual warmth, and further developments are anxiously awaited.

NEW JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.

Several bills have been introduced recently to create new judicial districts in the western States. The authors of these measures are in most cases gentlemen who are under the necessity of retiring from Congress on the 4th of March, and who look upon a United States judgeship for life as a good thing to fall back on.

VERDICT RENDERED.

In the case of C. C. Edwing, indicted for the embezzlement of eight thousand five hundred dollars from the Redemption Division of the United States Treasury in September last, the jury rendered a verdict of guilty, with a recommendation to the mercy of the court. The counsel gave notice of a motion for a new trial.

NOMINATIONS.

The following nominations were sent to the Senate to-day: Jas. E. Galloway, Illinois, to be Secretary of Montana Territory; Alex. H. Connor, Indiana, to be Governor of Idaho Territory.

Hon. Levi Hubbell was yesterday nominated and confirmed District Attorney for the Eastern District of Wisconsin.

CONFIRMED.

The Senate this afternoon confirmed Gen. Pleasanton as Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

APPROPRIATION ASKED.

The Secretary of the Treasury to-day sent a communication to the House, asking $3,851,000, being the estimated deficiencies in appropriations for the years ending June 1870 and 1871. Of this amount $1,882,000 are for the army and $1,344,000 for the navy.

RHODE ISLAND.

Bank Safe Blown Open and Building Burned by Robbers—They Miss Getting the Funds.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Dec. 16.—About two o'clock this morning a building at Wickford, occupied by the Wickford National Bank and the office of the Town Clerk of North Kensington, was found on fire. An explosion had been heard a few minutes previously. It proved that the bank had been entered by robbers, who started the outer door of the vault, and then exploded powder to complete the work. The explosion set the building on fire, which was completely consumed. The bank funds were in an iron chest, and are safe. The town records, covering a period of one hundred and sixty years, are destroyed. There is some clue to the robbers, for whose arrest a reward of $1,000 is offered.

Railroad Accident.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ELIZABETH, N. J., December 16.—A serious accident occurred at the Bay Draw, on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, at midnight. For some unexplained reason the engine of the 11 o'clock P. M. train, from Elizabeth for New York, ran off the track on the draw, breaking the trestles and letting down the east span of the draw. The engineer and fireman went down with the engine; the former got out safely, but the latter, named Henry Harker, was caught in the wreck and drowned. There were but few passengers on the train. No other person was injured, the cars remaining on the track. It will require two weeks to repair the damage. In the meantime arrangements are made to forward passengers, via Elizabethport, by the New Jersey Railroad. In consequence of the disarrangement of the Newark Bay drawbridge, navigation will be obstructed for two or three days.

The Weather at Albany, N. Y.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALBANY, December 16.—Weather very cold and river full of floating ice. The New York boats had not arrived at noon, having grounded just below the city.

NEW YORK CITY.

The Health of Mr. Chase—South American Story Exploded—The Cuban Steamer Hornet—More "Irregularities"—Cruel Conduct on a Vessel—Lackawanna Railroad Suits—More Tunnel Mischief—Bitterly Vindictive Address, &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, December 16, 1870.

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE'S HEALTH.

It is stated upon reliable authority that the health of Chief Justice Chase continues steadily to improve. Beyond mere bodily weakness, he is as well now as he was before the attack in August last. Complete recovery seems still likely to be slow, but it is steady, and his friends have great hope of seeing him yet on the bench of the Supreme Court before the adjournment of the present term.

SOUTH AMERICAN CANARD.

The schooner Dutch Princess, which arrived on Wednesday, states that the report of the fall of Maricibo, of the shooting of General Hernandez, and of the success of the Revolutionists under Pulman, and his subsequent assassination in a cafe, which appeared in various morning journals yesterday, was untrue in every particular. The report refered to appears to have been furnished by a Venezuelan partisan, who came as a passenger in the Princess, and who desired a publication of the story, to prepare a way for obtaining credit from merchants here.

THE HORNET AGAIN.

It has been announced that the Cuban steamer Hornet, which cleared from this port a few days ago, received a cargo of arms and supplies, conveyed to her by two schooners at a point outside this port; that she then proceeded on her way to Cuba, bearing the expeditionary force in command of Gens. Jordan and Ryan. It has been ascertained upon good authority that the Hornet received no warlike material whatever in the vicinity of the United States coast; that neither Gens. Jordan nor Ryan embarked in her; that Jordan is still in town and will not soon leave, while Ryan has actually departed. The Hornet cleared for Aspinwall, to which point she was preceded by an invoice of arms, medicines, &c., intended for Cuba, and shipped in the Pacific mail steamer. Ryan's name appeared on the list of passengers embarked from Nassau, but another man personated him while he remained for three days secreted in New York awaiting the departure of the Pacific mail steamer, in which he finally sailed. The Hornet will carry supplies to Cuba, and will take Ryan along if he desires to go after reaching Aspinwall. The charge that the influence of Jordan is exerted to give preference to the Southerners in the Cuban service is indignantly denied by his friends, and it is claimed that the utmost care has been taken to avoid sectional bias in all the arrangements for securing sympathy and material aid for Cuba.

THE TUNNEL TROUBLES.

Owners of land along the bank of the Erie Railroad line, leading from Berger Tunnel to the Weehawken Cattle Yards and coal and oil dock, to-day made excavations for a number of cellars and sub-cellars in such a manner that few minutes' more work will precipitate the rails into the cavity, and render the road impassable. Trains passed to-day at great peril, and at night several mail cars were standing on the tracks waiting an opportunity to go forward. The owners wish to bring their lands into market, and set up a recent resolution to the Hoboken Common Council directing the removal of the tracks as a warrant for their actions, though the resolution was subsequently repealed.

CRUEL TREATMENT.

William Wright, one of the passengers of the James Foster, Jr., has sued Charles H. Marshall and others, owners of the vessel, for $10,000 damages, for ill-treatment during the passage of the vessel from Liverpool to New York, in December, 1869. The trial began yesterday, in the Court of Common Pleas. This suit is the first of about fifty, which are to be presented against the owners of the vessel by the passengers and crew.

THE BERGEN TUNNEL SUITS.

The suits of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western and the Erie Railroad Companies, dragged their slow length along before Chief Justice Beasley, in Trenton, New Jersey, yesterday. Mr. Gilchrist concluded his argument in behalf of the Erie Company, and Mr. Van Alta, for the opposition party, commenced his argument.

BITTERLY VINDICTIVE ADDRESS.

The *Tribune* has advices from Atlanta that Robert Toombs and Linton Stephens have published an address to the people of Georgia, bitterly vindictive in tone, urging the people to take the law in their own hands and resist the Fifteenth Amendment and all the laws passed by Congress to enforce it.

REPORTED FAILURE.

Another failure is reported of a prominent firm in the liquor trade. The losses made by this firm are said to have arisen from the competition of others in the trade who are defrauding the Government of its revenue.

MORE FRAUD.

An eminent German banking firm is said to have been detected in defrauding the Government on entries of sugar.

COLD WEATHER.

The weather is exceedingly cold this morning. The gale still continues. Much damage to shipping is apprehended.

TENNESSEE.

[By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SNOW.

MEMPHIS, December 16.—Three inches of snow fell here last night.

NEW TRIAL GRANTED.

Judge Emmons, of the United States Circuit Court, granted a new trial in the case of Edmund Pettegrew & Co., for nine thousand pounds of tobacco, seized for want of proper stamps, on the ground that the evidence did not warrant the verdict of the jury.

NEW PANEL.

Complaints having been made in the press here of the political creed of the traverse jury of this Court, Judge Emmons dismissed the jury and ordered a panel of the oldest citizens to fill the vacancy.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—There was a light fall of snow at Augusta, Ga., yesterday.

—The river is rising, at Nashville, with three and a half feet on Harpeth Shoals.

—Teff & Co.'s., paper mill at Albany, N. Y., was burned to-day. Loss $40,000; insured for $8,000.

—Geo. Davis, a prominent Israelite of Richmond, Va., and a millionaire, died Friday morning.

—O'Baldwin, the pugilist, who about a year ago last November, was sentenced to imprisonment for eighteen months in the House of Correction at Boston, for engaging in a prize fight, has been pardoned.

—Governor Hoffman has decided to commute the death sentence of Owen Hand, of Brooklyn, New York, to imprisonment for life, yielding to the recommendations of the Judges of the Court of Appeals.

Live Stock.

ALBANY, December 16.—In the cattle market the display of fine beeves exceeds that of any other market day for a long time, but the receipts are not quite so large. Receipts 4,806 head, including those of to-day and a part to arrive. They are of a superior quality. Sales of medium weight and good steers at an advance of ¼c per pound, live weight. Christmas cattle held from 11 to 13c; other cattle range from 5¾ to 9c. Milch cows scarce and the demand active at a material advance on last week's ruling prices. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, sheep, which were sent from New York, ranging from 145 to 170 lbs, reach 10,000 head, and are superior to those of last week; market moderately active at an advance of ¼c on all grades; sheep were mostly bought, while lambs sell better than last week; common sold at 4@5c; good 5@7c; extra 7@8c. Hogs—Receipts liberal; the demand for heavy is quite moderate; medium weights sell pretty freely; heavy 7½@7¾; medium 7¾, and light 7¾@7½.

Upper Rivers.

[By P. & A. Telegraph Line.]

BROWNSVILLE, December 16.—River falling with 6½ feet water in channel. Weather cloudy. Thermometer 30° at 3 P. M.

OIL CITY, December 15.—River falling slowly with 37 inches water in channel. Weather clear. Thermometer 21° at 5 P. M.

MORGANTOWN, December 15.—River stationary with 10 inches water in channel. Weather cloudy. Thermometer 31° at 5 P. M.

GREENSBORO, December 15.—River stationary, with 4 feet 7 inches water in channel. Weather cloudy. Thermometer 28° at 6 P. M.

Bank Robbery.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NORTH BERWICK, ME., December 16.—The loss of the North Berwick Bank by the robbers is about $8,000. Gold bills, stamps, etc., to that amount, were taken. Railroad bonds to the amount of $2,400 and two packages of United States bonds containing $4,000, and others $1,000, all belonging to private individuals, was also taken. The bank was in a small wooden building away from any other house.

Destructive Fire in Maine.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BATH, December 16.—A most disastrous conflagration commenced this morning on the east side of Middle street, in Woscasset. It destroyed all the buildings on the south side of Main street, crossing Water street to the river. In all, there were twenty-five stores and eleven dwellings destroyed. The loss is estimated at $100,000.

Virginia Legislature.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, December 16.—The Legislature to-day passed a joint resolution to instruct the Senators and request the Representatives of Virginia in Congress to vote for a general amnesty, removing all political disabilities. It was adopted by but one dissenting vote.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were admitted of record in the office of Thomas H. Hunter, Recorder for Allegheny county, Friday, December 16, 1870:

Patrick Munhall to John Munhall, March 17, 1870; lot No. 3 in Section 1 of Buchanan's plan of Braddocks Field, with buildings....$1,180

John C. Brown to Andrew Werner, September 27, 1870; lot No. 220 in John Brown's plan of lots, St. Clair boro....$250

John C. Brown to Ernest Jacobs, September 28, 1870; lot No. 219 in John Brown's plan of lots, St. Clair boro....$250

John C. Pierce to Robert Snowden, December 3, 1870; lot No. 25 in Mellon's plan of the Collins Park Extension....$500

William Phillips to James H. Simpson, December 24, 1870; lot No. 2 in Wm. Phillips' plan of lots, Plum tp....$370

John Wilkins to John T. Fried, February 7, 1870; 9 acres 2 roods 7 perches of land in Leet township....$4,000

Joseph G. Duff to Joseph Henderson, Dec. 12, 1870; 1 acre 151 perches land in Kilbuck tp....$1,050

"That good fur nothin' cuss that has no corner in his stummick fur Pier, Dannals & Co.'s Cream Ale; is fit fur treson, stratejum and spoils."—*Josh Billings.*

IN MEMORIAM.

Died, November 25, 1870, Anna Cole, wife of H. C. Mackrell, aged 27 Years, 8 Months.

In paying a brief tribute to the memory of our loved one, I come not as a skillful artist to re-touch and re-adorn some crude, unfinished piece of workmanship; but to us, whose hearts were bound to her by closest ties of sympathy and love, she stands so completely the embodiment of every womanly grace and virtue, that even the hand of affection lingers, lest by the tenderest touch it might mar or deface the fair outlines of that beautiful creation.

And though we who loved her, and whose pathway was brightened by the sweet light which shone out from her life, know that she was of the earth earthy, yet in our heart of hearts we know, too, that few are the tabernacles of clay illuminated by so rare a spirit as her's.

It seems but a span since the life just closed first budded into existence; and though not the first-born, yet the advent of the little stranger was heralded with peculiar pleasure by the hearts into which she so warmly nestled.

Very dear to us was our old fashioned baby; and so wise and earnest did she seem in all her looks and movements, that those whose pleasant task it was to minister to and soothe her, involuntarily chose from among the nursery rhymes some quaint lullaby as best suited to quiet into slumber the womanly little one.

As a child, she was the idol of the household. Each year developed and strengthened those traits of character which in after life shone with so bright a luster. Many pleasant memories fill my mind, as I thus picture her, a gleeful, generous hearted, impulsive child; but the most hallowed of those memories is that which recalls her untiring devotion to an invalid brother. When those who had ministered to him were laid by for long months, by sickness, that faithful child filled the place of all, to the little sufferer. Day and night she watched by him. It mattered not how heavy the eyelids, nor how weary the little limbs, the slightest call was heard by her: and the wants met without murmur or complaint. That loved one, whose bright intellect had been fettered and clouded by disease, was unable then to respond by word or look to the deep devotion of that loving sister. Long since he passed into the spirit world; and very pleasant it is to think that even now they are reunited by bonds never to be broken, and that together they are enjoying the fullness of the measure of that love so freely imparted to her by Him "who came into the world not to be ministered unto, but to minister."

But all these sweet graces of childhood and girlhood were but as the flower compared with the rich fruit into which they ripened, in her rounded, noble womanhood. And it is here that the pen halts and the heart, swelling with tender memories of that devoted, consecrated life, would speak her epitaph, not in words but in tears.

The sacred words "wife" and "mother" were understood by her in their full import. Those tender words were the key-note to that active life, in which shone out all the nobler traits of true womanhood; and though her highest aim seemed to be in securing the best interests of those in the home circle, yet the gentle influences of that warm heart and pure mind radiated beyond the bounds of domestic life. Even those who but slightly knew her felt when in her presence that indescribable charm of an evenly-balanced nature, a strongly-poised mind.

The dear heart seemed never to grow faint, nor the little hands weary in their ministrations of love. And it mattered not how tangled and uneven the threads of daily care and duty, under her skillful, patient touch, all were woven into bright bands of beauty, binding together in peace and harmony a united household.

Thus was her life moving evenly along, a new measure of health and strength seemingly added to it, when suddenly the call came for the ready hands and willing feet to cease from their labor of love, that they might be folded for that long rest into which she has entered.

Ah! was it strange that there was darkness when that light went out, or that strong hearts were riven and bowed as by a mighty tempest?

The tender fledglings scarce knew what had so shaken and unsettled their warm nest. Precious orphans! In the years to come, you may wander up and down this wide earth, but never will you find that which you have lost—a mother's love.

May the unseen hand, grasped so lovingly by that mother in the hour of mortal anguish, watch over and guard through all time those little ones, making them His own here, that they, with her, may shine as jewels in the crown of His rejoicing, hereafter.

We laid her to rest in the quiet of a cloudless Sabbath. Slowly and sadly we followed to its narrow home, the dear form. With bowed heads we saw nothing, heard nothing, but the dead leaves of Autumn rustling under our feet. A fitting accompaniment to the low monotone of grief to which every chord of the heart was vibrating. We heard that saddest of earthly sounds, the cold clods, as they fell upon the coffin-lid, keeping time to the mournful words, "Earth to earth, dust to dust, ashes to ashes."

As we turned away from that spot hallowed by those precious remains, we raised our weary heads, to behold a scene which seemed to bring with it heavenly inspiration. A gorgeous sunset had lighted up as with a celestial halo that home of the dead. The bare cold monuments, the leafless trees, even the dead leaves at our feet, were touched with its warm beauty; and suddenly, as by an unseen hand, the discordant, complaining chords of the heart were stirred by a harmony sweeter, and illuminated by a light, fairer, than aught of earth. And there, reflected in that light, stood those glorious promises which before had appeared to our benumbed hearts, as those cold clods, those leafless trees, and withered leaves. Our questionings and murmurings were hushed by the sweet words.

"What I do, thou knowest not now; but thou shalt know hereafter." Hope once more entering into our hearts brought before us that other beacon light. "And it shall come to pass, when I bring a cloud over the earth, that the bow shall been seen in the cloud."

And high over every billow of grief every feeling of gloom and despair, came that song of the ages; those precious words of inspiration, whose light reaches down into the darkest recesses of the heart to cheer and strengthen when faint and weary. "I am the resurrection and the life, he that believeth in Me, though he were dead, yet shall he live."

And so, we give back into the hands of the Father, the life which He fashioned for himself: and though we would linger lovingly over this—another "Mecca" by the wayside, yet we know that we must take up the burden of life and travel on in the dusty highway; but we will not journey wearily, for there will be given to us "songs in the night."

If in the press and turmoil we have but little time to turn to our earthly shrines, yet brighter and stronger shall grow the blessed hope of a reunion with the loved ones who have "gone before;" and when the poignancy of this bitter sorrow shall have passed away from our hearts, we will rejoice that there is another dear one to beckon us on, to the shining shore.

And our passage over the dark river will seem less dreary, cheered as we hope to be by the greeting which awaits us on the "other side."

"Oh, holy and fair! I rejoice thou art there
In that kingdom of light, with its cities of gold:
Where the air thrills with angel hosannas, and where
Thou wilt never grow old, sweet, never grow old."

MRS. L. A. L.

Stockton Avenue.

THE BISHOP'S PROTEST.

A Protest from Bishop Domenec against the Occupancy of Rome.

To-morrow the following letter or address by Bishop Domenec, will be read in the pulpits of the various Catholic churches in the Pittsburgh diocese.

Venerable Brethern of the Clergy and Beloved Children of the Laity:—You are already informed that our Holy Father, Pope Pius the Ninth, on the twentieth of October, issued an Encyclical Letter, suspending the deliberation of the Ecumenical Council. Yet the Holy Father wills and commands that what was decreed and ordained in the Apostolic Letter, dated on the 11th of April, of last year, in which he granted a Plenary Indulgence to all the faithful in the form of a Jubilee, on the occasion of the Ecumenical Council, shall remain in full force and vigor; the prayer "*De Spirito Sancto,*" at the Mass, will continue to be said by the clergy, as prescribed.

We well know, venerable brethren and beloved children, your attachment to the Catholic faith and your devotion to the Holy Father. Therefore, we all approve and indorse the resolutions of protest and indignation adopted by large assemblies of our Catholic brethren against that act of unjust spoliation consummated by the

UNSCRUPULOUS GOVERNMENT OF ITALY.

Yet, in the painful position in which this supreme head of the Church is placed, we have a sacred duty to perform, and this is to pray for the Holy Father. It is true that the gates of hell cannot prevail against the Church, nor the rock upon which it is built; but it is also true that the Church is compared to the boat of the Gospel, exposed to the storms of the winds and the waves—the faithful crew by a fervent prayer awoke our Lord, who, commanding the winds, the sea and the waves, appeased the storm. Now, the winds of the malice of men, and the angry waves of their passions, beat against the boat of Peter, and we by fervent prayers must arouse our Lord, that by the power of His omnipotence he may frustrate the wicked designs and efforts of the

ENEMIES OF HIS VICAR ON EARTH.

We all feel grieved, venerable brethren and beloved children, at the principal cause of suspending the Ecumenical Council, which was the unjust an sacrilegious invasion of the eternal city of Rome and the entire usurpation of temporal power of the holy see, so important for the perfect government of the church. You all know that both in the new and the old world many respectable meetings have been held by the Catholics of large cities to protest against the spoliation of the Holy Father, and to express their idignation at the usurpation of his temporal dominions by the Italian Government, against all laws human and divine.

Again, when Peter in Jerusalem, loaded with chains, was cast into prison, the Church prayed for him, so also we must pray for the happy deliverance of the Holy Father.

Therefore, we do hereby direct that the clergy add the Collect *Pro Papa* at all Masses when the Rubrics permit, and all the faithful on Sundays say five *Paters* and *Aves* either at the end of the Mass, or at the end of the sermon, thus to implore the graces of God on behalf of the spiritual and temporal welfare of the Holy Father.

Lippincott's Magazine.

J. B. Lippincott & Co., one of the largest publishing houses in America, have brought their great monthly up to a point of excellence and value which challenges comparison with the best home or foreign periodicals of its class. The number for January, 1871, (which is no better than many of its predecessors) presents a table of contents of surpassing richness in quantity, quality, and variety of matter, and the publishers—noted for keeping all their pledges—as appears from their advertisement in this paper, promise that in the seventh volume, beginning with the new year, there will be an *increased* amount of popular reading of a refined and literary character; also, of recent information and of sound views on matters of general interest. Illustrations by eminent artists will, as usual, embellish each number. We refer our readers to their advertisement for terms, club rates, etc.

Superior to all Others.

The Singer Machine leads every other in popular favor, because it is the best family machine before the public. One of the chief advantages is, that it is supplied with bobbins ready wound for the under thread as cheaply as thread can be purchased on spools, and being perfectly wound, these bobbins secure neat and uniform stitch. Call at the agency of Straw & Morton, No. 20 Sixth street.

INDUSTRIAL.

A MACHINE boot and shoe shop is to be started in Johnstown.

THE iron ore mine recently discovered in Lanesborough, Mass., has been leased for twenty-five years by experienced miners. The Colby ore bed, in the same town, is producing ten tons or more of iron a day.

THE two furnaces of the Grove Bros., at Deanville, Pa., are producing about thirty-six tons of iron per day. They use ten or twelve different varieties of ore, all of which, as well as the coal, are mined by the firm.

THE new smelting works in Omaha will be completed in about a month. There will be five furnace stacks, the leading one fifty-five feet high, the second thirty-five feet, and the balance of a capacity for reducing naked ore to pure silver.

THERE has been filed at the Ohio Secretary of State's office, Columbus, the certificate of application for the increase of capital stock of the "Alliance Rolling Mill" from $350,000 to $440,000. The petitioners are a majority of the Directors.

THE Chillicothe, Ohio, Rolling Mill Company has just filed at Columbus its certificate of incorporation. The capital stock is $150,000, divided into shares of $50 each. The company is located at Chillicothe, Ohio, and the corporators are James Bouiger, L. J. Delano, Isaiah Lord, Wm. Poland, Edwin P. Safford, and Amos Smith.

MARSHALL & CO., St. Louis, who were established in 1863, are now building a new foundry, 84x100 feet, with two cupolas and one air furnace, and propose to employ from 40 to 50 tons of Missouri pig iron daily. Their machine shop is 200x40 feet, three stories, and they use a steam engine of their own manufacture, of 75 horse power.

THE Union Rolling Mill Company of Chicago, have completed plans, and have determined on the construction of works with a capacity for the manufacture of 100 tons of ingot steel per day. They will at once commence the erection of a building 150x250 feet, fire proof, composed of brick, iron, and slate roof, at a cost of $500,000. It is expected the works will be ready for operation the coming spring. The manufacture of Bessemer steel is fast growing in importance.

THE Uniontown, Pa., *Genius* says: Mr. Geo. A. Thompson, the head man of the company owning the Fairchance Iron Works, returned to town on Monday after a short absence in the West. We understood he is going to take possession at once of the property purchased of Hon. John Dawson, west of town, and give his attention to the proposed enlargement of the Iron Works, and the immediate construction of the Uniontown & West Virginia Railroad. He is a gentleman of large wealth and experience, and a most important acquisition to our town and county.

THE Vulcan Iron Works, Richmond, are extensively engaged in the manufacture of hot-pressed nuts, wrought iron washers, log screws, machine bolts, carriage bolts, plough bolts, bolt-ends, bridge and roof bolts, boiler rivets and plough cuffs. Another department comprises screws for tobacco, cotton and cider presses, flattening mills and cider fixtures, tobacco and stem cutters, iron railings of all kinds, and iron works for buildings. Owing to their improved machinery, a boy can turn out about 4,000 nuts per day. There is in connection with the nut and bolt factory a machine and blacksmith shop.

THE Wadsworth Iron Works, Buffalo, N. Y., consist of a rolling mill, containing 16 double puddling furnaces, 14 heating furnaces, with 7 trains of rolls. They manufacture shafting 6½ diameter, bar iron, plate iron and iron girder beams. Length of mill, 600 feet, with two wings, one of 150 feet, the other 100. They have two machine shops, with facilities for building iron boats. They have also three blast furnaces and an iron warehouse. Produce of the mill, 25,000 tons rails and bar iron per annum. Capacity of blast furnaces, 10,000 tons each. They employ 900 men. They own 52 acres of land, upon which these works and the works of the Kellogg Bridge Co. are located.

AN attempt is to be made to manufacture silks in New York or its vicinity on a scale never yet attempted. The war has paralyzed the silk business in France, and even were there to be a declaration of peace to-morrow, nothing would be done there for some time. A French firm which has an agency here proposes to bring some of its workmen to New York and start a factory, where it will turn out goods equal to those which it imports. The cocoons and the eggs will be brought from Japan, and experiments will be made immediately to see if the worms can be fed on the aliantbus trees. A movement will be made in Congress for a higher duty on imported silks, so as to protect the manufacture of silk in America.

Cure of Consumption.

The cure of a disease of a consumptive kind necessarily prompts a doubt in the mind, as most people have been taught to believe it of an incurable nature, and as long as this is believed to be the case people will be loth to do anything for its relief, rather trusting to the merciful doings of nature than to bad doctoring. Dr. Keyser reports two (well marked) cases of pulmonary disease, one on Liberty street, and the other in Manchester; both these persons, if applied to, will substantiate the facts in a way so forcibly as to put all doubt out of the question; yet with all this, people daily yield up their lives to the fell destroyer, accounting themselves vanquished at the first approach of the disease. What we say to persons of a consumptive habit, or with the disease fastened on their system, is that it costs but a trifle to try a bottle of Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure, which will convince more than columns of advertising. The Doctor makes the medicine, and if you wish, can examine your lungs from top to bottom, and accurately point out their unhealthy places. He may be seen from 9 A. M. until 1 P. M., at his new office, 167 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. If your druggist does not keep it send five dollars to Dr. Keyser, and he will send four bottles securely boxed, by express, with full directions how to use it.

Wooden Bobbins.

A great objection heretofore urged against sewing machines making the lock-stich, has been that the under thread required to be rewound upon bobbins—an operation requiring time, skill and patience. The Singer Company now furnish thread ready wound, on bobbins, as cheaply as the operator can buy it on the ordinary spools. Being perfectly wound, the bobbins insures a more uniform and perfect stich than can by made without them. The bobbins are not used on any other than the Singer machines.

RADICAL CURE Rupture Truss at Dr Keysers 167 Liberty street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ METHODIST CHURCH, Brownsville, Pa., (Bridgeport side, on the hill.) S. F. CROWTHER, Pastor. Services EVERY SABBATH at usual hours. Public cordially invited.

☞ NEW JERUSALEM CHURCH, corner of Wood and Sixth streets. PUBLIC LECTURE on SUNDAY EVENING, December 4th, at 7½ P. M. SUBJECT: The Spiritual World.

☞ UNIVERSALIST CHURCH, Rev. WM. N. VAN DE MARK, Pastor. Sunday Evening Lectures on Familiar Proverbs. Subject for SUNDAY EVENING, Dec. 18th: "A Good Name is rather to be Chosen than Great Riches." A cordial invitation to all. Ushers in attendance.

☞ FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH, corner Beaver street and Montgomery avenue, Allegheny City, JOSEPH KING, Pastor. Preaching TO-MORROW (Lord's Day) at 10½ A.M. and 7½ P. M. Subject in the Evening: "The Spiritual Import of Baptism." Seats entirely free and an invitation to all.

☞ NOTICE.—I. O. O. F.—MECHANICS LODGE, No. 9.—The members of MECHANICS LODGE are hereby notified to meet at Curtis Hall, THIS MORNING, at 9 o'clock, sharp, to attend the funeral of our late Brother, SAMUEL B. VOIGHT. Members of sister Lodges are respectfully invited.
W. F. CALDWELL, N. G.
GEO. BOOTH, Secretary. del7

☞ EIGHTH U. P. CHURCH—OPENING SERVICES.—Opening services will be held TO-MORROW in the lecture room of the New Eighth United Presbyterian Church, corner of Van Braam and Locust streets, Sixth ward. There will be three services, as follows:
Rev. J. S. SANDS, Pastor, to preach in the morning at 10½ o'clock.
Rev. T. H. HANNA, of the Second U. P. Church in the afternoon at 3 o'clock.
Rev. W. J. REID, of the First U. P. Church, in the evening at 7½ o'clock.
Collections will be taken up in aid of the Building Fund.

OFFICE
PITTSBURGH, VIRGINIA & CHARLESTON R.R.Co.
Pittsburgh, December 17, 1870.
☞ THE ANNUAL MEETING OF the "Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston Railway Company, (formerly Monongahela Valley Railroad,) will be held at their office, No. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, second floor of M. & M. Bank Building, on the SECOND MONDAY, the 9th day of JANUARY, 1871, between the hours of 12 M. and 3 P. M., for the purpose of electing a President, Vice President and Seven Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before them.
J. K. JAQUES,
del7:j55 Secretary.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
December 17, 1870.
NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Grading and Paving POPLAR ALLEY, from Logan to Elm street, and the Grading of CASSAT STREET, from Clift to Arch street, is now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until MONDAY, December 26, 1870, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's Office for collection.
H. J. MOORE,
del7 City Engineer.

THERE IS NO CHRISTMAS PRESENT more acceptable
THAN A WATCH AND CHAIN, OR A PAIR OF BRACELETS, OR SET OF JEWELRY, OR SLEEVE BUTTONS, OR DIAMOND RING, OR ANYTHING IN THE JEWELRY LINE.
You will find one of the finest assortments in the city of above goods, and at the very LOWEST PRICES, at
WATTLES & SHEAFER'S,
del7 101 FIFTH AVENUE.

FURNITURE
OF THE LATEST DESIGN. THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF
Parlor, Chamber and Dining Room
FURNITURE,
In the city, at REDUCED PRICES. Also, the unrivalled SPRING BED LOUNGE. Nothing like it to save room.
T. B. YOUNG & CO.,
del7:j10 21 SMITHFIELD ST.

JOS. M. GAZZAM. JNO. SHANNON. WM. H. LOWE.
J. M. Gazzam & Co.,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW, AND SOLICITORS IN EQUITY AND BANKRUPTCY.
OFFICE: No. 96 FIFTH AVENUE,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Professional business attended to in all the Federal, State and County Courts, including Patent and Admiralty Cases. Titles examined, Conveyancing promptly executed. Collections made throughout the United States through reliable correspondents. del7

WEST COMMON
Machine Stone Works,
Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.
FRED'K ATVATER & CO.,
Have on hand or prepare on short notice, Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c.
Orders promptly executed on reasonable terms.
del7:j55

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR THE
HOLIDAYS,
1870-'71.
J. B. DODGE,
Bookseller,
No. 68 Fifth Avenue,
(SECOND FLOOR.)
(Next door to the Opera House.)
Invites attention to his fine assortment of
PRESENTATION BOOKS,
Comprising the latest issues of the American and English press, elegantly bound and illustrated.
FINE EDITIONS OF THE
STANDARD AUTHORS.
Books for the Young,
BY THE BEST AUTHORS.
TOY BOOKS,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
Family and Pocket Bibles,
Prayer Books,
Writing Desks,
Portfolios,
Library Inkstands,
Backgammon Boards,
Chess and Chess Boards,
Fancy Goods and Fine Stationery.
His stock is all fresh, having been purchased within the present month, and will be disposed of at THE LOWEST PRICES. del7:155

HOLIDAY GOODS!
For the purpose of reducing our Winter Stock, we have made special reductions in all the departments, and now offer a superior assortment of Winter Dry Goods at exceedingly Low Prices. An examination of our stock is solicited.
BELL & MOORHOUSE,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
del7:136

Fine Watches
Meyran & Siedle
42 Fifth St.
Pittsburgh, Pa.

Have just opened expressly for the Holidays an unusual large and elegant assortment of Fine Jewelry, Silver Ware, Diamonds, Bronzes, etc., all of which are entirely FRESH and NEW. No OLD STYLES or last year are displayed amongst our stock; everything is of the LATEST and RICHEST DESIGNS, and our Prices are so reasonable as to induce any one to buy who but examines our assortment.
del7:j56

A. LEGGATE'S
Real Estate and Stock Exchange,
159 FEDERAL STREET,
Will present to intending buyers of Real Estate, an unusually attractive List, on
Monday Evening, Dec. 19th.
The following Auction Sales of
REAL ESTATE AND STOCKS
WILL TAKE PLACE AT 7½ O'CLOCK.
House and Lot, 24 North Canal St.
House and Lot, 74 Ledlie Street.
8¼ Years' Lease of 155 Federal St.
— shares Pleasant Valley Railway.
— shares Diamond Savings Bank.
Complete descriptions will be given of improved property in all the leading avenues in the city of the highest interest to all contemplating the purchase of residences in the city.
Sellers of Real Estate will find A. Leggate's Exchange a first-class medium, as it affords the most extended publicity possible.
A. LEGGATE,
del7:j35 AUCTIONEER.

D. W. EVANS'
Holiday Goods
ARE ARRANGED IN
10c., 25c., 50c., 75c., $1, $1.50, $2,
And Miscellaneous Departments.
It is the cheapest Department Store in the city.
No. 59 Fifth Avenue.
del6 MASONIC HALL BUILDING.

W. P. HUNKER & CO.,
WHOLESALE
CONFECTIONERS,
And dealers in FOREIGN FRUITS, CANDY and SUGAR TOYS, NUTS, CIGARS, and
Prize Packages.
Nos. 222 and 224 LIBERTY STREET,
Corner Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DWELLING HOUSES FOR SALE.—On Centre avenue, Colwell street, Franklin street, Fulton street, Elm street, Second avenue, Grant street, Roberts street, Eighth street, Fifteenth street, Sycamore street, Bertha street, Collins avenue, Spring street, Carrol street, Boundry street, Webster street, Sumner street, Ferry street, Third avenue, Shady avenue, [illegible] and in other locations. Houses for $1,000 and upward. Apply to
S. CUTHBERT & SON,
del4 [illegible] Smithfield street.

500 BBLS. PURE WEST VA. OIL, 300 bbls Natural Lubricating Oil; 200 bbls Head-Light Oil, 150 degrees test; In store and for sale by
PITTSBURGH OIL CO.,
no14 [illegible] Penn street.

$100,000 TO LOAN ON MORTGAGES SECURED BY REAL ESTATE, in large or small sums. Apply to
[illegible]
Lock Box 88,
Pittsburgh P. O.

SUNDRIES—
[illegible] Feathers.
[illegible] Bags Dry Peaches.
[illegible] Bags Dry Apples.
To arrive by rail for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

GREASE—16 barrels white to arrive for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE
BEGIN WITH THE NEW VOLUME.
Lippincott's Magazine,
AN ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY OF
Popular Literature and Science.
NOW READY.
THE JANUARY NUMBER,
ESPECIALLY SUITED TO THE HOLIDAYS.
COMMENCING THE NEW VOLUME.
With Two Fine Full-Page Engravings.
CONTENTS:
I. THE RED FOX. A beautiful and pathetic story, containing a striking picture of Indian character. By CLARA F. GUERNSEY. Illustrated.
II. AN AMERICAN'S CHRISTMAS IN PARIS. A lively sketch of the embarrassments of an American unacquainted with French. By CELIA LOGAN KELLOGG.
III. WHOM ALL THINGS NAME. A poem.
IV. THE PANHELLENIC DREAM. A masterly article upon the Eastern question. Rich curious facts and novel views. By STEPHEN POWERS.
V. A TRIP TO DAHOMEY. An interesting account of the only visit ever made by an American to the City of Abomey. In Two Parts. Part I. By J. W. WATSON.
VI. HATHAWAY STRANGE; or, THE SECOND OF JANUARY. A spirited and captivating story. In Two Parts. Part I.
VII. LIFE. A poem. By M. H. K.
VIII. SCRIBBLES ABOUT RIO. A very able and interesting article, replete with anecdotes of the Imperial family and court. By ROBERT M. WALSH, formerly Secretary of Legation at the Court of Brazil.
IX. IRENE. Part IV. An entertaining story of Southern life. Illustrated.
X. MY HOUSEKEEPING IN ROME. A description of domestic life in the Eternal City. By PAULINE S. HERBY.
XI. THE INDUSTRIAL AND FINANCIAL EFFECTS OF THE FRANCO PRUSSIAN WAR. A valuable and exhaustive paper, distinguished for the accuracy of its statements and the fulness of its details. By DAVID A. WELLS, late Special Commissioner of the Revenue.
XII. OLD AND NEW. A poem. By EDGAR FAWCETT.
XIII. BOYS. A very amusing sketch. By A. G. PENN.
XIV. OUR MONTHLY GOSSIP—Charles IX. of Denmark—Young Russia—Some Recollections of Thackeray—M. Guizot—Pulings.
XV. LITERATURE OF THE DAY.
The Seventh Volume of this Magazine begins with the JANUARY number, and the conductors feel justified in stating that the arrangements already made, with those still in progress, for the coming year, are such as will enable them to furnish an increased amount of POPULAR READING IN THE BEST AND MOST EMPHATIC SENSE.
Their great object and constant aim will be to supply the public with LITERARY ENTERTAINMENT OF A REFINED AND VARIED CHARACTER, as well as to present in a graphic and striking manner THE MOST RECENT INFORMATION AND SOUNDEST VIEWS ON SUBJECTS OF GENERAL INTEREST.
A larger space than heretofore will be devoted to OUR MONTHLY GOSSIP, which will be enriched with short and lively articles on persons of note, incidents of the day, and other novel or amusing topics. Reviews and Book Notices, written with ability and entire independence, will be included in the LITERATURE OF THE DAY.
Illustrations designed by distinguished artists and engraved in the highest style will accompany each number.
TERMS—Yearly subscriptions, $4. Single Number, 35 cents.
CLUB RATES—Two Copies, $7; Five Copies, $16; Ten Copies, $30; and each additional copy, $3.
SPECIMEN NUMBERS mailed to any address on receipt of price.
Lippincott's Magazine Clubbed.
With THE SUNDAY MAGAZINE, a valuable monthly of Recreation and Instruction, profusely illustrated, edited by Dr. Thomas Guthrie, $6.50.
With GOOD WORDS, a profusely illustrated Magazine of General Literature, edited by Norman Macleod, D.D., $5.75.
With GOOD WORDS FOR THE YOUNG, a profusely Illustrated Magazine for Young People, edited by George MacDonald, LL.D. $5.50.
J. B. Lippincott & Co.,
PUBLISHERS,
del7 715 and 717 Market St., Philadelphia.

ADVERTISEMENTS on this page under the several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, TO-LET &c., will be inserted at transient rates only—TEN CENTS per line for each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than THIRTY CENTS.

WANTS.

WANTED—BOARDING—By a lady in a small, private family, with the comforts of a home, in Pittsburgh preferred. References given and required. Address C. C., GAZETTE OFFICE. de15

WANTED—By the Iron City Mutual Life Insurance Company, a CANVASSER to canvass from a home office. Apply to or address DANIEL SWOGER, General Agent of the Company, 10½ Sixth (late St. Clair) Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. del7:j55

WANTED.—BOARDERS.—A Gentleman and LADY, or two or three young gentlemen can be accommodated with Boarding, at No. 20 ANDERSON ST., Allegheny City, near the Bridge. 12-13

WANTED.—To rent, by January 1st, a SMALL OFFICE, furnished or unfurnished. State lowest price. Address ALLEN, GAZETTE office. 12-13

WANTED—BOARDERS, at No. 18 WYLIE STREET. Also, ROOMS to let. Within 3 minutes' walk of Postoffice. 12-13

WANTED.—A Good Steady Girl, or Middle-aged Woman, who understands general housework. Apply at No. 83 WEST STREET, Allegheny. 12-13

WANTED—A HOUSE, furnished preferred, in Allegheny, East Liberty, or West Penn street, Pittsburgh. Small family and no children. First-class references. Best [illegible]. Address X., GAZETTE office. 12-13

WANTED.—A Purchaser for one of the best HOTELS in the city; large house and low rent. Will be sold at a bargain. Good reasons for selling. Call at No. 344 LIBERTY ST., Pittsburgh, Pa. 12-13

WANTED.—MORTGAGES.—$25,000 to invest, in large or small amounts, on city or country property.
THOMAS K. PETTY,
no15 170 Smithfield street.

WANTED—MORTGAGES.—$30,000 to Loan in large or small amounts on property in Allegheny county at a fair rate of interest. CHARLES SOMERS,
Real Estate Agent, 99 Grant street.

WANTED—To Iron Men. General Manager for a leading IRON AND NAIL WORKS, now in successful operation at Rome, Georgia, with ready sale for products in home market.
Applicant must be responsible and prepared to take any ($25,000) twenty-five thousand dollars interest in the works.
Address WRIGHT, SCHMIDT & CO.,
de13:j35 Atlanta, Georgia.

WANTED.—Girls for the city and country, to do cooking, housework, &c.; several men and boys with reference want places of all descriptions, city or country; laboring men want work at low wages; several coal and ore miners want work at reasonable rates; families wanting servants of all descriptions will be supplied on short notice; competent girls with reference are furnished with situations. Apply at Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth street, (formerly St. Clair,) first door from Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—VERY CHEAP.—A One HORSE SPRING WAGON, at No. 67 North Avenue, Allegheny city.
12-16 T. J. MUNDEN.

FOR SALE.—A Grocery Store doing a good business in a good location. Address BOX 71, West Newton, Pa.

FOR SALE—SAFE.—A Large and excellent SAFE for sale cheap. Inquire at No. 83 Fourth avenue, second story. 12-16

FOR SALE.—A NEW BRICK HOUSE with French Roof, seven rooms good cellar, all in good order, on Fulton street, near Caldwell street. Price $9,300. Inquire at the house, or W. WILTON, Allegheny. 12-16

FOR SALE.—The best building lots in the 16th and 17th wards, and in nearly all the different streets.
HOUSES AND LOTS
in different localities. Terms easy. Insurance in the best companies and at fair rates.
D. S. WILLIAMS,
del7 Butler near 40th street.

FOR SALE—At a Bargain. Three Pairs of Four Foot FRENCH BURR MILL STONES in good order; also a large lot of Grist Mill Machinery and Wrought Iron Shafting, Steam Engines and Boilers, new and second hand, will be sold very low for cash.
Enquire of HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,
Cor. Point alley and Duquesne Way,
de13:j32 Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—COAL WORKS.—300 Acres, Railroad, Houses, Pit Wagons, [illegible] Tools, Boats and Fixtures in running order. [illegible] for cash or trade for property, or will lease the same; situated on the Ohio river. Other property of all kinds in the city. 20 acres with improvements, 16 miles on the Central Railroad. Also, property in Sharpsburg and in the city and [illegible]. Enquire of WILLIAM WARD,
del5 110 Grant St., opposite the Cathedral.

FOR SALE.
EXTRA No. 1 and No. 2 LARD OIL,
LUBRICATING OILS, &c.
Also, PRIME FAMILY LARD, in tierces, barrels and buckets, at lowest rates.
JAS. DALZELL & SON,
oc4:h19 69 and 70 Water street.

FOR SALE.
ON 44th STREET.—Two Handsome Brick Dwellings of 7 and 8 rooms respectively. Lots [illegible] by 120 and 25 by 127.
ON [illegible] STREET.—One very fine two story Brick Dwelling of 9 rooms. Lot 24 by 127.
ON BUTLER STREET.—One Handsome Brick Dwelling of 7 rooms and finished attic. Lot [illegible].
ON 45th STREET.—Two very fine lots 20 and 25 by 120.
ON [illegible] STREET.—An elegant Lot 40 by 100.
Farms, House Lots of all descriptions, and Money in sums of $500 to $5,000 [illegible].
[illegible]
no5 Cor. Penn and 38th streets.

FOR SALE.—One of the most profitable and safe investments now offered in this city is the property of the subscriber, situated in the 17th ward, containing 6 acres, and fronting [illegible] 67th, 46th, 41st and Centre streets, and will subdivide into 150 city lots, with wide streets and alleys. The improvements are a large Brick Dwelling House, with 13 rooms, a large barn, hot house, [illegible] other outbuildings, with abundance of [illegible]. If not sold before the first of February, the property will be offered for sale [illegible] and [illegible]. [illegible] of I. R. DUFF, Esq., 101 Fifth avenue, or [illegible] on the premises.
If not rented or sold a number of lots will be offered for lease for ten years on Centre [illegible] with the privilege of the lessee to purchase at their market value at the expiration of [illegible].
SAMUEL [illegible]

FOR SALE.
Valuable Property,
Known as the Coulter and Dale Rolling Mill and Nail Factory, in the Third Ward, City of Allegheny, Pa., containing 55 Acres, adjoining the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad, convenient to the Depot on Dee street. On the premises are large Buildings, suitable for manufacturing purposes, with good water power and two large Water Wheels, a good Grist Mill with 4 Run of Stone, in good order, in full operation. Several Dwelling Houses, a large Warehouse, a Mill [illegible] on Dee street, a [illegible] in good condition, two Dry Kilns, a large [illegible].
For particulars, inquire of
CHAS. A. NOLAN, [illegible]
Steel Oil and Manufacturing Company, Office at the Barrel Factory, [illegible].

HE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
f Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
rner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

SATURDAY, DEC. 17, 1870.

BONDS at Frankfort [illegible]

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 50½.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday [illegible]

THE number of Negro emigrants trans orted to Liberia during the past year as 192, the majority of whom were from orth Carolina.

WE PUBLISH in another column another tter from our European correspondent, r. James V. Long, which will be found ry interesting.

FROM the New York Fire Marshal's re ort we learn that one hundred and six en fires were caused during the past ar by kerosene.

THE Post asserts "the world moves." We are pleased to learn it has at long last ccepted this Republican idea, and got d of its [illegible] that the world ands still.

THE FORCE in the Freedmens Bureau as been reduced from 158 to 87. In ery report received of the operations of e Administration, retrenchment and re rm are exhibited.

THE Boston Post praises the platform tely adopted in Connecticut by the De ocratic party. Democratic platforms are ood enough, but the Democratic party ver gets on them, but under them.

THE corner stone of a new Jewish emple was laid in New York city at the rner of Lexington avenue and Fifty th street, on Wednesday. During the st month $70,000 was subscribed for s new edifice.

THEY HAVE been playing Uncle Tom's abin on the boards of a theater in Rich ond, Virginia. It has had a run, and en well patronized. Some changes ere made it is true, but the abolitionism the story could not have been altered.

THE Cincinnati Daily Gazette says is understood in Washington that e Commission appointed to inspect e Newport Bridge, will report that the idge, as planned, does not conform to e law, and will recommend the needed anges.

THE King of Holland absolutely re ses to sell Luxembourg to Prussia, d Granville thinks Bismarck is a most asonable man in making any such de and. These little matters of form have l to be gone through with, and then— uxembourg will be ceded.

THE Post eulogizes the resolution of cCreery to restore Arlington to the mily of Robert E. Lee, and assails the ass of Northern soldiers. We always sisted that the pitiful whine over the med applicant for Coroner was a mere ruse got up for effect.

MR. P. F. ROTHERMEL's great paint g, "The Battle of Gettysburg," is fin hed and will be unveiled at the Academy Music, Philadelphia, on Tuesday even g, the 20th inst. This painting is as rted to be one of Mr. Rothermel's best forts, if not his very best, and was inted by the authority of the Legisla re of Pennsylvania, made shortly after e close of the war.

THERE is considerable excitement in ew Hampshire over the coming Guber atorial election. The fight will be quad angular [illegible] was last year. The Bos n Post is not at all jubilant over the pe of victory, but insists if Democracy united the fight is not hopeless. The fficulty about it is, that Democracy is t united, but on the contrary is divided two factions, with too much bitter feel g existing to hope for a reunion.

IT is stated that the family of General e are indignant that McCreery should ve offered his resolution. They state e did so without their knowledge or nsent, and that they have never enter ined the idea of recovering Arlington. cCreery, it is said, is bidding for the overnorship of Kentucky. What must not only his own sense of decency, but e opinion of Kentucky citizens, to make m believe that a bid of such a charac r would render him popular.

A RESOLUTION impeaching Governor olden of North Carolina of high crimes d misdemeanors passed in the house by vote of 60 to 46. The country in a few ys will be thoroughly informed of all e charges against Governor Holden, ough it does seem a little strange that was not thought of during the term of overnor Vance. We suppose, however, overnor Holden will not be charged ith treason as a crime, for that appears be commendable in that State.

DESIROUS that our readers should be oroughly informed with regard to mored changes in the Cabinet, we direct ll their attention to the positive denial ade by our telegrams of the 15th, of y intent on the part of Secretary Bout ell to resign, and the assurance that his lations with the President both person lly and officially are, as heretofore, of a iendly character. Notwithstanding all is, Mr. Boutwell's retirement from the abinet, we think, highly probable.

SAMUEL BARD, Editor of the True eorgian and Governor of Idaho—where e never [illegible], having dropped General rant, has [illegible] hands with the De ocracy, and taken up the cause of offman for President. It is pleasant to now after this wonderful flop-over on rinciple that Samuel has found out the olemn duty of Democracy. We will not rench his laurels from him, but allow m to [illegible] in his own poetic style. amuel says, "The solemn duty of Dem crats is plain. Stand by your ticket." We hope the Democratic party will ap reciate the discovery of Governor Bard.

WE CONFESS FRANKLY that we do not nderstand the object of Mr. Drake's bill. t purports to be the levying of a small mount per centage on the salaries of all overnment clerks as a relief fund in ase of sickness or death among their umber. [illegible] quested to state whether this measure the approbation of the clerks, but [illegible] We cannot, view it so e we may, see the object of this bill. In he first place we cannot imagine what he Government has to do with any such rrangement. [illegible] rivate [illegible] ent to [illegible] the National Soldiers' Home. [illegible] he Government as a collector, nor is there he slightest similarity between the wo cases. Even if the clerks desired it, e do not see what business Congress has with the matter. It may be all right and proper, but while it is enshrouded in so much mystery that no human being an tell what it really means, we shall onclude that it has no good features, or lse they would be exhibited.

A NEW TARIFF PAPER.

An esteemed contemporary of this city [illegible] to establish in [illegible] daily paper to be devoted [illegible] interests. [illegible] expressed ourselves on the subject [illegible] plainly in our Thursday's issue. A contemporary commented on our [illegible] but another [illegible] spice to an alarm felt for the interests of the GAZETTE. The Dispatch remarking on our article, also approvingly, dissents from the idea that the GAZETTE or any other paper is secured, or that there is any thing in the project of a new Tariff paper to disquiet the old papers. This is the true view of the subject. We were far from any emotion of fear at any such project. We were only indignant that the old papers should receive at the hands of our manufactures such a requital of their long and faithful advocacy of a Protective Tariff. We incline rather to laugh at the fatuity of the project of pouring water into a tub already full, and to sneer rather than tremble at the threatened rival. Especially as its originators would most certainly have to spend more in the first year on their pet than they have contributed in the last twenty years on all the old champions of the same cause which during that period have been severally sufficient as the unborn pet would or could or should be. The Pennsylvania Press and the Pittsburgh Press as faithfully and as potential as any part of it, have by their combined influence saved the Tariff for our manufacturers. Where and what would many of them be but for the persistant efforts of the Press? and where and what would the Press be if it had been left to the tender mercies of the new paper men? The GAZETTE owes its position and prosperity to another class of business men almost entirely. With here and there an honorable exception, the manufactures have left the press out in the cold—let them try the new paper expedient by all means—it will prove itself a fountain of useful discoveries, and as useful to us as to them. Try it we say.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

The *Presbyterian* answers the query often propounded as to the true sphere of the Church and what is its field of labor in well chosen words, that everything the Lord was engaged in promoting upon the earth during his brief sojourn among men, the Church may safely follow. While the Lord went among the people, teaching them the will of God, instructing them what they must do to receive the benefits of his death for eternity, and to perform the great duties connected with this life, he exhibited the deepest interest in sufferers, and exerted his power for their relief, visiting houses of mourning and assuaged the pain of bereavement; felt special interest in the poor, took little children to his arms, and sanctified the care of them by parents and by his people, and was always seeking to instruct, to comfort, to elevate, and to save for this life as well as the life to come. It argues that all that Jesus was thus doing while he was here he has committed to his Church to be done during his absence. Until the Lord comes again, his Church is to continue the work which he commenced on earth. It commends organized effort in preference to guerilla warfare. The former insures victory and important results; the latter wastes means and strength, and less good is accomplished.

Sunday afternoon week, at the call of Bishop Wood, of the Catholic diocese of Philadelphia, a mass meeting was held in the great Cathedral on Logan Square, Philadelphia, to protest against "the seizure of the Papal territory and the spoilation of the Holy Father." The speakers were all laymen. Hon. J. R. Chandler, who presented the resolutions, made the first speech, began by saying, "This is not a meeting to discuss the dogmas of our church," it was to consider the political aspects of the great changes which had befallen the church in Italy. While Daniel Dougherty, Esq., was speaking the audience was so aroused by his speech, that the assemblage rose, waved their handkerchiefs, swung their hats, and wakened the echoes of the Cathedral with cheer upon cheer. When the tumult ceased, Mr. Chandler apologized to the Bishop, suggesting that the eloquence of Mr. Dougherty was "remarkable and unusual." The protest adopted by the meeting claims for the Pope his temporal power, on the ground of inherent right and long continued possession. Unanimity on this question does not seem to prevail elsewhere, at least not in New York. Father Preston stated in New York, that the [illegible] of the church do not "desire Italian unity, but [illegible] did, they had no right [illegible] would have been [illegible] it to the powers [illegible] ruled [illegible]"

The question of [illegible] in Philadelphia [illegible] Presbyterian [illegible] been [illegible]

During the [illegible] the Church Extension Society of the Methodist [illegible] church, [illegible] gifts or [illegible] thirty-six different [illegible]

At the annual [illegible] of Plymouth Church, Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, pastor, it was reported that the present membership was nineteen hundred and eighty-two. Pew rents for the year fifty six thousand dollars.

According to a correspondent of the *United Presbyterian*, in an article on the question: "Is it right to marry, or be married on Sunday?" the ground is taken that it is not.

The position of the New York State Convention of Baptist Churches has just been defined on the adoption of the new Constitution, as follows: We understand by the term regular Baptist Church, a church which is Congregational in polity and Calvinistic in substance of doctrine, and which maintains the immersion of believers as the initiatory rite of a visible church, and restricts the Lord's Supper, that ordinance of the church, to those who have been thus initiated into a body of baptized believers and become subject to their discipline.

It is asserted that over ninety per cent. of the large membership of ten hundred and sixty-nine, in fellowship in the Second Baptist Church, of Chicago, are in working relation to it. Last year it raised nearly fifty thousand dollars for home and benevolent purposes. The *Advance* says it never descends to fairs, concerts or anything of the sort to raise money, but gives out and out, what is needed.

The best news from West Point of recent date is, that the religious influences are steadily growing stronger. Several of the officers, and Gen. Upton, the new commander, and his accomplished sister, throw the whole weight of their influence and constant effort towards promoting a Christian life and spirit among the students.

Of the graduates of eight colleges, founded by Congregationalists, in New England, during fifty years, preceding 1865, twenty-five per cent. entered the ministry. For five years, since the first was thirty per cent.; second, thirty-five per cent.; third, twenty-seven per cent.; fourth, twenty per cent.; fifth, eighteen per cent.

The Welsh clergymen recently held [illegible] in New York. They call it the Dyngwydga Dyrgwylgh.

A Presbyterian Church was dedicated at Utah, on Sunday, 20th ult. It is a handsome building, thirty-six by sixty feet. Everything in style, with a central tower. The church needs furnishing, and a call is made for help. Donations will be received by E. Johnson, Corrinne, Utah.

The Roman Catholic Bishop of Quincy has excommunicated, for the period of one year, nearly the entire congregation of the church of New Albany, for raising [illegible] in opposition to the will of the priests.

The Lutheran Synod of Maryland, at its recent session in Emmettsburgh, resolved to receive no student as beneficiary who indulges in the use of tobacco.

Persons who have watched the announcements of Mr. Lenox's gifts of late years will agree with Dr. Cuyler, in his article on systematic giving, that Mr. James Lenox, of New York, has during the past thirty years contributed [illegible] to various benefices [illegible] than did Mr. Peabody, by his half dozen single and very large donations.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE.

The Funeral of a Royal Duchess—The Lying in State—The Interment and the Requiem—The Birth of a Young Prince—French Prisoners in Saxony—Their New Quarters There—Unpleasant Notoriety—Occupation, Appearance and Treatment—Grim Guards—The Hospitals—American Women in Dresden—Reliability of Prussian Bulletins—Feeling Regarding the war.

[From our own Correspondent.]

DRESDEN, SAXONY, Nov. 23.—I rather regret not being able to send you some such interesting account of a chat with Bismarck or other personage of like distinction as did you rfunny "Interviewer at Large" in his letter to the GAZETTE some weeks ago. But then you know I am a great distance from the seat of war, and no opportunity has presented itself for me to summon a like amount of journalistic "brass" (if that term be not too personal) which article, I presume, is always characteristic of an energetic interviewer, a title truly merited in the case of your correspondent who took a lunch with the worthy Chancellor, and inquired so particularly into his domestic affairs as well as the political state of the country.

To give you a description of the Saxon capital, with its many grand places of attraction, I fear would be but a repetition of many letters by numerous travelers and writers, so I think I must deviate from the general course of chosen subjects and will merely write of passing events local to the vicinity, while in this letter I will give an account of the treatment of French prisoners in Germany.

A ROYAL CORPSE.

It was some weeks after my arrival in Dresden that the Princess Amelia died and as the ceremonies connected with the death and burial of a member of the royal family are of a very interesting nature. I will make a brief account of the same.

After the Princess died, her body was laid out in state in the main palace of the King. The numerous gates were all guarded, there being but one entrance selected for the public to pass through. This created great confusion, as a vast crowd continually thronged the small doorway. But after being pretty well jostled about in the mass, I succeeded in gaining an entrance. I then passed up a large marble stairway and through a massive hall or corridor, where a line of soldiers stood in full dress—also various attendants belonging to the palace, who were endeavoring to preserve the utmost stillness on all sides. From this we were ushered into a large, square room, which was draped entirely in black, on the sides were placed large silver candlesticks, about three feet high, all containing lights; a small, dark passage was then entered, this bringing us into the chamber where the Duchess Amelia was laid out. On a sort of platform stood a massive coffin containing the body, which was dressed in a white satin shroud; at her side were arrayed large lights, similar to those I described before; beside these stood four guards, on either side, with drawn swords, and in the background another line of soldiers. This room, I may add, was draped similarly to the one first entered, the light of day being entirely shut out, and the dim flickering of the candles threw a gloomy cast on the surrounding scene. The public were allowed to take a passing glance, and then depart in another direction from the castle.

LAST SAD RITES.

In the evening of the same day the body was placed in the vault of the Royal Cathedral, at these services only the family was in attendance. On the following morning, the Cathedral was thrown open to the public, when high mass was read, at the same time Mozart's Requiem was performed by two hundred voices. The King and Queen occupied a small chamber at the left of the church, and other members of the household were in other places near by. The services occupied about three hours, and the performance of the sacred rites before the high altar, with the mournful, but beautiful strains of the Requiem, blending the tones of a powerful organ, and the fumes of incense filling the vast auditory, made it in all, a scene of imposing grandeur and solemnity. The Duchess, whose death I note, was a sister of the present King John of Saxony, a lady of very high literary attainments, and possessing many beautiful traits of character.

A ROYAL BABY.

And now, while I tell you of ceremonies connected with a death, I can also note the rejoicings over the birth of a Prince. About a week ago I was startled by the loud, quick booming of cannon. I hastened to make inquiry as to the cause, wondering if it could really be in honor of the event we are all now waiting so patiently for, but I found a Prince had been born, and they would go through the usual course of illumination. The chief topic of the day was that royal baby, and at night a rather weak attempt, as I thought, was made at a display. Large, glaring lights were placed in the various squares, and carriages could be seen continually hurrying towards the castle; but as there was nothing particularly attractive in all this, I ventured to remark to a friend: "You surely don't call this a very gorgeous illumination?" "Well, no," he replied, "but when our first Prince was born we had a display of dazzling splendour; since then we have had to light up every year for a similar purpose, and that event was several years ago. So you see we grow weary in getting merry on occasions like this." Yet all the Saxons, I know, were quite glad to hear the news. Much more so the royal father (Prince George, of Saxony) who is now before Paris, and in honor of the event he gave a handsome donation to the wounded soldiers and fatherless children of the war. And that night at Versailles the staff of his Royal Highness gathered around him, and all united in drinking the health of the "youngest Prince."

FRENCH PRISONERS.

But to hasten to the French prisoners. After the capitulation of Sedan, a large host of men had to be sent into various parts of Germany to be fed, clothed and cared for generally and with the surrender of Strasburg and Metz, with many other minor fortresses, the number has been greatly swelled, and at the present writing there are, in round numbers, 490,000 prisoners of war scattered through Germany. Of this number 20,000 are kept in Dresden, and it is only of these I can speak. The plan of treating prisoners of war, as agreed upon by France and Prussia, was to be the same. So Prussians held in France are supposed to be as well cared for as Frenchmen in Prussia. The number of the former, however, held in that condition (prisoners) is quite small and France is not compelled to exert herself very much, in fulfilling any agreement.

NOVELTY WORN AWAY.

It was during the early part of September, when the first batch of prisoners arrived at Dresden; and although Frenchmen are like most any other set of beings, (excepting the Turcos,) they interested this community about as much as a traveling menagerie would a country town, while passing through for the first time. Crowds would assemble at the stations to witness the arrival, and crowds would follow them as they marched to the garrison, and squads could be seen standing all day long watching the unfortunate fellows as they looked through their prison windows to see a little of the outside world, considering themselves, as I imagine, very highly flattered, to know they furnished such objects of admiration—but these were the common soldiers. The higher officers were not quite so fond of the public gaze, yet found themselves, too often, subjected to a vast deal of embarrassment, but in a somewhat different way from their inferiors. All officers above a corporal, are permitted to board through the city and go about at will. So it was only necessary for a Frenchman to make his appearance in one of the thoroughfares, and he would be immediately furnished with a staff of dirty-faced juveniles, who would follow him wherever he went. If he stepped into a store to make a purchase they would wait patiently till he came out, and then resume the march to the utter disgust of the gentlemanly Frenchman. The Turcos probably received more attention than their brother officers, for their bright red uniforms and odd looking turbans formed great attractions for the young ones I speak of, and a crowd would surround a Turco on all occasions, and couldn't think of leaving his side till he departed for home. Small crowds like this would, of course, attract universal attention, and it soon became so obnoxious to the poor fellows that they abandoned the principal streets for some time. But like every other novelty, it soon wore off, and now the prisoners go wherever they wish, and no person seems to regard them; even the little street runners don't care a bit for Turcos. A few days ago I was fortunate enough to be among the few and favored who were allowed the privilege of visiting the prisoners in their "rustic" home.

A VISIT TO THE PRISON.

During the first few weeks the French were in Dresden, visitors were allowed to enter the garrison, especially if they had friends there. So one day some ladies passed in for the purpose of distributing some little articles among their friends, and while doing so they thought it would be very nice to include a revolver or two, and some dirk knives; doubtless, to give their friends a chance to shoot down an unsuspecting guard. But luckily after the dear creatures had left, the weapons were discovered and immediately an order was issued allowing no stranger whatever to enter. But through the influence of Mr. O. H. Irish, U. S. Consul at this place, I obtained permission to inspect the barracks and inquire into the treatment of the inmates. These barracks I speak of, have been erected by the prisoners themselves. It was found a garrison would not be large enough to contain the whole number, and for several other reasons, the authorities concluded to remove them. So every day large squads, under heavy guard, would go out to work, remain all day, and return again in the evening, and now all have been completed, and they are nicely quartered in their temporary home. To feed and guard carefully 20,000 men is attended by no little amount of trouble and expense, and although we have every reason to believe the greater part of the number are quite well contented with their treatment, a constant vigil has to be kept over them night and day, in order to prevent escape or sudden revolt. The barracks are thrown in a long line near the river Elbe, a mile distant from the city; the whole space occupied being about thirteen acres. They are divided into several compartments, each containing one thousand men, and in these are long rows of thatched huts, which answer for their shelter, and are very comfortable and well ventilated. They are all compelled to rise at seven o'clock in the morning, when breakfast is given them. This consists of soup, bread and coffee; for dinner they receive fresh meat every day, vegetables and white bread; supper again gives them soup and coffee, and nine o'clock is the hour for retiring. I will here take occasion to make a remark about bread. When the prisoners first began living on German diet, they found the schwartz brod (black bread) of the country very distasteful to them, and soon made complaint. In a short time they were furnished with the regular white bread, and it has been given them ever since, large bakeries having been instituted for this special purpose. This, I think, is very kind on the part of the Germans, and is regarded so every where. They work at most any species of trade during the day, and are paid accordingly. Though work is not demanded of them, most of the number are willing to engage at something, as what they receive is their own, and they are allowed to make small purchases. I append below a small schedule of the regular pay given them by the government, as handed me by the commandant of the barracks:

Colonel, per month, 25 thalers, (thaler 73 cents.)
Captain, per month, 20 thalers.
Lieutenant, per month, 10 thalers.
Sergeant and corporals, per day, 8 groschen, (gros. 2½ cents.)
Private, per day 4 groschen.

HOW THEY GET ALONG.

It will be remembered, as I remarked in another part of my letter, all officers above a sergeant are not held in prison, but can board in the city, and have to provide for themselves as best they can with the allotted money. Many seem to have plenty and live quite well, while others are compelled to do some little work through necessity. Officers ranking higher than a colonel receive no pay; they are supposed to be well fixed financially and can live without help. The imprisoned soldiers, out of their pay, have to give in a certain amount for what they daily consume, and this done, there is a very trifling amount left. Yet from their daily work a good deal is accumulated. Many making from 75 cents to $1 00 per day. So those who wish to be diligent can have employment all the time. But in all "hives" we generally find "drones," and here we have them, mostly in the Turcos. Work is something they are absolutely opposed to take any part in, unless they are commanded to do so; they will loll all day in the sunshine, and smoke or chew villainous tobacco, they are also among the number who generally occupy the "stocks" as punishment. I passed a large crowd who had just been sentenced for various mischievous acts, such as picking the pockets of their comrades, stealing beer and fighting. The most troublesome element in the whole number is the degraded Turco.

The prisoners are not without their sports, many take part in rolling nine pins, running races, pitching pennies or playing cards. And then there are those who can do nothing but walk up and down, with downcast faces, musing on their unhappy condition.

On Sunday there is a suspension of all work, and religious services are held in each barrack, in the morning and afternoon—these are generally well attended and the best of order prevails.

Large numbers of letters are received every day, but only through the military headquarters, from where they are distributed—and none are allowed to be sent or delivered by private persons. Through distribution of the mail matter, it has been discovered, that out of these 20,000 men only *one half* can read or write,—this I got from high authority, and am warranted in making the assertion—certainly, a very bad state of affairs, and one which throws quite a melancholy light on the present civilization of France.

THE HOSPITAL.

There are at present 15,000 sick now lying in a large hospital, some little distance from the prison. The detachment from Metz chiefly constitute this number, the most of whom had fevers and other diseases when they arrival here, the rest being in a pitiable half famished condition. They are now receiving kind treatment in the hospital, although there does not seem much abatement of disease. I was quite surprised to find so many men advanced in years among the prisoners—several I noticed as I walked through a small space, who were from 50 upwards to 60 or 65 years of age—one old gentleman I regarded particularly, from his snowy hair, and stooped form, I inferred the "three score and ten" had been attained. On his soiled uniform were hung six old medals—I counted them—probably remembrances of many hard fought battles in by gone wars. What a pity I thought, that in your, most likely, last battle of life you have met defeat, and now live to see your country vanquished.

This vast concourse of men represent almost every department of the French army, and so many and varied are the uniforms that one looking at them as a crowd might think all the armies of the world were represented. The most worthy of note is probably the "Imperial Guard," the pride and flower of the French army; the best soldiers; most highly educated, tasty and refined. I noticed many young and noble looking fellows among them. I chanced to witness their arrival at Dresden; they tripped along with no light and jaunty step as they did through the streets of Paris, when they shouted: "A Berlin! A Berlin!" or looking forward with bright anticipations of untold victories, united their, then, happy voices in singing the anthem of their country: "La Marseillaise, "A Berlin! A Berlin!" I fancied I could hear them say, as I looked at their saddened faces and pretty uniforms (long since faded) in their prison home at Dresden. Yes, quite near Berlin but with no flying banners heralding the approach of conquerors. Alas! how sad to be among the vanquished!

GRIM GUARDS.

The Commandant had shown me through the barracks, and when I was about to leave, I asked him: "What is to prevent this excitable mass of men from striking down your few patrols and gaining their liberty?" He pointed across the Elbe, and looking in the direction I saw on the opposite hills long rows of cannon, ready at any moment to pour their death dealing contents into the midst of the living mass below. He remarked, "those are our reminders; the prisoners can see them and they know for what reason they are placed there." Thus I found, and have described, the prison of the French in Saxony. Most all others scattered through various parts of Germany, are conducted on a somewhat similar plan. The trouble and expense to Prussia is great, indeed, but the world cannot say that her treatment is not humane.

AMERICAN WOMEN.

The American ladies residing in Dresden have not been inactive during the present war, but are leading helping hands in many ways for the relief of the sick and wounded. A society has been in progress for some time past, the members of which are actively engaged in preparing lint, bandages, and other suitable articles. These are distributed through the hospitals near the city, or forwarded to the American ambulance in France. A lottery was also started some weeks ago by voluntary contributions, and quite a large sum of money is already represented. This is under the charge of some English and American ladies. The drawing will come off during the present week, and they expect to realize nearly $5,000. This money will be given to the widows and orphans in and around Dresden.

For all this benevolent work praise is certainly due the women of our country, many of whom seem to have forgotten their pleasure-seeking while aiding in behalf of the suffering and needy around them, and the valuable services they have rendered during this war will not soon be forgotten by their friends in Germany.

RELIABLE NEWS.

The Prussian style of transmitting and publishing news is conducted, as I think, on a very satisfactory plan—while the daily papers contain the latest telegrams, news of importance as soon as received by the authorities, is printed on small slips of paper, and then given to a messenger who posts them up through the city, the name "Wilhelm" being always signed to these telegrams, the passing public can regard them as genuine, and persons are very seldom led astray by spurious news. Victories cease to excite the Germans any more; most likely on account of their many successes in this "one-sided affair." Beer drinking used to be carried on to a great extent; flags were hung out nearly every week in honor of a victory, but it became so tiresome—hanging out and hauling in, that they concluded to let the banners float all the time, but not to drink so much beer. Even the capitulation of Metz, did not cause any great amount of merriment, but as this was long regarded as a moral certainty, it did not seem very much like news when it was announced.

PREVAILING SENTIMENTS.

Poor Paris! Poor France! we all say: when will she fall, and what will be the future state of the country? In my last letter, I spoke of peace predictions, and the destruction of Paris; but these I give as the then prevailing sentiments of the hour. With the signal failure of interview, mediation, and armistice, the sentiment of Germany has materially changed. Paris must fall, of course, but in a far different way from what was first surmised. The seige has now been going on almost two months, and although the Prussians have had their "circle of iron" around the city during that time, having evinced, thus far no desire for demolition, it is concluded "famine" is Bismarck's sword, and unless a very successful sortie is made, and that quickly, to famine; Paris must sooner or later succumb.

Whether peace will be established at the fall of the city, and a Prussian occupation of the newly acquired fortresses, it is only for the future to tell. Says a correspondent, "he must be a very sanguine German, who believes peace will be forever secured by the possession of the Vosges and certain points in Lorraine. Border, lands and boundary questions live long. Germany may fortify her frontier; but unless France ceases to be a nation of more than 30,000,000, of a very war loving people, the fortresses will not secure peace. As winter approaches, many of the soldiers are growing tired, they regret they cannot spend Christmas at home; those at home are sorry they will not have their company. Still we think, now the end is near at hand, and Prussia throughout her great extent of country, will hail with joy the return of peace."

LANGE.

NEW STYLES OF TOILET SETS

For Christmas presents. They excel any ever sold in this city. You will find them at JAMES E. BURNS & CO'S Drug Store, corner of Penn and Sixth streets.

Still a few more of those Toilet Sets and Perfume Cases at JAMES E. BURNS & CO'S Drug Store, corner of Penn and Sixth streets.

Also many other very handsome goods that cannot be surpassed in the city for Christmas presents sold at the very lowest prices, at JAMES E. BURNS & CO'S Drug Store, corner of Penn and Sixth streets.

Christmas Presents and Holiday Goods of all kinds at very low prices at JAMES E. BURNS & CO'S Drug Store, corner of Penn and Sixth streets.

FAITH WELL FOUNDED.

In old times, at the commencement of every season, it was the fashion to take a strong cathartic as a safeguard against a change of temperature It was a worse than senseless practice. The people of our day understand the matter better. Instead of depleting the system they reinforce it. In the method they adopt they exhibit a wise discrimination. Instead of resorting to the vitiated stimulants of commerce, or any of the compounds derived from them, they put their faith in the only absolutely pure invigorant procurable in the market—Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Their faith is well founded. Never has any tonic medicine been prepared with such scrupulous precision and conscientious care. It is a vegetable compound of which every ingredient is sound, wholesome, and *medicinal* in the true sense of the word. Now, we have three prominent national complaints. One-half of the adult population of the United States suffer more or less, either from diseases of the stomach, derangements of the liver, or affections of the kidneys. In no other land under Heaven are these maladies so general as in this country, and Hostetter's Bitters is a specific for them all, unless organic in their origin, and therefore, beyond cure. And let those who are fortunate enough to be exempt from them at present understand one great fact, viz: that an occasional use of this vitalizing tonic will as certainly prevent them as the sun will prevent the earth from freezing where its genial beams descend.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FABER & VAN DOREN,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
ORDERS SOLICITED.

GRATES.
GRATES.
Keep Your Houses Clean,
AND
SAVE FUEL,
BY USING THE
Wellman Patent Reflector
STOVE AND GRATE.
Which Stands Without a Rival.

The WELLMAN STOVE is furnished with the "REFLECTOR GRATE," and possesses all the advantages of an open fire place; it is specially adapted to houses where the flues are too small to admit a grate, and affords all the comforts of a CHEERFUL OPEN FIRE.

1st. As a radiator of heat it has *double* the intensity.

2d. It is unquestionably the most cleanly—very little soot or ashes escaping into the room—which, in the ordinary Grate, proves so detrimental to carpets and furniture.

3d. The combustion is *perfect*. There is no waste in unburnt cinders—every ounce of the fuel is so completely consumed, that nothing remains but the finest ashes.

4th. As an economiser of fuel—there being an *actual saving* of 25 per cent.

5th. It is highly ornamental.

6th. It is set so deep in the chimney, that it is much safer, and also less liable to puff in windy weather.

7th. A slight motion of the shaker cleanses the entire fire, and causes it to burn with great brilliancy and intensity of heat.

Samples may be seen and references had at the store of W. BARNES, corner of 2d avenue and Market street, Pittsburgh; W. F. GOODWIN, 66 Federal street, Allegheny, or at the FOUNDRY, corner Duquesne Way and Water street, Pittsburgh.

Parties who are building, or who contemplate changing Grates, are respectfully requested to examine "The Wellman." Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.

L. H. SMITH & CO.,
Manufacturers,
West Point Foundry.
del

GRAFF,
HUGUS
& CO.,
Manufacturers of
Cooking and Heating
STOVES,
RANGES, FURNACES,
AND
Fine Grate Fronts,
INCLUDING THE
COLUMBIA COOK STOVE,
Confidence Cook Stove,
The Boston
DOUBLE-OVEN IMPROVED
Cooking Range,
Nile's Improved Star Range,
AND
FIERY FURNACE.
OFFICE AND WAREROOMS
206 and 208
Liberty Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Friday and Saturday, Dec. 15 and 16,
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S.
WILL BE OPEN
Friday Morning,
SOME EXTRA GOOD BARGAINS
IN
Ladies' and Gents'
HANDKERCHIEFS,
Broche Scarfs,
Hosiery, Gloves, Collars,
AND
OTHER FANCY GOODS,
Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

Special Bargains
IN
DRESS GOODS,
ROBES,
Plaids and Shawls.
Furs! Furs! Furs!
SHAWLS,
Fancy Knit Jackets,
SKIRTS,
Hoods, Nubias,
Ladies' and Gents'
UNDERWEAR,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

FOR THE
HOLIDAYS.
COUNTRY DEALERS
IN
Books and Stationery
ARE INVITED TO CALL AND EXAMINE OUR NEW STYLES OF
Beautiful Juveniles,
Large and Small Colored Toy Books,
Family Bibles,
Pocket Bibles,
Beautiful Pocket Books,
Photograph Albums,
Card Cases,
Pen Wipers,
Children's Games,
Writing Books,
Portfolios,
Stereoscopes and Views,
Backgammon Boards,
Chess and Chess Boards,
Parlor Croquet,
Gold Pens and Pencils,
Alphabet Blocks,
Building Blocks,
Hymn Books,
Wall Texts and Motto Cards,
Pocket Knives, &c., &c., &c.
All the New Books received as soon as published and will be mailed to any address on receipt of advertised price.
S. A. CLARK & CO.,
BOOKSELLERS,
No. 119 Wood Street.

NEW BOOKS
Suitable for
HOLIDAY GIFTS.

LIGHT OF THE WORLD, and other Poems and Hymns. By Eminent Writers. Superbly illustrated and beautifully printed on heavy, superfine paper. Quarto. Handsomely bound in extra cloth full gilt $5.00.

THE MERMAN AND THE FIGURE-HEAD. A Charming Christmas Story for Boys and Girls from Eight Years Old to Eighty. By CLARA F. GUERNSEY, author of "The Silver Cup," etc. With illustrations. 16mo. Toned Paper. Extra cloth. $1.00.

ENCHANTING AND ENCHANTED; Or, Fairy Spells. From the German of Hackländer. By Mrs. A. L. WISTER, translator of "Gold Elsie," "Only a Girl," etc. With illustrations. 12mo. Extra cloth. $1.25.

RANALD BANNERMAN'S BOYHOOD. A Charming Story for Boys. By GEORGE MACDONALD, LL.D., author of "Alec Forbes," "Robert Falconer," etc. With illustrations. 12mo. Extra cloth. $1.50.

CROSS PURPOSES. A Christmas Experience in Seven Stages. By T. C. DELEON, author of "Four Years in Rebel Capitals," etc. With illustrations. 16mo. Extra cloth. $1.50.

GOOD STORIES FOR YOUNG PEOPLE. Embracing Thirty-one Charming New Stories for Boys and Girls. By Popular authors. Profusely illustrated. 4to. Toned Paper. Fine cloth. $1.75.

CLEVER JACK; Or, the Life and Adventures of a Wise Donkey. From the French. With fifty-four illustrations. 12mo. Fine cloth. $1.00.

GOOD WORDS FOR THE YOUNG FOR 1870. Edited by GEORGE MACDONALD, LL.D. Containing a great variety of Stories, Tales, Sketches of Travel, Poems, etc. With over 200 beautiful Illustrations from designs by Eminent artists. Royal 8vo. 850 pages. Richly bound in extra cloth, full gilt. $1.00.

DAYS IN NORTH INDIA. By NORMAN MACLEOD, D.D., author of "Wee Davie," "Eastward," etc. With numerous illustrations. Crown 8vo. Extra cloth, gilt top. $3.00.

ALLIBONE'S DICTIONARY OF AUTHORS. A Critical Dictionary of English Literature, and British and American Authors, living and deceased, from the earliest accounts to the latter half of the nineteenth century. Containing over forty-three thousand Articles (Authors), with forty Indexes of Subjects. By S. AUSTIN ALLIBONE, LL.D., etc. Three volumes royal 8vo. *Now ready, Vols. I. and II.* Price per vol., cloth, $7.50; sheep, $8.50; half morocco, $9.50.

LIPPINCOTT'S BIOGRAPHICAL DICTIONARY, Pronouncing Dictionary of Biography and Mythology, containing Memoirs of the Eminent Persons of all Ages and Countries, and accounts of the various subjects of the Norse, Hindoo and Classic Mythologies, with the Pronunciation of their Names in the Different Languages in which they occur. By J. THOMAS, A. M., M.D. Two volumes, imperial 8vo. Now ready, Vol. I., Extra cloth, $11.00; library sheep, $12.00; half Turkey, $13.50; half calf, gilt, $15.00.

Three New Novels.

DOROTHY FOX. A Novel. By the author of "How it all Happened," etc. With numerous illustrations. 8vo. Paper cover, 75 cents; fine cloth, $1.25.

IN THE RAPIDS. A Romance. By GERALD HART. 12mo. Toned paper. Extra cloth, $1.50.

FERNYHURST COURT; An Every-day Story. By the author of "Stone Edge," "Lettice Lisle," etc. 8vo. Paper cover, 50 cents.

*For sale by all Booksellers, or will be sent by mail, postage free, upon receipt of the price by the publishers.

PUBLISHED BY

J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO.,
715 and 717 Market Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

BOQUETS,
[illegible]
J. & A. MURDOCH,
[illegible]

APPLES—1,000 [illegible]

HORNE & CO.
GRAND
Clearance Sale
CONTINUED
UNTIL JANUARY FIRST,
OWING TO THE FACT
That Our New Retail Rooms,
LIBRARY BUILDING,
Will Not be Ready for Occupancy
Until that date. In the meantime we shall
POSITIVELY
OFFER BETTER BARGAINS
Than any heretofore given, in
Every Department of Our Stock.
MANY GOODS
At One-half their Cost of Importation.
GOODS SUITED
FOR
THE HOLIDAYS.
Real Pointe and Pointe Applique Lace,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars,
Sets,
Barbes,
Capes.
REAL AND IMITATION LACE GOODS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
HANDKERCHIEFS,
Of all kinds, for Ladies, Gents and Children.
Broche Scarfs,
Roman Silk Scarfs,
Roman Silk Sashes,
Fringed Silk Scarfs,
Embroidered Linen Sets,
Lace Trimmed Linen Sets,
Fur Topped Kid Gloves,
Ladies' Plain and 2 Button Kids,
Ladies' Kids, bright & open shades,
Silk Umbrellas,
Alpacca Umbrellas,
Slipper Patterns,
Traveling Satchels,
Silk Party Fans.
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.
Neck Scarfs,
Suspenders,
Fine Hosiery,
Hand-Knit Woolen Goods.
Jet and Plated Jewelry.
77 and 79
MARKET STREET.
de13:j30

THIRTY-FIRST
SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT OF THE
Dollar Savings Bank.

LIABILITIES.

Am't due Depositors Dec. 1st, 1870	$2,[illegible] 33
Interest due Depositors, Dec. 1, 1870	73,[illegible]
Contingent Fund	131,[illegible]
Total Liabilities	[illegible]

ASSETS.

Loans on Bond and Mortgage	$2,[illegible]
Real Estate	[illegible]
Bills Receivable	[illegible]
Stock in Pittsburgh Banks	[illegible]
U. S. 5-20 Bonds, 1865 & 1867	[illegible]
U. S. six per cent. Bonds, 1881	[illegible]
Cash in Banks and on hand	[illegible]
Total assets	$2,[illegible] 19

The undersigned, Auditing Committee, respectfully report that they have examined the Treasurer's Report for the last six months, ending November 30th, 1870, and have examined the Assets of the Bank, consisting of Bonds and Mortgages, Deeds of Real Estate, Certificates of Bank Stock, Bills Receivable, U. S. Five-Twenty six per cent. Bonds, '65 and '67, U. S. six per cent. Bonds 1881, and Cash in Banks and on hand, and find the same to correspond with the above report.

J. J. GILLESPIE,
A. TINDLE,
WM. M. [illegible], } Auditing Committee.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 5th, 1870.

The Trustees have declared a dividend of three (3) per cent. for the last six months, ending November 30th, 1870, payable forthwith. If not drawn, will bear interest from that date.

No. of Depositors, 7,[illegible], averaging [illegible]

CHAS. A. COLTON, Treasurer.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. [illegible], 1870.

A. H. English & Co.,
98 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Publishers of OSGOOD'S PROGRESSIVE SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS, including Osgood's Reader and Speller, Dunn's Arithmetic, Roth's Geometry, and Cowley's System of Penmanship.
All orders by mail promptly filled.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, PA.
TREASURER'S OFFICE, December [illegible], 1870.
Allegheny City Compromise Bonds
WANTED.
Persons holding Compromise Bonds of the City of Allegheny, Pa., are hereby notified that the Sinking Fund for 1869 will be invested, in these Bonds at the Lowest Rates offered.
Proposals will be received by the undersigned until MONDAY, the second day of January, 1871.
D. MACPHERSON,
Treasurer of the City of Allegheny, Pa.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.

J. B. McFADDEN
& CO.,
95 Market Street,
HAVE JUST OPENED
A Brilliant Display
OF
HOLIDAY
GOODS,
CONSISTING OF
Diamonds,
Watches,
Silverware,
Jewelry,
Bronzes,
French Clocks,
Parian Ware,
Jewel Stands,
Toilet Sets,
Vases, etc.
AND A GREAT VARIETY OF
FANCY GOODS
SUITABLE FOR THE
Holiday Season.
Call and examine our stock. de13:33-TTS

Waltham Watches.
NEW STYLES,
LOW PRICES.
We have sold these Watches for years, and feel confident in
RECOMMENDING THEM
To the Public. We desire specially to call attention to their finest
3-4 Plate Style,
Which EXCEL any others made in this Country in Beauty, Finish, and Time-keeping qualities.
J. R. REED & CO.,
68 Fifth Avenue.
de13:33

City Standard Time.
96 FEDERAL ST.
GENTS' WATCHES
Mc FADDEN'S
LADIES' WATCHES
ALLEGHENY. 96
Thos. McFadden Jr.

FURS, FURS.
M'CORD & CO.,
OFFER GREAT BARGAINS IN
Astrachan Sacques,
Seal Sacques,
Persian Lamb Sacques,
Hudson Bay Sable Sets,
Mink Sable Sets,
Royal Ermine Sets,
German Fitch Sets,
Alaska Mink Sets,
Siberian Squirrel Sets,
ALSO, ALL LOWER GRADES IN
FURS,
For Ladies, Misses and Children.
M'CORD & CO.,
131 Wood Street.

No. 110 Market St.,
PITTSBURGH.
C. YEAGER & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Notions, Fancy Goods and Toys,
Offer to dealers their large and well selected assortment of the above class of goods. The Foreign Goods were imported direct by ourselves before the present European war. All of our Stock was Purchased for Cash, and those who favor us with a call and examination of the assortment offered, will find it equal, if not superior, to any in the country, and our prices as low as those of New York Houses.
Wholesale Department up stairs.
NO. 110 MARKET STREET,
NEAR LIBERTY.
no28:h7

On a Par with Gold!
WE NOW OFFER
Our New Stock
OF
DRY GOODS
AND
NOTIONS
AT
EASTERN PRICES.
BUYERS AND SELLERS INVITED TO
Examine our Goods & Prices.
ARBUTHNOT,
SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood Street.

DR. WHITTIER
[illegible]

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

HOLIDAY
GOODS
JUST OPENED!
Ottomans, Hassocks,
Rugs, Mats,
Table and Piano Covers,
IN GREAT VARIETY.
FULL LINES OF
CARPETS,
Oil Cloths, Druggets, Mattings, &c.,
AT LOWEST RATES.
Oliver McClintock
& Company,
23 Fifth Avenue.
de12

OCTOBER, 1869.
Our New Fall Stock of
CARPETS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES,
LACE AND NOTTINGHAM CURTAIN
WALNUT AND BRASS CORNICES,
&c., &c., &c.
Is now open and our customers and the public are invited to call and compare our goods and prices with the stock of any Carpet House in Pittsburgh or the eastern cities.
M'Farland & Collins
71 AND 73 FIFTH AVE.
no29 Next to U. S. Custom House, second floor.

CARPETS.
FALL STOCK.
LARGE ASSORTMENT.
ALL QUALITIES,
LOW PRICES.
We call the attention of the Trade to our NEW STOCK, the largest we have offered at this season of the year. Our assortment of
Tapestry and Body Brussels
AND
Druggets and Drugget Squares,
Cannot be excelled by any in the market.
Bovard, Rose & Co.
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
oc28

NEW CARPETS.
The very latest Fall Styles.
Woven Druggets,
Bordered Squares, &c.
M'CALLUM BROS
51 Fifth Avenue,
(Above Wood Street.)
no9

Carpet Chain and Batting.
A full supply of CARPET CHAIN AND BATTING at Manufacturers' Prices, will always be found at
JOHN WILSON & SONS
No. 297 Liberty Street.
Warps furnished on short notice.
no29:c11 HOLMES, BELL & CO.

GLASS, QUEENSWARE &c.

100 WOOD STREET.
R. E. BREED & CO.
QUEENSWARE,
FINE FRENCH
China and Glass.
SILVER PLATED GOODS, KNIVES AND TEA SETS, TEA TRAYS AND CUTLERY.
The best imported WHITE STONE WARE and COMMON GOODS at low prices.
R. E. BREED & CO.,
R. E. BREED & CO.
100 WOOD STREET.

ESTABLISHED 1828.
HENRY HIGBY ... ALBERT HIGBY ... ROBT. M. CUST
HIGBY, CUST & CO.,
No. 189 Liberty St.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers and Jobbers in CHINA, QUEENSWARE, GLASS and SILVER-PLATED WARE.
The attention of all requiring goods in the above line is directed to our Stock, imported directly from the best European markets, and we are now receiving a fresh and desirable lot of the above goods.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Tobacco and Cigars,
No. 6 FEDERAL STREET,
(Third door from Suspension Bridge,)
ALLEGHENY, PA.
AGENTS FOR
Louisville Tobaccos.

C. D. ARNSTHAL ... [illegible] ARNSTHAL
ARNSTHAL & SON,
Virginia and Louisville
Tobacco Agency,
SEGARS
Fine Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos,
77 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh.

Lubin's French Extracts,
Lubin's French Soaps,
Lubin's French Sachets,
Thomas' Hair Brushes,
Bayley's Ess. Bouquet,
Low's Fine Extracts,
Low's Celebrated Soaps,
Squire's Glycerine Soap,
Price's Glycerine Soap,
Sarg's Vienna Soap,
Brecknell's Skin Soap,
Brandy and Sherry Wine,
Cigars de Joy, for Asthma.
With other CHOICE GOODS, all of our own personal selection and importation.
SIMON JOHNSTON,
Cor. Smithfield Street and Fourth Avenue.
SOLE AGENT FOR
Peter Squire's London Medicinal Extracts and Chemicals.

GOLD
Morton's Pens.
Morton's Pens.
SOLE AGENTS
ALLAN C. BAKEWELL & CO.
75 Wood Street.

WINE VINEGAR.
E. & M. Bollman
[illegible]
WATT, LANG & CO.,
172 and 174 Wood Street.

GEO. HEFLICK,
No. 47 [illegible] Street,
Has received a large stock of ROCKING CHAIRS [illegible] for Holiday Gifts.
[illegible]

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,

BANKERS,

No. 78 Fourth Ave.,

Buy and sell all kinds of Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.

Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

au1e61

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.)

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, Dec. 16, 1870.

The loan market continues stringent. The demand to-day was more urgent than usual, though good borrowers are not needy enough to submit to any marked advance in the rates of interest.

The bond and stock market was inactive. The pressure for money begins to act sensibly upon them. Allegheny Valley 7-30 bonds have been held at [illegible] for some days past. They were sold to-day at [illegible], and at the close they stood 91½ bid, 91¾ asked. The stock is unchanged—last quotations [illegible] per share.

Bank stocks have been dull throughout the week, with but light offerings, and very few orders in the hands of the brokers for them.

The New York market has been unsettled, and heavy all day. The later afternoon quotations are some better than at noon, but do not indicate a cessation of the bear raid. Weak holders were forced to throw some of the western stocks overboard, which the cliques have been glad to pick up, without doubt, at 10@15 per cent. below the quotations current six months ago.

North Westerns, Rock Island, and Saint Paul have suffered the most—but they have all recovered from one to two per cent. from the lowest prices of the day.

Gold is a fraction lower. U. S. Bonds are sluggish at [illegible] decline.

Robinson Bros., No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following comparative quotations of bonds and stocks, from their latest advices by wire:

	[illegible]	[illegible]
Bonds—1881	[illegible]	[illegible]
5-20—1862	[illegible]	[illegible]
" 1864	[illegible]	[illegible]
" 1865	[illegible]	[illegible]
" 1865 new	[illegible]	[illegible]
" 1867	[illegible]	[illegible]
" 1868	[illegible]	[illegible]
10-40s	[illegible]	[illegible]
Currency 6's	110	110
Gold	110	110¾
RAILWAYS.		
New York Central	[illegible]	90½
Do Scrip	[illegible]	87¾
Erie	[illegible]	[illegible]
Reading	95⅞	[illegible]
Lake Shore	92⅞	91½
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	104½	104¾
Rock Island	108⅝	108⅜
Chicago & N. W.	73	71⅝
Do. Preferred	[illegible]	[illegible]
St. Paul, Common	[illegible]	56
Do. Preferred	[illegible]	79⅛
Wabash	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ohio & Mississippi	[illegible]	[illegible]
Pacific Mail	[illegible]	40⅞
West. Union Telegraph	[illegible]	45⅞
Adams Express	[illegible]	64
U. S. Express	[illegible]	31⅞

Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co.:

Gold	10⅞	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1865	9⅞
U. S. 6s, 1881	13	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1867	9⅞
U. S. 5-20 1862	[illegible]	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1868	10⅛
U. S. 5-20 1864	7	C. P. R. R.	[illegible]
U. S. 5-20 1865	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
U. S. 10-40s	[illegible]	Cy. Pacifics	10

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 16, 1870.

Gold has not been very active to-day, opening at 10½ and declining to 10⅜, at which price it closed. Loans under light money market were very active, at from 5-to-1-16th of 1 per cent. per day. Carrying clearances to-day, $57,000,000.

Government securities dull and weak—currency bonds particularly so. The chief interest in Wall street to-day was centred in the money market, which was extremely stringent until after bank hours, when 7 per cent. currency was the rate. During the day as high as ⅛ of 1 per cent. per day was paid in addition to the usual 7 per cent. The prevailing belief is that an artificial stringency will be kept up to-morrow, although its early termination, it is confidently said, will be brought about through the courts, if necessary. There is also considerable talk of making up a case under the conspiracy act, it being claimed that testimony is at hand to show that the members of this clique have rendered themselves liable to the penalties of the same. In the present condition of the money market of [illegible] exchange becomes a matter of considerable importance; generally is against New York, and currency is flowing from here to Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Chicago and St. Louis, with some small shipments South. At East New York exchange is scarce and in demand, although the receipts of currency from New England are slight. The stringency of the money market has caused a marked decline in all the leading shares on Stock Exchange. Late in the day stocks took another downward turn, and the market closed with some excitement and apparent to sell. Stocks all sold at a [illegible] of [illegible] and the [illegible] State securities [illegible] change.

Sterling exchange [illegible].

[illegible]

State bonds [illegible]; do new, [illegible]; North Carolina [illegible].

Western Union Tel, [illegible]; American Union, [illegible]; Pacific Mail, [illegible]; Erie, [illegible]; Michigan Central, [illegible]; Pittsburgh, [illegible]; Rock Island, [illegible]; St. Paul, [illegible]; Ft. Wayne, [illegible]; Chicago & A., [illegible]; C. C. & C., [illegible]; Lake Shore, 91⅞; Illinois Central, 131¼.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, December 16, 1870.

Trade is moderately active, all things [illegible] expected at this season of the year. The receipts of general merchandise are not [illegible] large, though sufficiently so to keep up supplies, and this is all that is desired, as nearly everybody engaged in business desires to close the year with as little stock on hand as possible, and the consequence is that the demand for everything is [illegible]. However, in the aggregate, there is a fair volume of business, with [illegible] values there are no important changes [illegible] at least deserving of special notice.

APPLES—Is steady demand [illegible] $2 50@4 per [illegible]—occasionally [illegible] choice at [illegible].

APPLE BUTTER—[illegible] the market is very dull and [illegible] drooping [illegible].

ASHES—[illegible].

BUTTER—[illegible] demand no falling off in the [illegible] change to [illegible] common to medium [illegible].

BEANS—Dull [illegible] bushel.

BEESWAX—[illegible].

BROOM CORN—[illegible] but prices [illegible].

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—[illegible] and dull with small sales [illegible].

CHEESE—[illegible] for Western Reserve [illegible] for Ohio Factory [illegible] New York Goshen.

CARBON OIL—[illegible] a jobbing way [illegible].

COAL—Sales of [illegible] per ton by the car load, delivered.

CEMENT—[illegible].

CIDER—[illegible] unchanged [illegible].

CRANBERRIES—Quiet and unchanged [illegible] per bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—New crop Peaches [illegible] for quarters and [illegible] halves [illegible].

DRESSED HOGS—Demand rather better, and we now quote at [illegible], in a retail way; packers refuse to pay over [illegible].

EGGS—Strictly fresh eggs are scarce and sell without much difficulty at [illegible].

FEATHERS—No. 1 live geese feathers may be quoted at [illegible] to the trade, and [illegible] in small lots.

FLOUR—There is a [illegible] demand, but there is no change whatever in prices. Western flour [illegible] for spring, [illegible] for red winter, and [illegible] for white. Rye flour [illegible].

GRAIN—There is nothing new to be said in regard to the [illegible] market. [illegible] mixed in car on wharf [illegible] prime yellow [illegible] was a sale made at [illegible] to arrive [illegible] came to hand, and the seller gave the buyer [illegible] per bushel to let him keep it [illegible] hands. There is no improvement to [illegible] the demand for barley [illegible] and heavy, while prices are [illegible] unchanged [illegible]. We hear it intimated that some of our brewers are [illegible] with western barley, and the consequence is that they are inclined to look upon the product of [illegible] section of country with more favor.

GROCERIES—The market is quiet and unchanged. Following are the ruling quotations.

COFFEE—Choice Rio, 22; Prime, 21¼; Good 21; Fair, 20; Ordinary, 18½@19; Java, 28; Laguayra, 22. Roasted Coffee loose, 28 in papers, 29.

SUGARS—New Orleans, 10@11¼ for old, and 11¼ for new; Porto Rico, 10½@12; Cuba, [illegible]. Box Sugars, 11@12; Demerara, 12¾ [illegible]. Refined—Standard Hards, 15; A, 14¼; [illegible]; Ex C, 14; C Y, 13¾.

SYRUPS—Havemeyer & Elders, 80; Loverings, 65@85; other brands, 45@80.

RICE—Carolina, 7¾@8.

MOLASSES—New crop New Orleans, 80; old, 70; Porto Rico [illegible]; Demarara 75.

FRUITS—Layer Raisins, $3.50; Valencia do [illegible]; Currants, 13½c; New Prunes, (1870 crop,) 14¼ cts.

HAY—Sold from country wagons, in Allegheny to-day at $12@20. Baled, on wharf, $16 @17.

HONEY—Sales at 30@35 cts.

HOMINY—Best Pearl quoted at $6.25 per bbl. Common, [illegible].

HUSKS—Sales at [illegible] cts.

LIME—Sales of Cleveland at $2.25 per bbl and eastern at $1.75.

LARD OIL—Extra No. 1 is now quoted at $1.12, and No. 2 at 75@75.

MILL FEED—Sales of middlings at $1.50@1.70, according to quality. Seconds may be quoted at [illegible].

ONIONS—Very dull and lower; we now quote at $2.50@3.00 per bbl.

POULTRY—The market is overstocked and very dull, and prices are weak and drooping. Dressed chickens, 12@13 cts; dressed turkeys, 14@16.

POTATOES—Sales 2 car loads Peach Blows at $1, and we can report small sales in store at $1.05@1.10.

PROVISIONS—Market is by no means active though it is slowly improving; new Sugar Cured Hams, 18½@19; Breakfast Bacon, 18; plain Shoulders, 12½@12¾. Lard in tcs, 13½ 13¾, in buckets, 14@14¼.

PEANUTS—Sales of new crop at [illegible].

RAGS—Quoted at [illegible].

SALT—Is quoted at $1.60@1.65 by the car load, with the usual advance for small lots in store.

SEEDS—There is some little enquiry for Clover Seed, and we can report small sales at $6.50 per bushel. Timothy seed is not wanted, being out of season. Flaxseed is in steady demand at $2 12@2 15.

SUMAC—Sales Tennessee Sumac at 4½ cts.

TALLOW—Rendered, at 9¼@9½c.

TURNIPS—Very dull and [illegible] good supply may be quoted at [illegible] per bushel.

WILLOWS—Sales [illegible] willows, at 9½ @10 cts.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, December 16, 1870.

The oil market is quiet and devoid of anything particularly new or important. December crude and refined are reported firm and higher, and futures are also stronger, though without quotable change. There is considerably stir in the way of making settlements, but the number of fresh sales is small, as the trade appear to be resolved to wind up the business of the old year before doing anything for the new one. Besides, the experience of the past few years has not impressed refiners very favorably in selling largely ahead, and the consequence is that there are fewer long time sales than for several years, nor is it likely that there will be many sales until prices of crude and refined become more equalized.

CRUDE.

Firm and higher for early delivery. Spot or seller December, quoted at 9⅝; seller first half [illegible]; Sales 1,000 bbls, buyer December at 9¾.

REFINED.

Firm but quiet. December, 23½; January and February 23¾; March 23½; April to June, [illegible]; May to July, 24¼. Sales 1,000 bbls March, 23¾.

OIL BARRELS.

Demand fair but prices unchanged. Sales of city make, on spot, at $1.85.

RECEIPTS CRUDE.

Brilliant Oil Works 120, account Lockhart F & Co; Standard O W [illegible], account same; Crystal O W [illegible], account D C Herbst; Sunbeam Oil W [illegible], account same.

Total .... 1,735 bbls.

SHIPMENTS REFINED OIL PER A. V. R. R.

Lockhart, Frew & Co, 600 bbls benzine,oil to Warden, F & Co., Phila.

National Refining and Storing Co., 166 bbls ref. oil to Warden, F. & Co., Phila.

Forsyth Bro., [illegible] bbls refined oil to Warden, F. & Co., Phila.

Brann & Wagner, 300 bbls refined oil to Waring, King & Co., Phila.

McKelvy Bro. & Co., 320 bbls ref. oil to Logan Bro. & Co., Phila.

Livingston & Bro's. 60 bbls refined to Tate, Muller & Co., Baltimore.

Total .... 1,706 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST VIA W. P. R.

W. L. Elkins 25 bbls refined oil to W. Brick & Co., Wilmington, Del.

W. L. Elkins 20 bbls tar to W. Laird & Co. Philadelphia.

W. L. Elkins [illegible] bbls refined to Barrow & Co., Phila.

Union Ref. & Storing Co., 273 bbls refined to Logan Bro. & Co., Phila.

Total .... 536 bbls.

[By A. & P. Telegraph Line.]

PHILADELPHIA, December 16—12 M.—December [illegible] January and February [illegible]; March and July [illegible] nothing doing. Crude 11½@11¾c, nothing doing.

4 P. M.—Refined December 23[illegible]; January and February 23¾c; March 24½c; April and June 24¼c. Crude 11½c.

Late yesterday some five thousand barrels sold at 23½c for shipment; January and February held at 23¾c.

NEW YORK, Dec. 16, 12 M.—Market quiet; crude might still be bought at 13c for spot, but an advance of advance on creek, sellers are only inclined to sell what surplus they now have on hands. Some sellers are asking as high as [illegible] for January and February. Refined quiet, but there is a little more inquiry for cargoes at 22½c being bid, and 23c asked.

2 P. M.—Market quiet but firm; crude held at 12¾c for spot and month, with a report that 12¾ has been bid for quite a quantity, but was refused. Refined held firmly at 23c for spot, and month, and cargoes, and several bids of 22¾c are now in the market.

ROUSEVILLE, December 16, 12 M.—Market opened quiet but very firm, buyers offering $3.40 for irrespective, and $3.55 for gravity, buyers and sellers holding off; no transactions.

TITUSVILLE, December 16, 12 M.—Market quiet but very firm; $3.25 bid, $3.30 asked. No transactions yet to-day.

3 P. M.—Market very firm; but buyers not much disposed to advance. Prices above what was paid last evening; sales then at $3.25; sellers asking $3.32@3.35.

OIL CITY, December 16, 1:45 P. M.—Market quiet and firm; Lower Creek $3.40@3.57, Oil City $3.65@3.75. Weather cold.

TIDIOUTE, December 16, 11 A. M.—Market very firm at $3.35.

PLEASANTVILLE, December 16, 1 P. M.—Market firm at $2.95.

PITTSBURGH IRON MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, December 16, 1870.

The market for crude irons has been quiet this week again, and it is not likely that there will be anything verging on to activity until about the middle of next month, if then. There is a continued fair demand for small lots of good brands; while in regard to prices there is no change whatever. Both mills and foundries are buying sparingly, being desirous of closing the year with as little stock as possible. Blooms, continue dull, also.

In regard to bar iron and nails, there is nothing particularly new or important. As might be expected, orders have commenced to fall off somewhat, though the mills are nearly all still running, many of them double turn; stocks are very light, nevertheless. The demand for nails is reported as being unusually brisk for the season, and the shipments of both bar iron and nails is almost every direction are large. It is generally expected, however, that business will be comparatively light during the next two months.

ANTHRACITE.

30 tons Neutral		[illegible]	4 mos
[illegible]	Gray Forge	[illegible]	4 mos
[illegible]	"	[illegible]	4 mos
[illegible]	"	[illegible]	4 mos
[illegible]	No. 1 Foundry	[illegible]	4 mos
[illegible]	No. 3 Netrual	[illegible]	4 mos
[illegible]	No. 2 "	[illegible]	4 mos
[illegible]	No. 1 "	34.00	4 mos
[illegible]	No. 1 Ex Foundry	[illegible]	cash
[illegible]	No. 1 "	[illegible]	4 mos
[illegible]	Mottled Neutral Forge	[illegible]	4 mos
[illegible]	Red Short	31.00	4 mos
[illegible]	Gray Forge	30.00	4 mos

CHARCOAL.

[illegible] tons Hanging Rock No. 2 Foundry	[illegible]	6 mos
[illegible] Choice No. 1 Foundry	[illegible]	6 mos
[illegible] Close Gray No. 2	[illegible]	6 mos
[illegible] Red Short No. 2 Forge	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] Missouri	[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible] BLOOMS.

200 tons Champlain Billets [illegible]

[illegible] FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.

300 tons Strictly Open Forge at Furnace	$29.00	4 mos
300 " Strictly Open Forge at Furnace	[illegible]	4 mos
[illegible] Good Medium from [illegible]	[illegible]	4 mos
[illegible] Close Gray Forge	[illegible]	4 mos
[illegible] Neutral	[illegible]	4 mos
[illegible] Red Short	[illegible]	4 mos
[illegible] Red Short	30.00	4 mos

COKE.

300 Red Short	$31.00	6 mos

Markets by Telegraph.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, Dec. 16.

EXCHANGE unchanged.

FLOUR—Extra spring dull and unchanged.

WHEAT—No. 2 spring active and closing at [illegible]; this afternoon steady at [illegible].

CORN—No. 2 mixed dull and declined [illegible] for this afternoon steady at [illegible].

OATS—No. 2 quiet; closing at 38½c.

RYE—No. 2 a little lower.

BARLEY—No. 2 fairly active at [illegible] lower.

[illegible]

PORK—Closed firm at [illegible] for [illegible] more active.

LARD—Closed at $12.00 for cash.

[illegible]

[illegible]

CATTLE—Quiet at $2.75@7.75.

New York.

NEW YORK, December 16.—Cotton steady; [illegible] upland. [illegible] Flour [illegible] superfine Western [illegible] common to good [illegible] [illegible] common to good [illegible]. Whisky [illegible]. Wheat quiet and [illegible] for amber [illegible]. Rye dull. Barley dull [illegible]. Malt quiet. Corn [illegible] mixed western [illegible]. Oats [illegible]. Hay unchanged. Hops quiet [illegible]. Coffee [illegible]. Sugar [illegible]. Molasses: New Orleans [illegible]. Rice, [illegible]. Crude petroleum [illegible]; refined, [illegible]. Provisions quiet [illegible]. Pork [illegible] new mess [illegible]; prime mess [illegible]. Beef unchanged in [illegible]. Cut meats dull. [illegible] shoulders [illegible]; Cumberland [illegible]; long clear, [illegible]. Lard: [illegible]. Butter dull and unchanged. Western [illegible]. Cheese [illegible].

[illegible]—Flour dull but unchanged at [illegible] for shipping grades. Wheat quiet. Rye [illegible] and nominal. Oats unchanged. Corn [illegible] for No. 1 mixed. Pork firm at [illegible] for future delivery. Beef and Bacon unchanged. Lard [illegible].

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, December 16.—The weather has become much cooler, which [illegible] demand for woolen goods [illegible], with [illegible] houses and [illegible] are comparatively quiet. Prices are without much change, but the tendency is in buyers' favor. [illegible] muslins are [illegible] to be made to [illegible]. [illegible] ton A, yard wide, 15c; Thorndyke A 12c; Garner & Co's standard [illegible] for common and high colors; Amoskeag prints 11c; Dunnell's do 11c; Pacific 12c and Simpson's mourning do 12c.

Live Stock.

NEW YORK, December 16.—[illegible] very [illegible] and strong market, [illegible] 5,000 this week, and everything sold. Christmas cattle of 11 cwt at 17@19c; good 7½ cwt steers 14[illegible]; thin at $13.50; fine 11 cwt grades sold at $10 each. Sheep: 27,0[illegible] or 25,100 for the week. Market quiet and prices unchanged. A lot of 63 lbs poor State selling at [illegible]; a car 120 lbs Canada 7¾c; Christmas stock of 140@150 lbs plenty at 8@8½c, and a few at 9c. Hogs: 1,400 or 25,000 for the week; live are quoted at 7@8c; 2 cars Michigan 216 lbs selling at 7¾c.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, December 16.—Cotton dull but unchanged; middlings at 15c. Flour and wheat unchanged. Corn dull and declined at 50@51c. Rye dull at 83c. Barley quiet and unchanged. Sugar in fair demand but lower; New Orleans at [illegible]. Coffee quiet. Molasses do. Oils unchanged. Eggs scarce and firm at 32c. Clover seed active and advances at $10.00@11.00. Timothy seed scarce at $5.50@5.75. Pork quiet and weak at $18.50. Lard steady at 11@11¼c, steam and kettle. Bulk meats only limited to a jobbing demand; dull and drooping; shoulders at 6½c, sides at 9¼@9½c. Bacon in light demand at 10½@13@13¾. Hogs opened firm but closed dull; five at $6.30@6.60, closing flat; dressed dull at $7.50@7.65.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 16.—Cotton dull and nominal at 13½c. Flour, low grades still scarce and firm; superfine winter $4.15@4.30; extra winter $4.35@4.50; double extra $4.75. Wheat, buyers stood off; sales of No 2 red winter at $1.27. Corn quiet and unchanged; mixed in bulk 41½@44; yellow, 44@47. Oats quiet and weak at 42½@45. Barley dull at $1.05 for strictly choice Iowa. Rye scarce and higher; quoted at 77. Whisky active at 89. Tobacco unchanged. Hemp $1.40@1.75. Bagging 28. Provisions weak. Pork closed lower at $18.50 @18.75. Bulk meats in limited jobbing demand; Bulk shoulders 6⅝@7; sides, clear rib 9¾@10; do. clear 10@10¼. Bacon dull and drooping; sides, clear 13¼@13½; hams, S. C., 16. Hogs $5.50@6.00. Cattle unchanged.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 16.—Tobacco: sales 65 hhds, at $6.50@8.50 common to good lugs; $8.75 common to good leaf; $2.50@35 medium bright wrapper. Bagging quiet and steady. Heavy hemp and flax 26½@27. Cotton in fair demand, but lower, middling upland [illegible]. Flour quiet and firm; extra family $5.25. Grain dull. Hogs dull, but unchanged, $6.30, medium and extra heavy. Provisions quiet. Mess pork $19.50. Bacon: shoulders 10¼c; sides clear rib 13¾c; do. clear 14[illegible]. Bulk shoulders 7c; do. sides clear rib 10c; do. clear 10½c. Lard 12c. Whisky dull and declined, 87@88c.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, December 16.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat quiet; No. 2 white Wabash $1.42; white Michigan $1.39; amber Michigan $1.28½; No. 1 red Wabash $1.3[illegible]; No. 2 held at $1.32. Corn quiet and unchanged; new high mixed 52c; new low mixed 49c; new yellow 54c. Oats firm; No. 1, 45c; Michigan 44c. Clover seed steady at $6.55. Hogs steady at $7.25@7.50.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 16.—Flour, only a limited jobbing demand; family $5.75@6.50; State [illegible]. Wheat dull and nominal; Indiana red $1.44@1.45; amber $1.46@1.50. Rye 90c. Corn dull and nominal; yellow 68@71c; old 75@76c. Provisions dull. Mess pork $20.00@20.50. Lard 12c. Petroleum unchanged. Whisky firm at 92c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 16.—Flour steady. Wheat dull with No 1 red winter $1.25; No 2 held at $1.20. Corn steady; new shelled 56c. Oats dull and nominal at 43c. Rye steady—No 1 90c; No 2 85c. Barley unchanged—cash@$1.25 outside for fancy choice. Petroleum dull but unchanged; crude $4.00; refined 30c.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, December 16.—Cotton quiet and weak at 13½@13¾c; receipts for the day 3,330 bales; for week 22,500 bales; for season 197,000 bales; shipments for the last twenty-four hours 4,536 bales; for the week 21,575 bales; for the season 100,000 bales.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, December 16.—Flour is firm. Wheat quiet. Corn scarce and firm; No 1 white 80c. Provisions dull and nominal. Pork—mess $20. Bulk Meats—clear rib sides 13¼c; shoulders 11¾@12c. Hams—plain 18c. Lard 13@13½c. Whisky dull at 90c.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, December 16.—Flour—Extra spring unchanged. Wheat—No 1 firm at $1.00; No 2, $1.06. Oats—No upward tendency, held at 35c. Corn dull and nominal. Rye—No 1 scarce at 71c. Hogs weak at $5.50@6.60. Mess pork $17.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE, Dec. 16.—Cotton; low middling 12c. Bulk meats—clear sides 11c; clear rib 10½c; shoulders 7½c. Lard 12¾c. Rump pork 15c. Hogs $5.50@6. Corn 70c. Oats 60c. Wheat 90@$1. Flour $4.50@6.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD COMPANY, December 16.—8 bxs powder, Harris & Ewing; 20 hf bbls beer, J Roth; 14 cars barley, J Rhodes & Co; 4 do do, Pier, Dannels & Co; 32 cases wine, Knox & Cassady; 8 bales hops, G Kuhlman; 20 bbls bw flour, Jenkins; 9 pkgs butter, Watt, Lang & Co; 100 bbls cranberries, B Rea Jr; 3 bales broom corn, Wright & Beebe; 15 bbls spirits, Little & Mechling; 100 bbls flour, owner; 250 pigs lead, B L Fahnestock & Co; 100 do do, Shomaker & Co; 2 cars g hams, E H Myers & Co; 182 turkeys, 100 chickens, 65 ducks, 53 geese, A Henderson; 23 d hogs, J P Hanna & Co; 37 bxs soap, F W C Feld; 20 sks clover seed, A Kirkpatrick & Co; 25 cks pearls, Dithridge & Son; 155 g hides, D Chestnut & Co; 93 hides, 3 bbls do, Popp, Baker & Co; 100 bbls flour, John Porterfield; 168 bxs cheese, N J Bladen; 34 bbls apples, J J Pettit; 1 car lumber, McQuewan & D; 27 bbls apples, Meanor & H; 50 oil bbls, B D Moore; 73 bdls shovels, Myers & A; 2 pkgs butter, Woodworth & D; 25 bbls hominy; 146 bxs cheese, Dilworth & Harper & Co; 4 bbls eggs, 1 pkg beeswax, F G Craighead; 12 hides, M Delange; 30 kegs nails, W F Messner; 7 bgs bw flour, J W Lea; 4 bbls apples, Haworth & D.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, December 16.—4 cars iron ore, Shoenberger, Blair & Co; 2 do do, W Norton; 1 do do, Reese, Graff & Dull; 2 do do, Union Iron Mills; 1 do do, Everson, Preston & Co; 5 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 3 do do, Zug & Co; 3 do do, McKnight & Co; 4 cars telegraph poles, Western Union Telegraph Co; 265 pcs copper, Park & Co; 1 car scrap iron, Mullin & Maloney; 25 hlf bbls fish, W M Gormley; 22 bxs scales, Fairbanks, Morse & Co; 1 crate h ware, J Myers & Son; 1 bx fish, T McCoy; 10 pails tobacco, Weyman & Bro; 1 case saws Lippincott & Bro; 11 bdls paper, F Wood; 6 bbls, 2 bxs hams, 5 bbls shoulders, 4 dressed hogs, Dalzell & Townsend; 22 bbls green apples, Pittsburgh Fruit & Butter Co; 47 dressed hogs, 6 bbls peaches, 1 bbl dried apples, 2 bbls beans, 2 kgs apple butter, 4 kegs lard, 200 bgs ear corn, P Duff & Son; 2 cars machinery, Totten & Co; 1 car barley, W G Miller; 31 kegs apple butter, J S Sheppard; 9 bbls dried apples, 10 bbls onions, Woodworth & D; 5 dressed hogs, J P Hanna & Co; 20 dressed hogs, Hippley & Beckert; 20 bbls g apples, Voight, Mahood & Co; 5 dressed hogs, Atwell & Lee; 13 bgs clover seed, A Kirkpatrick & Co; 3 bbls green apples, A Craighead; 20 kegs, 5 bbls p barley, Arbuckles & Co; 1 bbl onions, 8 hlf bbls butter, owner; 54 bbls oil, D Bly & Co; 1 bbl p r paint, Greager & Co; 1 bbl, 7 bbls beans, Head & Metzgar.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY, December 16.—85 bbls flour, 34 sks bran, 5 bbls eggs, H Riddle; 193 sks barley, F Scholl; 116 do do, J M Muller; 64 do do, J Gangwish; 10 sks d apples, J A Graff; 6 dressed hogs, S Kelley; 5 sks rye, McHenry & Hood; 1 car grain in bulk, Marshall, K & Co; 1 do middlings, J McKirdy & Co; 1 pkg cigar bxs, J C McConnel; 4 bbls whisky, 1 do gin, J Freudenberg; 4 do sausage, E H Meyers & Co; 1 bx hd ware, Hamilton & Co; 10 do candles, William France; 1 iron safe, Gilmore & Co; 6 bbls cotton, B Hyde & Son; 10 bbls pickels, E & G McGrew; 10 drums tobacco, Austin & Co; 15 bbls tob, J Murphy; 10 blooms iron, Nimick & Co; 2 cases rifles, J Bown & Co; 8 butts tob, Knox & Orr; 15 bbls hominy, Watt, Lang & Co; 23 bales cotton, Holmes & Bell; 2 safes, 1 waggon, E W Neff.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, December 16.—20 sks corn, Kone, Barney & Co; 1 hide, Seibert & Berg; 58 sks corn, 41 do wheat, 10 do rye, 70 do oats, Adams & Knox; 310 bgs oats, 27 bgs wheat, 64 do corn, Scott & Gisal; 2 cars metal, John Moorhead; 1 do do, Brown & Co; 50 sks flour, Meanor & Harper; 1 sk beans, John Hay; 2 sk wool, W Welsh & Co; 4 dressed hogs, P Fogle; 1 car lime, Henderson & Bro; 6 pkgs butter and eggs, R T Anderson; 13 do do, A Gallagher; 1 car metal, W Smith.

ALLEGHENY STATION, December 16.—20 sks potatoes, J Plummer; 4 bxs drugs, [illegible] Rogers; 2 bbls eggs, J Herbert; 6 bgs beans, 28 do oats, J Chambers; 1 car ear corn, R Knox & Son; 2 cars staves, Ralya R; 10 rolls leather, Graham & Spangler; 16 sks potatoes, P L Growes; 2 cars g stones, J Graff; 2 do lumber, J McBriar; 1 do do, L Walters & Son; 1 car cooperage, Marshall, Kennedy & Co; 1 car ore, Lewis, Bailey & Dalzell; 2 do do, Graff, Bennett & Co.

WEST PENNA. RAILROAD COMPANY, December 16.—75 bbls salt, Hack & S; 1 car hay, G Stewart; 57 sks potatoes, Laing & McKalip; 13 do do, J H Spear; 33 do rags, 8 do wheat, 11 do potatoes, P S Weaver; 18 sks corn, J Woodrow; 2 d hogs, W Sanders; 41 bgs oats, C Ockerman.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

ZANESVILLE, PER CARRIE BROOKS, December 16.—100 sks corn, J J Pettit; 30 chairs, Haus & L; 48 do, Dauler & Son; 60 do, 6 stands, H Berger; 28 chairs, Milliken & Co; 1 bx butter, Meanor & Harper; 6 bbls eggs, H Darlington; 4 bbls flour, Evans, D & G; 300 bbls flour, Clarke & Co; 3 bbls eggs, 1 bx butter, Shirk & Bro; 2 jars butter, W H Graff & Co; lot h h goods, 1 bx partridges, S Hevol; 2 pkgs eggs, 5 do butter, 6 bbls beans, 1 sk rags, P Duff & Son; 500 sks corn, Jno Rose; 286 do, A J Hagan & Co; 6 cattle, W Englebright; 30 bales hay, Austin & Co; 314 bdls paper, Godfrey & Clark; 100 sks corn, 3 bales hay, Keil & R; 38 sks rye, Robb & Herron; 150 sks wheat, 10 do oats, 13 do barley, J & W Fairley; 32 sks oats, McCracken, G & Co; 225 do wheat, Marshall, Kennedy & Co; 2 boxes baking powder, E Heazleton; 2 do do, R G Wolfe; 6 [illegible] rollers, H Ham & Son; 9 do do, Price Stewart & Co; lot furniture, H Berger; 6 hogs, John Ewing; 4 do, Smith; 7 sks c seed, 143 do wheat, 157 do oats, W Welsh & Co; 10 hogs, owners; 105 nail kegs, W T Townsend; 20 pkgs produce, W Brinton; 1 pkg do, J H Morrison; 1 do, J Reiter.

CINCINNATI, PER ST. CHARLES, December [illegible] bbls whiskey, John [illegible] forth & Co; [illegible] cases, Hubbard, Boss & Co; 5 [illegible] furniture, H Berger; 13 bbls [illegible], J J Gillespie & Co; 1 bx castings, Logan, Gregg & Co; 3 trcs glass, Agnew & [illegible]; 2 bags [illegible], Armstrong, Bro & Co; 1 coffin, Keystone Coffin Wks; 5 bbls [illegible], W L Jones & Co; 13 wheel barrows, Price, Steward & Co; 32 pkgs furniture, N Whitaker & Co; 1 bx [illegible], Express Co; 13 pkgs [illegible], P Duff & Son; 300 [illegible] hoops, J Dickey & Co; 15,775 hoop poles, Wm Kennedy; 50 bbls flour, Hutchinson, W & Co; 6,300 ft lumber, B Donaldson; 31 tons pig [illegible], Gill & Bidwell; 23 bales hay, J & W [illegible]; [illegible] 2 cows, M Leonard; 20 pkgs h h goods, Miss Mansee; 7 do sundries, Miss Starke; 5 bbls, 4 bxs produce, H Sebaugh; 10 d hogs, M Dunseath; 2 coops turkeys and 2 do chickens, J Sebaugh; 1 bx tools, W B Scaife.

PITTSBURGH BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET COMPANY, December 16.—250 bxs w glass, R C Schmertz; 7 pkgs poultry, A Ames; 189 bxs w glass, Alex King; 130 do do, John Flack; 3 bbls whiskey, S Bechtold; 8 sks rags, Hill & Bro; 145 sks oats, Jas Gwinn; 9 sks wool, Clark & Co; 2 bbls poultry, Rankin & Bro; 15 pkgs produce, F Illeg; 39 sks wheat, Marshall, Kennedy & Co; 30 sks rye, 6 do wheat, McHenry & Hood; 3 bdls pelts, D Kinzer; 2 bbls whiskey, J Russell; 216 sks wheat, 3 pkgs lard, McCracken, G & Co; 100 sks oats, 1 bbl poultry, Keil & Ritchart; 12 dressed hogs, Thos Jones; 53 sks wheat, W McKee & Co; 3 pkgs poultry, S H Baird; 632 galls stoneware, E Heazleton; 25 bgs oats, McCullough, Smith & Co; 8 bales hay, R H Conway.

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede slowly at this point, with 7 feet 5 inches in the channel. Weather continues cloudy and cold, and fears of an early freeze up are entertained.

The Granite State from Portsmouth arrived on Thursday night and departed yesterday, as usual. She had a good up trip, and a fair trip out again. Abrahams and Jos. Whitten are her pilots.

The Carrie Brooks arrived about noon yesterday, with an excellent trip, and will return to Zanesville, as usual, to-day at four P. M.

The St. Charles, from Cincinnati, was due last evening.

The Glendale arrived at St. Louis on Wednesday.

It was expected that there would be water enough on the falls yesterday to let the Yeager over.

The Gilmore, Capt. Stockdale's mammoth side-wheeler, is readily approaching completion, and will soon be ready to commence loading for New Orleans.

The Oil Valley arrived at Memphis on Wednesday, all right.

The Hercules was getting her tow ready yesterday.

We are indebted to clerks Dravo and Kirker of the St. Charles for a copy of her manifest.

The tiller rope of the new steamer J. S. McDonald broke when she was passing through Merriman on Thursday evening. She was, of course, unmanageable for a time and grounded, but soon got off and sustained no damage.

A portion of the tow of the Fearless, that grounded at Merriman, have been gotten off. Two of her barges, however, are so hard aground that they will have to remain there until there is a rise.

—We clip the following from the St. Louis *Times*: Thomas Morrison, dealer in boatstores, yesterday issued an attachment suit against Capt. G. G. Russell, who was robbed of $3,000 by Agnes Cooper, setting forth that Russell, on the 22d of November, 1869, gave his promissory note for twelve months, promising to pay Thos. Morrison & Co. $3,279 94. In a separate affidavit Morrison insists that the claim is a just one, and for a further ground of attachment charges that Russell is about to remove his property or effects out of this State, with an intent to defraud, hinder and delay his creditors. And further, that Russell has fraudulently conveyed or assigned his property, and that he is about to fraudulently conceal, remove or dispose of it. Upon the instance of the attachment, the Sheriff garnisheed the funds in the hands of the Chief of Police.

—Sugar and molasses are offering in increased quantities at New Orleans for the Ohio river, at 45 cents per hundred for sugar and $2.25 per barrel for molasses.

—The Wananita and Mollie Moore were advertised to leave New Orleans for Pittsburgh last Monday, and the Carrie V. Kountz Wednesday.

—The Bellevernon left Cincinnati for New Orleans on Wednesday evening drawing 6 feet. She had 30 cabin passengers.

—The Exchange passed Vicksburg on Wednesday and the Leonidas arrived at New Orleans the same day.

—The H. C. Yeager was at Louisville on Thursday waiting for water to decend the falls.

—The Kate Putnam will not load at Cincinnati for New Orleans until next week.

—The Richmond and Dexter now form a packet line between New Orleans and Cairo.

—The Hawkey State, St. Louis to Pittsburgh, passed by Cincinnati on Wednesday.

—The Mary Davage, Pittsburgh to St. Louis, was at Evansville on Wednesday.

—The Des Arc has quit the Friar's Point trade.

RIVER PACKETS.

U. S. MAIL LINE.

Pittsburgh, Brownsville and Geneva Packet Company.

LEAVES DAILY AT 8 A. M. & 4:30 P. M.,

FOR ALL POINTS ON THE MONONGAHELA RIVER.

STEAMER ELECTOR......Capt. DOVLE BOUGHER.
STEAMER CHIEFTAIN......Capt. ROBT. PHILLIPS.
STEAMER E. BENNETT......Capt. Z. W. CARMACK.

For further particulars inquire on Wharfboat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.

No freight will be received after 3½ o'clock.

de2:h61 A. S. CARLISLE, Agent.

REGULAR PACKET FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA, PARKERSBURG and PORTSMOUTH. The new and elegant GRANITE STATE......CAPT. WASH KERR. Will leave here for above points every FRIDAY at 4 P. M. Will receipt passengers and freight through to Chillicothe, all ports on Kanawha river and to Cincinnati.

n14 GEO. H. CHRIST & CO., Agents.

NEW ORLEANS.

FOR MEMPHIS, VICKSBURG and NEW ORLEANS.

TUESDAY, December 20—4 P. M.

The new sidewheel Passenger steamer

GLENCOE,

THOS S. CALHOUN............Commander.
JOHN Q. A. FARR............Clerk.

Will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage, apply on board, or to

de6 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

FOR RED RIVER DIRECT.

THE FIRST RISE.

THE NEW, LIGHT DRAUGHT, LOW PRESSURE PACKET,

MAY LOWRY,

GARRET BOLL............Commander.

Will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board. no22

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI WEEKLY PACKET—Leaves Pittsburgh every THURSDAY at 12 M., Leaves Cincinnati SATURDAY at 10 A. M. The new and splendid Sidewheel Packet JUNIATA......J. L. BRENAN, Commander. Will leave as announced. For freight or passage apply on board or to JAMES COLLINS & CO. FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

no7

MERCHANT TAILORS.

NEW FALL GOODS.

A splendid new stock of

Cloths, Cassimeres, &c.,

Just received by HENRY MEYER,

Merchant Tailor, 72 Smithfield street.

WALL PAPERS.

NEW WALL PAPERS.

Now receiving, of new designs, for halls, dining rooms and chambers. Also, Plain Tints and Decorations in extensive variety, at

No. 107 MARKET ST., near Fifth avenue.

oc29 JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

ESTABLISHED 1809.

Enoch Morgan's Sons

SAPOLIO,

FOR GENERAL HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES.

IS BETTER AND CHEAPER THAN SOAP

for cleaning windows (without water), removing stains from marble and paint, securing and polishing cutlery and culinary articles, and excellent for general house cleaning purposes.

Pittsburgh Depot for Enoch Morgan's Sons Soaps and Sapolio, at JESSE H. LIPPINCOTT'S, Cor. Smithfield St. and 2d avenue.

del-ws

Brilliancy AND POLISH ATTAINED BY USING Silver White. FOR SALE BY John Stevenson's Sons & Co. 23 MARKET st. Pittsburgh.

T. T. T.

Trego's Teaberry Toothwash.

It is the most pleasant, cheapest and best Dentifrice extant. [illegible]

Sold by all Druggists and Dentists.

[illegible] A. M. WILSON, Philadelphia.

FIRE IRONS, FIRE IRONS.—New [illegible] is the season for purchasing the above articles. I have on hand an assortment of [illegible] and Shovels [illegible] in the city, and invite attention [illegible].

[illegible]

OFFICIAL.

United States Mails.

PENNSYLVANIA.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, Sept. 30, 1870.

Proposals for conveying the mails of the United States from July 1, 1871, to June 30, 1872, on the following routes in the State of Pennsylvania, will be received at the Contract Office of this Department until 3 p. m. of March 1st, 1871, to be decided by March 30, as follows:

2365 From Cutler, by North Oakland, Barnhart's Mills, Baldwin, and Bruin to Lawrenceburgh, 22 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Butler Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7.30 a. m.;
Arrive at Lawrenceburgh by 4 p. m.
Leave Lawrenceburgh Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 7.30 a. m.;
Arrive at Butler by 4 p. m.

2630 From Liberty Corners, by Storr's Mills, to New Era, 11 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Liberty Corners Saturday at 8 a. m.;
Arrive at New Era Saturday by 12 m.
Leave New Era Saturday at 1 p. m.;
Arrive at Liberty Corners by 5 p. m.

2634 From Bedford to Dowingsville, (Imlertown P. O.,) 6 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Bedford Tuesday and Friday at 3 p. m.;
Arrive at Imlertown by 5 p. m.
Leave Imlertown, Tuesday and Friday at 8 a. m.;
Arrive at Bedford by 10 a. m.

2635 From West Bingham, by Bingham Centre and Bingham, to Spring Mills, (N. Y.) 7 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave West Bingham Tuesday and Saturday at 3 p. m.;
Arrive at Spring Mills by 5 p. m.;
Leave Spring Mills Tuesday and Saturday at 12 m.;
Arrive at West Bingham by 2 p. m.

2636 From Pottstown to Cedarville (no office) 2 miles and back, three times a week, by a schedule satisfactory to the Postmaster at Cedarville.

2637 From Oxford, by Mount Vernon, Colerain, Kirkwood, Forestdale, and Hartville, to Christiana, 18 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Oxford Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 1 P. M.
Arrive at Christiana by 6 P. M.
Leave Christiana Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 7 A. M.
Arrive at Oxford by 12 M.
This route is supposed to be covered by existing service, and, if so, will not be let.

2638 From Horton's by Rochester's Mills (no office) to Brady, 12 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Horton's Saturday at 8 A. M.
Arrive at Brady by 11 A. M.
Leave Brady Saturday at 1 P. M.
Arrive at Horton's by 4 P. M.
Proposals for more frequent service invited.

2639 From Osceola Mills, by Houtzdale and Madera, to Smith's Mills, 15 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Osceola Mills Tuesday and Saturday at 7 A. M.
Arrive at Smith's Mills by 12 M.
Leave Smith's Mills Tuesday and Saturday at 1 P. M.
Arrive at Osceola Mills by 6 P. M.

2640 From Hanlin Station, by Eldersville (no office) and Independence, to Bethany (W. Va.), 16 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Hanlin Station Saturday at 8 A. M.
Arrive at Bethany by 12 M.
Leave Bethany Saturday at 1 P. M.
Arrive at Hanlin Station by 5 P. M.
Proposals for more frequent service invited.

2641 From Troy Centre (no office) to Tryonville, 6 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Troy Centre Saturday at 10 A. M.
Arrive at Tryonville by 12 M.
Leave Tryonville Saturday at 1 P. M.
Arrive at Troy Centre by 3 P. M.
Proposals invited for service twice a week, on Wednesday and Saturday.

2642 From Flicksville (no office,) to Penargil, (no office.)
Bidders will state distance and propose schedule of arrivals and departures.

2643 From Coopersburg, by Lanark, Limeport, Stinesburg and Zion Hill, (no office,) to Coopersburg, 18 miles, three times a week, equal to 9 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Coopersburg Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 M.;
Arrive at Coopersburg by 6 P. M.

2644 From Dixon, by East Lemon (no office,) to Pierceville, 6 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Dixon Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 A. M.;
Arrive at Pierceville by 9 A. M.;
Leave Pierceville Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 10 A. M.;
Arrive at Dixon by 12 M.

2645 From Milroy to Siglerville, (no office,) 3 miles and back, three times a week, by a schedule satisfactory to the Postmaster at Siglerville.

2646 From Sandy Lake, by North Sandy and French Creek, to Utica, 11 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Sandy Lake Tuesday and Saturday at 3 P. M.;
Arrive at Utica by 6 P. M.;
Leave Utica Tuesday and Saturday at 7 A. M.;
Arrive at Sandy Lake by 10 A. M.
Proposals for an additional weekly trip on Thursday invited.

2647 From Millerstown, by Coffman's (no office,) Uhl's store, (no office,) Barnes' hotel, (no office,) and Miller's Store, (no office,) to M'Kee's Half Falls, 18 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Millerstown Saturday at 6 A. M.;
Arrive at McKee's Half Falls by 12 M.;
Leave McKee's Half Falls Saturday at 1 P. M.;
Arrive at Millerstown by 7 P. M.

2648 From Edge Hill Station, (no office,) by Fitzwatertown, Jarrettown and Three Tuns, to Prospectville, 8 miles and back, six times a week, by a schedule making close connections at Edge Hill Station with regular mail trains.

2649 From Newport, by Acker's Store (no office) and Montgomery's Ferry, to Liverpool, 15 miles—only that part of the route from Newport to Montgomery's Ferry will be let, 10 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Newport Saturday at 3 P. M.;
Arrive at Montgomery's Ferry by 6 P. M.
Leave Montgomery's Ferry Saturday at 7.30 A. M.;
Arrive at Newport by 10.30 A. M.

2650 From Tobyhanna Mills to South Sterling, 8 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Tobyhanna Mills Saturday at 1 P. M.;
Arrive at South Sterling by 4 P. M.;
Leave South Sterling Saturday 7 A. M.;
Arrive at Tobyhanna Mills by 10 A. M.

2651 From North East, by Greenfield, to Wattsburg, 16 miles and back, once a week.
Leave North East Saturday at 2 P. M.;
Arrive at Wattsburg by 6 P. M.;
Leave Wattsburg Saturday at 6 A. M.;
Arrive at North East by 10 A. M.;
Proposals for an additional trip on Tuesday, invited.

2652 From Herrickville, by James Mitten's (no office) and Wm. Nesbits (no office,) to Rummerfield Creek, 5 miles and back, three times a week in close connection with R. R. mail trains, by a schedule satisfactory to the postmasters.

2653 From Wyalusing, by Lime Hill, Ballebay, (no office,) and Camp school house, to Herrick, 10 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Wyalusing Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 11.30 A. M. or after arrival of mail train;
Arrive at Herrick by 2.30 P. M.;
Leave Herrick Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 A. M.;
Arrive at Wyalusing by 10 A. M.

2654 From Russell Hill to Keiserville, (no office,) 2½ miles and back, once a week, by a schedule satisfactory to the postmaster.

2655 From Phoenixville, by Pickering and West Pikeland, to Chester Springs, 7 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Phoenixville Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 M.;
Arrive at Chester Springs by 2 P. M.;
Leave Chester Springs Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6.30 A. M.;
Arrive at Phoenixville by 8.30 A. M.

2656 From Cochransville to Londonderry, 2½ miles and back, three times a week, by a schedule satisfactory to the postmaster at Londonderry.

2657 From Lanark to Allentown, 4 miles and back, three times a week by a schedule satisfactory to the postmaster at Lanark.

2658 From Trunkeyville to Fagundas Forest (no office,) 1 mile and back, three times a week, by a schedule satisfactory to the postmaster.

2659 From Carrolltown, by Nicktown and Kimmell's, to Pine Flats, 12 miles and back, once a week.
Leaves Carrolltown Saturday at 8 A. M.;
Arrives at Pine Flats at 12 M.;
Leaves Pine Flats Saturday at 1 P. M.;
Arrive at Carrolltown at 5 P. M.

2660 From Central office, in Philadelphia, to the following named sub-offices, from October 1, 1871, to June 30, 1872, viz: Somerton, Byberry, Holmesburg, Olney, [illegible], Castleton, Fox Chase, Milestown, Oxford Church, Torresdale, Verree's Mill and Wheat Sheaf, twice daily, except Sunday, in each direction, or oftener if required, by a schedule satisfactory to the postmaster at Philadelphia, and the whole service and means of transportation to be under his direction. Rates per annum to be stated in bids.

2661 From Liberty to Brittenwood (no office) and Steam Valley (no office,) to Trout Run, 15 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Liberty Saturday at 7 A. M.;
Arrive at Trout Run by 12 M.;
Leave Trout Run Saturday at 1 P. M.;
Arrive at Trout Run by 6 P. M.
Proposals invited for more frequent service.

NOTES.

Proposals must be to carry the mail with "celerity, certainty and security," using the terms of law, and they must be guaranteed by two responsible persons, certified to as such by a postmaster or a judge of a court of record.

No pay will be made for trips not performed, and for each of such omissions not satisfactorily explained, three times the pay of the trip may be deducted. For arrivals so far behind time as to break connection with depending mails, and not sufficiently excused, one-fourth of the compensation for the trip is subject to forfeiture. Fines will be imposed, unless the delinquency be satisfactorily explained, for neglecting to take the mail from or into a postoffice; for suffering it to be injured, destroyed, robbed, or lost; and for refusing, after demand, to convey the mail as frequently as the contractor runs, or is concerned in running, vehicles on the route. The Postmaster General may annul the contract for disobeying the postoffice laws, or the instructions of the Department. He may alter the schedule of departures and arrivals, and also order an increase of service by allowing therefor a *pro rata* increase on the contract pay. He may also curtail or discontinue the service in whole or in part, at a proportionate decrease of pay, allowing as full indemnity to the contractor one month's extra compensation on the amount of service dispensed with, and a *pro rata* compensation for the service retained and continued. Bids should be addressed to the "Second Assistant Postmaster General," superscribed "Proposals, State of Pennsylvania," and sent by mail.

For forms of proposals, &c., and other information, see advertisement of October 31st, 1870, and of this date, in pamphlet form, at the principal postoffices.

JNO. A. J. CRESWELL,
Postmaster General.

WARNER'S

PILE REMEDY.

WARNER'S PILE REMEDY has never failed [illegible] to cure the very worst cases of Blind, Itching or Bleeding Piles. Those who are afflicted should immediately call on their druggist and get WARNER'S PILE REMEDY. It is expressly for the Piles, and is not recommended to cure any other disease. It has cured many cases of over thirty years standing. Price $1. For sale by druggists everywhere.

DREKA.

Importer and Retail Dealer in FINE STATIONERY.

WEDDING, VISITING, PARTY AND BUSINESS CARD ENGRAVING.

MONOGRAMS, ARMS, ILLUMINATING, &c.

Orders by mail receive prompt attention. [illegible] 1033 CHESTNUT STREET, Philadelphia.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for TWO STAMPS.

MANHOOD: HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED!—Just Published in a sealed envelope. Price, six cents. A LECTURE ON THE NATURAL TREATMENT, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhoea, or Seminal Weakness, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c., by ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c. "A BOON TO THOUSANDS OF SUFFERERS." Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, to CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO., 127 Bowery, New York, Postoffice box 4586. Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.—This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world, the only true and perfect Dye. Harmless—Reliable—Instantaneous—No disappointment—No ridiculous tints—"Does not contain Lead nor any Vitalic Poison to injure the Hair or System." Invigorates the Hair and leaves it soft and beautiful, Black or Brown. Sold by all Druggists and dealers. Applied at the Factory, No. 16 Bond street, N. Y.

AVOID QUACKS.—A Victim of early indiscretion, causing nervous debility, premature decay, &c., having tried in vain every advertised remedy, has a simple means of self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. TUTTLE, 78 Nassau street, New York.

OILS, COOPERAGE, &c.

ECLIPSE

Petroleum Refinery.

SPECIALTY.

Lubricating Oils,

Manufactured by Superheated Steam in Vacuo, under Dr. Tweddle's Patent.

HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,

Office, 174 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Works at Aladdin, Armstrong Co., Pa.

Tack, Bro. & Co.,

PERRY BUILDING,

Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh.

DEALERS IN

Crude & Refined Petroleum.

TACK BROS.,

Philadelphia.

WARING & KING,

Commission Merchants and Brokers in

Petroleum and its Products,

DALZELL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY.

Philadelphia Address.

WARING, KING & CO.,

109 WALNUT STREET.

GEORGE BUCHANAN............W. J. KELSEY.

CRESCENT

Lubric Oil Works,

GEO. BUCHANAN & CO.,

Manufacturers of LUBRICATING OILS, CARBON and HEAD-LIGHT OILS.

Office, corner EIGHTH STREET and DUQUESNE WAY, Pittsburgh, Pa. Works South Pittsburgh.

Logan Brothers & Co.

123 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA. EIGHTH AND DUQUESNE WAY, PITTSB'G.

Commission Merchants in

PETROLEUM.

Warehouses: Delaware river, terminus of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Liberal cash advances made on consignments.

McClelland & McLean,

(SUCCESSORS TO ARTHUR KIRK.)

MANUFACTURERS

Lamps, Lamp Goods, Chandeliers, Hall Lamps, Table Glassware, &c.

LUBRICATING, CARBON & HEAD LIGHT OILS,

No. 280 LIBERTY and 173 WOOD ST.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

W. H. HOWARD & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Lard and Lubricating

OILS,

Of all Grades.

27 SEVENTH (late Irwin) STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

W. H. EDGERTON,

Petroleum and Cooperage Only,

OFFICE

PERRY BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY, PITTSBURGH, PA.

B. D. MOORE,

BROKER AND DEALER IN

OIL BARRELS AND STAVES.

OFFICE: SILL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY, PITTSBURGH.

Burke & Wood,

Brokers in Petroleum, Cooperage, &c.,

Perry's Building, Duquesne Way.

Philadelphia Office: C. C. BURKE, 101 Walnut street.

M. EDWARDS,

Dealer in Petroleum,

INSPECTOR OF CRUDE OILS.

Office—SILL'S BLOCK, Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh.

F. A. DILWORTH,

Commission Merchant

FOR THE SALE OF

PETROLEUM.

Pittsburgh office, Sill's Block. | Philadelphia office, 106 Walnut street.

F. A. BATES............J. B. GOLDSBOROUGH.

BATES & GOLDSBOROUGH,

BROKERS AND SHIPPERS OF PETROLEUM,

Corner Duquesne and Eighth street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Represented by J. B. Miller, Oil City, Pa. and by D. C. Herbst, Parker's Landing, Pa.

WM. HASTINGS,

Manufacturer of Oil Barrels

And dealer in all kinds of Cooperage Stock. Orders promptly filled. Office, SILL'S BLOCK, Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH OIL CO.,

288 PENN STREET.

Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of OILS for Burning and Lubricating.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

Dissolution of Partnership

Notice is hereby given that the Partnership lately subsisting between EDWARD PRESSER and JOHN HABERMEHL, under the firm of PRESSER & HABERMEHL, expired on the 13th of December, 1870, by limitation of agreement. All demands on said Partnership are to be presented to JOHN HABERMEHL, No. 70 Pike street, Allegheny, or to EDWARD PRESSER, Economy.

JOHN HABERMEHL.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP—Notice is hereby given that the partnership subsisting between R. T. KENNEDY and W. S. KENNEDY, under the firm of R. T. KENNEDY & BRO., was dissolved on the 2d day of December, 1870, by mutual consent. R. T. KENNEDY is authorized to settle all debts due to and by the firm, and can be found at the Pittsburgh City Flouring Mills, MARSHALL, KENNEDY & CO.

R. T. KENNEDY,
W. S. KENNEDY.

ALLEGHENY, December 6, 1870.

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, Dec. 1st, 1870.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO all Property Owners in the City of Allegheny that on and after December 1st, 1870, the provisions of the 25th section of an Act relating to Streets in the City of Allegheny, passed April 1st, 1870, will be duly enforced.

[Extract from Act. State Laws, 1870.]

SEC. 25. In all cases where lands in said city are hereafter subdivided and laid out into blocks or lots, with streets and alleys, or new streets or public grounds are donated or granted to the public by the owner thereof, in [illegible] a plan showing the [illegible] to Councils for their approval. If they approve of the same they shall certify such to their approval. And no such map or plot shall be entitled to record or have any validity until so approved by Councils.

CHARLES DAVIS,
City Engineer.

LAYCOCK, HAWTHORN & CO.,

[illegible] ROOFERS and Manufacturers of all kinds of Galvanized Iron Cornice, Window Caps, Brackets, Ventilators, &c. Contracts taken in any part of the country for Roofing, Spouting, &c. [illegible] Allegheny, Pa.

FINANCIAL.

AMERICAN BANK,

No. 80 Fourth Avenue,

PITTSBURGH

CASH CAPITAL............$200,000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Thos. M. Marshall, John M. Murtland,
Wm. B. Shannon, Archibald Wallace,
James W. Arrott, Jas. D. Kelly,
Chas. B. Leech, Wm. Floyd.
John Floyd.

Collections made on all points in the United States and Canada. Prompt attention paid to correspondents.

Max Schamberg,

No. 163 SMITHFIELD STREET,

(Between Sixth and Seventh avenue,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Foreign Exchange and Passage.

Bonds, Stocks, Gold, Silver, &c., bought and sold on Commission.

Postal Money Orders on Europe issued under guarantee of the North German Post Department.

Foreign Money bought and sold.

Inheritances and Legacies collected in Europe.

Passage Agency of all first-class English and German Lines.

Real Estate Savings Bank,

63 FOURTH AVENUE.

ASSETS, November 1, 1870......$717,451.70.

President—ISAAC JONES.
Vice President—WM. H. SMITH.
Secretary and Treasurer—S. S. CARRIER.
Accountant—B. C. PARKE.
Solicitor—E. BRADFORD TODD.

TRUSTEES:

Hon. Thos. M. Howe, Harvey Childs,
Isaac Jones, Hon. J. K. Moorhead,
D. W. C. Bidwell, C. G. Hussey,
Jacob Painter, Nicholas Voeghtly,
Wm. H. Smith.

Interest allowed on deposits at 6 per cent. per annum, commencing the 1st and 15th days of each month, payable to depositors in May and November, which, if not drawn, will be added to the principal and compounded.

Open for deposits from 9 A. M. to 3 o'clock P. M. daily, and every Saturday evening, from May 1, to November 1, from 7 to 9, and from November 1 to May 1, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Tradesmen's National Bank,

WOOD STREET, CORNER SECOND AVE.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

Gold, Coupon Bonds and Stock

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

A. BRADLEY, President.
W. VANKIRK, Vice President.
CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier.

Allegheny Savings Bank,

ALLEGHENY, PA.

ORGANIZED IN 1845.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE. Deposits received and 6 per cent. allowed on time deposits. Particular attention given to collections and proceeds promptly remitted. Discount days, MONDAY and THURSDAY.

DIRECTORS:

James L. Graham, John Benn,
A. Moore, G. Wettach,
D. DeHaven, Andrew Ackley,
B. H. Geyer.

JAMES L. GRAHAM, President.
JOHN W. RIDDLE, Cashier.

THE

DIAMOND SAVINGS BANK.

No. 6 DIAMOND, PITTSBURGH.

CAPITAL............$240,000

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Deposits in sums of $1 and upwards received. Interest allowed on time deposits. Particular attention given to collections, proceeds of which will be remitted promptly.

DIRECTORS:

James M. Cooper, Abraham Garrison,
James McD. Allison, Andrew L. Robinson,
Wm. Hinds, L. Widerheld,
Jos. Fleming, N. P. Sawyer,
Wm. D. Cooper.

President—N. P. SAWYER.
Cashier—JOHN F. WILEY.

ALLEGHENY

NATIONAL BANK,

Of Pittsburgh.

No. 33 FIFTH AVENUE.

Capital Stock............$500,000.

J. W. COOK, President.
R. W. MACKEY, Cashier.
W. McCANDLESS, Asst. Cashier.

CITY BANK,

112 FIFTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL............$100,000

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all and in all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

DOMINICK IHMSEN, President.
JAMES McCABE, Vice President.
W. N. MORGAN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

D. Ihmsen, James McCabe,
Thomas Rourke, Hugh Keating,
Patrick Kane, Terence Campbell,
Chas. B. Barr, James Phelan,
Chas. Magina, H. A. Freyvogle,
R. J. Grace, Thomas Barnes.
N. Stupy.

JOS. M. GAZZAM, Solicitor.

THE SAFE DEPOSIT CO.

Of Pittsburgh,

FOR THE

Safe Keeping of Valuables,

Under guarantee, and the renting of Safes in its

Fire and Burglar-Proof Vaults,

No. 83 Fourth Ave.

President—WILLIAM PHILLIPS.
Vice President—HENRY FLOYD.

DIRECTORS:

William Phillips, Byron H. Painter,
Henry Lloyd, Jno. S. Morrison,
William Rea, George Black,
William M. Lyon, Curtis G. Hussey.
Jas. I. Bennett.

Sec'y and Treas.—S. F. VON BONNHORST.

Open daily from 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M.

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

Bankers and Brokers,

CORNER FOURTH AND WOOD STREETS,

Pittsburgh, Pa.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

Government Bonds.

ALSO

Sight Drafts on London.

N. Holmes & Sons,

BANKERS

57 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

STOCKS, BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES,

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

THE STRONGEST AND BEST SECURED, as well as most profitable investment now offered in the market.

7 Per Cent. Gold

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,

Coupon or Registered

(AND FREE OF U. S. TAX.)

Principal and Interest, Payable in Gold, issued by the

Burlington, Cedar Rapids

& Minnesota R. R. Co.

The small remaining balance of the Loan for sale at 90 and Accrued Interest in Currency.

Interest payable May and November.

J. EDGAR THOMPSON, CHARLES L. FROST, Trustees.

The Bonds are issued at $20,000 per mile against the portion of the line fully completed and equipped.

The greatest part of the road is already in operation, and the present earnings are largely in excess of the operating expenses and interest on the bonds. The balance of the work necessary to establish through connections, thereby shortening the distance between St. Paul and Chicago, 45 miles, and 90 miles to St. Louis, is rapidly progressing, in time for the movement of the coming grain crop, which, it is estimated will double the present income of the road.

The established character of this road, running as it does through the heart of the most thickly settled and richest portion of the great State of Iowa, together with its present advanced condition, [illegible] these bonds to investors as, in every respect, an undoubted security. A small quantity of the issue only remains unsold, and when the enterprise is completed, which will be this Fall, an immediate advance over the subscription price may be looked for.

These bonds have 50 years to run, are convertible at the option of the holder into the stock of the Company at par, and the payment of the principal is provided for by a sinking fund. The convertibility privilege attached to these bonds cannot fail to cause them at an early day to command a market price considerably above par. U. S. Five-twenties, at present prices return only 4½ per cent. currency interest, while these Bonds pay 9½ per cent., and we regard them to be as safe and fully equal as a security to any Railroad Bond issued; and until they are placed upon the New York Stock Exchange, the rules of which require the Road to be completed, we obligate ourselves to rebuy at any time any of these Bonds sold by us after this date at the same price as realized by us on their sale.

All marketable Securities taken in payment free of Commission and Express charges.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,

32 Wall Street, New York.

FOR SALE BY

[illegible] McLEAN & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.
TOWNSEND, WHELEN & CO., Philadelphia.
BARKER, BROS. & CO., Philadelphia.
[illegible], Philadelphia.
[illegible] & CO., Philadelphia.
[illegible] & BRO., Philadelphia.
THOS. A. BIDDLE & CO., Philadelphia.
C. D'INVILLIERS, Philadelphia.
[illegible] & CO., Philadelphia.
[illegible], Philadelphia.
WM. PAINTER & CO., Philadelphia.

Of whom Pamphlets and information may be obtained.

IRON AND STEEL.

Kensington Iron Works.

LLOYD & BLACK,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Merchant Bar, Sheet and Boiler Plate Iron,

SMALL T AND FLAT RAIL,

(For Coal Roads.)

OFFICE AND WORKS,

GREENOUGH STREET,

(Adjoining City Gas Works,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

MERCHANT IRON.

And Heavy Hardware.

Carriage, Plow, Machine, Square Head Bridge and Skein Bolts,

NUTS, WASHERS, and COACH SCREWS, HARROW TEETH, PLOW, HANDLE EXTENSION RODS, &c.

BOLTS, SPIKES and WROUGHT IRON SHAPES for Bridges, Dams, Piers, Breakwater and other permanent structures made promptly at a small advance in price of iron.

FOUNDATION BOLTS FOR DAMS, with ends slit by machinery. HOOK and EYE, SCREW and SCREW and STRAP HINGES. Originators and Patentees of their new line of

Wagon Hardware,

Comprising Patent Wagon Box, Strap Bolts and Wrought Iron Bolster Plates, Large Head Wagon Rivets, Neck Yoke Eyes, King Bolts, Box Rods, Ruber Plates, Axle Bolts, Queen Bolts, Tongue Cap, Sand Band, Single Tree and other labor saving odd shapes of iron. Send for prices to

LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,

91 and 93 Water St., and 114 and 116 First avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Etna Iron Works,

SPANG,

CHALFANT

& CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron, Nails, Boiler Plate

AND

WROUGHT IRON TUBES.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:

Cor. of Sandusky St. and West Penna. and P., Ft. W. & C. R. R's, Allegheny City.

Postoffice address, PITTSBURGH, PA.

CRESCENT

STEEL WORKS.

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

OFFICE: No. 339 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

DUQUESNE WORKS

Coleman, Rahm & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

IRON, NAILS, STEEL,

Axels and Springs.

DUQUESNE, L X AND JUNIATA

FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG AND DROPPED BARS, FLANGES, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON, T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads. CROWBARS WEDGES and HARROW TEETH, SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS, cut to pattern, STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A B STEEL, COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and AXLES, CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.

All Goods First Class and Warranted.

OFFICES AND WORKS—18th street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water street, Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh Steel Works.

ESTABLISHED IN 1845.

ANDERSON & WOODS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Best Refined Cast Steel

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. ALSO,

Best Refined German Plow & Spring Steel.

CORNER ROSS AND FIRST AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa.

PITTSBURGH

Novelty Works.

FOUNDED A. D. 1832.

MOORHEAD, ADAMS & CO.,

Manufacturers of KEYSTONE STANDARD (Fairbank's Patent) PLATFORM AND COUNTER

SCALES.

Jones Reed Patent Door Locks and Latches, Paint and Coffee Mills, &c. Corner of FIRST AVENUE and GRANT ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sheffield Steel Works.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Manufacturers of every description of

Cast and German Steel,

RAILWAY SPRINGS, ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS, AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c. &c.

WAREHOUSE—83 Water and 100 First avenue.

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all Descriptions of

STEEL,

OFFICE and WAREHOUSE, 30th, 31st, and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, &c.

Laing & McKallip,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GRAIN, FLOUR AND FEED.

Hydraulic Cement, White Lime, Calcined and Land Plaster, and Anthracite Coal,

No. 347 LIBERTY ST.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN McKIRDY............A. TAYLOR.

Jno. McKirdy & Co.,

General Commission Merchants,

Flour, Grain, Seeds, Feed, &c.

No. 351 Liberty Street.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ESTABLISHED BY A. & S. GORMLY, 1818.

W. M. GORMLY,

Wholesale Grocer,

271 LIBERTY STREET,

(Directly opposite Eagle Hotel,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Meanor & Harper,

FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE

Commission Merchants,

No. 300 LIBERTY STREET.

Consignments solicited.

John Porterfield & Co.,

FAMILY GROCERS,

And dealers in Best Brands of St. LOUIS FLOUR. No. 15 MARKET STREET, Corner of First Avenue.

L. J. BLANCHARD,

Wholesale and Retail Grocer,

No. 396 PENN STREET.

W. C. Armstrong,

(Successor to [illegible])

PRODUCE [illegible]

[illegible]

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD. After Dec. 4th, 1870, Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

EASTWARD. Through Trains Leave Union Depot.		WESTWARD. Through Trains Arrive at Union Depot.	
Pacific Ex.	2:20 am	Mail Train	1:00 pm
Southern Ex.	4:30 am	Fast Line	1:30 am
Mail Train	8:10 am	Cincinnati Ex.	0:30 pm
Cincin'ti Ex.	12:50 pm	Pittsb'gh Ex.	3:05 am
Phila. Express	3:20 pm	Pacific Ex.	10:40 am
Fast Line	[illegible]	Way Passen'r	10:30 pm
LOCAL.		LOCAL.	
Wall's No. 1	6:20 am	Wall's No. 1	6:00 am
Brinton Ac No 1	10:30 am	Brin'n Ac No. 1	7:30 am
Wall's No. 2	11:31 am	Wall's No. 2	8:30 am
Wall's No. 4	6:05 pm	Johnstown Ac.	9:20 am
Johnstown Ac.	4:05 pm	Wall's No. 3	9:30 pm
Wall's No. 3	3:05 pm	Braddocks Ac	
Wall's No. 5	11:00 pm	No. 1	2:15 pm
Wilkinsb'g Ac	8:50 pm	Brin'n Ac No. 2	1:00 pm
Braddocks Ac.		Wall's No. 4	3:00 pm
No. 1	4:50 pm	Wilkinsb'g Ac.	10:00 pm

Cincinnati Express and Southern Express leave daily.

Pacific Express leaves daily, except Monday. All other trains daily, except Sunday.

The Church Train leaves Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:02 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:20 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 1:05 p. m. and arrives at Wall's Station at 2:25 p. m. Sunday Brinton Accommodation leaves Pittsburgh at 8:30 p. m., arrives at Brinton at 9:30 p. m.

For further information apply to

W. B. STOREY, Agent.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding that amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.

A. J. CASSATT,
General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA R. R. On and after DEC. 12, 1870, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows:

(CITY TIME.)

ARRIVE.		DEPART.	
Springd'e No. 1	6:40 a m	Mail	7:00 a m
Freeport No. 1	8:30 a m	Freeport No. 1	[illegible]
Express	10:20 a m	Claremont Ac. 1	[illegible]
Claremont Ac. 1	2:52 p m	Express	[illegible]
Freeport No. 2	3:40 p m	Springd'e No. 1	[illegible]
Mail	5:40 p m	Freeport No. 2	[illegible]
Springd'e No. 2	[illegible]	Springd'e No. 2	[illegible]

Above trains run daily except Sunday.

The Church Train leaves Freeport every Sunday at [illegible] A. M., reaching Allegheny City at [illegible] A. M. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at [illegible] P. M. and arrives at Freeport at 2:30 P. M.

Through tickets to Butler and [illegible] may be purchased at Walter's Stage Office, No. [illegible] St. Clair street, near the Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny.

For further information apply to

JAMES [illegible], Agent, Federal Street Depot.

Local Tickets to all important points on the main line of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

[illegible]
General Superintendent.
[illegible]
Superintendent, Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY—[illegible] From December 4, 1870, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

[illegible]

[illegible] Chicago Express leaves daily.
[illegible] Pacific Express arrives daily.
[illegible] Fast Line leaves daily, Mondays excepted.
[illegible] Fast Line arrives daily, Mondays excepted.
[illegible] All other trains will leave and arrive daily, Sundays excepted.

[illegible]
F. R. MYERS,
Gen'l Pass. & Ticket Agent.
J. N. McCULLOUGH,
Gen'l Manager.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD. NEW LINE TO BUFFALO THROUGH THE OIL REGIONS.

On and after MONDAY, Dec. 5th, 1870, 3 through Trains daily (except Sunday) will leave and arrive at Union Depot for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

[illegible]

Church train on [illegible] leaves Hulton (Sundays) [illegible] at 10:10 A. M. and leaves at 1:30 P. M. Accommodation trains stop at all stations.

Pullman's Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Night Express Trains, both ways between Pittsburgh and Corry.

Through Coaches on Day Express [illegible] between Pittsburgh and Brocton.

[illegible]
JAMES [illegible], Gen'l Sup't.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD. CHANGE OF TIME. On and after SUNDAY, Nov. 20th, 1870, trains will arrive at and depart from depot, corner of Grant and Water streets, Pittsburgh city time:

[illegible]

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY, PAN HANDLE ROUTE. On and after SUNDAY, Nov. 20, 1870, trains will leave and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, city time:

[illegible]

W. W. CARD, Sup't., Steubenville, O.

HARDWARE & CUTLERY.

Logan, Gregg & Co.,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

No. 52 Wood Street.

Meat Cutters and Stuffers,

HORSE SHOES AND NAILS,

Nail Rods,

BUILDING HARDWARE,

WHICH WE OFFER [illegible] MARKET [illegible]

Merchants are invited to examine our stock. [illegible]

BEAVER FALLS

CUTLERY CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Table Knives and Forks,

Pocket Knives,

Butcher Knives,

Bread Knives,

Carving Knives,

AND OTHER

ARTICLES OF CUTLERY

OF SUPERIOR MAKE.

Beaver Falls Cutlery Co.,

BEAVER FALLS,

PENNA.

COAL AND COKE.

Charles H. Armstrong,

DEALER IN

Youghiogheny and Connellsville Coal,

[illegible]

[illegible]

Oscar F. Lamm & Co.

[illegible]

CONNELLSVILLE COKE,

DEALERS IN

Youghiogheny, Nut, Anthracite Coal,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

OFFICE: ROOM No. 4, Dantie Building.

[illegible]

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

[illegible]

No. 507 Liberty Street,

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

HOME NEWS.

Remember—The GAZETTE is delivered at your door for fifteen cents per week, payable to the carrier.

Time table on the Western Pennsylvania Road is changed this morning.

Read the advertisement of J. B. Dodge No. 63 Fifth avenue. His books are all new and especially adapted for Holidays.

Gust Schoch was arrested yesterday and held for a hearing before Alderman O'Donnell for knocking Burgess Glenn down in Shoenberger's nail factory, Ninth ward.

Yesterday a select delegation of roughs, thieves, pickpockets and villains generally, arrived in the city from New York. They will doubtless give Chief Hague work before many days.

Letters held for postage in the Pittsburgh Postoffice, December 16.
Burined E Franklin, Pa., 3.
Loyd E M Hollidaysburg, Pa., 3.
Balte J. H. Lock No. 3.

Alderman McMasters yesterday issued a warrant for the arrest of James McGee, proprietor of a tavern in the Diamond for selling liquor on Sunday. John Getz and Jacob Barber were the prosecutors.

Personal.—Our esteemed fellow-citizen, M. L. Rosenbach, and his estimable lady, yesterday left for an extended tour throughout the Southern States. We hope they may have a pleasant and enjoyable time.

Yesterday about noon fire was discovered in R. Bracken's new hall on Butler street. The flames were confined to the wall, and the fire was caused by a defective flue. It was quickly extinguished and the Fire Department was not called out.

Yesterday was a regular winter day, and a forcible reminder of the propriety of calling at Urling Pollanshee & Co.'s, southeast corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street, and purchase a suit of clothing for protection against the chilling blasts of the season. This is the fashionable tailoring house of the city.

The alarm of fire yesterday from box 72, Lawrenceville, was occasioned by the burning out of the soot in the chimney of Dr. Arensburg's residence, on Butler street, the sparks from which ignited the shingles of the roof. The flames were extinguished without the aid of the fire department, and without much damage.

Wm. Hollinger was arrested yesterday and in default of one thousand dollars bail, was committed to jail by Alderman Mullen, of Allegheny, to answer a charge of assault and battery with attempt to commit a rape, preferred by Julia Hartmeyer. Julia says she was employed as nurse to the sick wife of the defendant, when the attempt was made.

Young Men's Christian Association.—A sermon to young men will be preached under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow (Sabbath) evening, by Rev. Mr. Woodburn, in the Sandhurst street Baptist Church, Allegheny. Mr. W. has been located here only a few months, is an eloquent preacher, and an earnest Christian worker. Seats free. Young men specially invited.

East Liberty.

The Fair for the benefit of the East Liberty Methodist Episcopal Church commenced last evening, and will continue during next week. Among the novelties will be a New England kitchen, managed by our East Liberty belles. The young gentlemen of the city should be on hand daily, as it will be worth fifty cents to look a half an hour at the handsome girls, beside the soup and beans that will be thrown in.

The Mercantile Library.

The following well-known gentlemen have been nominated by the Committee as the regular ticket of officers for the Association for 1871:

President—T. Brent Swearingen.
Vice-President—C. H. Shea.
Treasurer—Oliver Lemon.
Secretary—J. M. H. Reinhart.
Directors—William L. Jones, W. P. Herbert, J. B. Schwartz, Chas. B. McVay, Henry Holdship.
Auditors—Andrew Long, W. H. Kincaid, A. A. McCarty.

Denial and Fight.

Last night a street fight occurred about nine o'clock, on Fifth avenue, near Smithfield street, between Porter Ramsey and J. H. Kripps. Ramsey accused Kripps of "going through" him. Kripps was indignant at this imputation of his honesty. The result was a lively fight, which attracted the attention of a large crowd. Among others was Officer Glenn, who took both into custody. At the lockup Kripps was searched, but the missing money was not found upon him. He left five dollars for his appearance, and Ramsey remained in the lockup all night.

Krempie's Trials.

Frank Krempie, the champion checker, a history of whose operations in the bogus check line, was given to our readers, in a former issue, was up before Mayor Callow yesterday, on the charge of fraud, preferred against him by Caleb Netting. The result was he was held in the sum of $500 for trial. He sent for a bondsman, but at latest accounts that accommodating individual had not appeared.

It is said that he issued a number of checks other than those noted, but the parties have not prosecuted.

Furniture.

We bespeak the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Messrs. T. B. Young & Co., No. 21 Smithfield street. They claim to have the latest designs and best assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Dinning-room Furniture in the city, and to sell the same at reduced prices. The firm has been as long in the furniture trade as any other in the city, and has established itself in the confidence of the community. When they say their stock is large, varied and cheap, customers will find the fact to be as they state it. The Spring Bed Lounge, now so popular in the city and country, is one of their specialities worthy of the great favor it enjoys.

Important Meeting To-Day.

We take pleasure in being able to inform our readers that there is every prospect of Pittsburgh taking the lead in the most promising and beneficent enterprise of the age. The scheme for a company to build "homes for the people," of which we made mention a few days since, is rapidly taking shape and will soon be an accomplished fact. It is now in the hands of some of the most responsible and influential of our business men, who, we understand, will have a meeting to-day at 3 P. M., at the rooms of the Conservative Life Insurance Company, 131 Smithfield street, to arrange for placing the stock in suitable hands.

Interesting Lectures.

The second of the course of Lectures coming off during the present month at Centenary M. E. Church, Kirkpatrick street, near Center avenue, will be delivered by Rev. Joseph Horner, D. D., the genial and erudite agent of the Methodist Book Store of this city, on next Tuesday evening the 20th inst., at 7½ o'clock. Subject, "Bubbles." This will afford the people of the Eleventh and Thirteenth wards, and those residing along the Central Passenger Street Car route, a fine opportunity to hear another instructive and entertaining lecture. Proceeds for the benefit of the Church. The house should be crowded.

Fire at Shady Side—Loss Over $4,000.

The alarm of fire yesterday morning at half past two o'clock, noticed in the GAZETTE, was caused by the burning of a new building on Amberson avenue, Shady Side. The house was designed as a parsonage for the Presbyterian minister, whose church is located in the vicinity. The building had not been quite ready for occupancy and fire had been kindled in it to dry the plastering. It is supposed that a coal from one of these ignited the floor and thus caused the destruction of the building. The loss will amount to over $4,000. As the house had not yet been turned over to the building committee the loss will fall upon the contractor, Mr. John Bowersmith, of Lawrenceville.

The Relief and the Hook and Ladder Truck were out, but the firemen were baulked in their operations for want of a sufficient supply of water.

Those Scientific Lectures.

The lectures which were to have been delivered this week by Prof. Shell, the distinguished scientific lecturer, before the Browning Literary Society of the Pittsburgh Female College, were postponed, but will be given positively on next Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday evenings, at the College Chapel. Cards of admission for the full course may be obtained at one dollar each (three lectures); single lectures, fifty cents each, for sale at the book and music stores. The three lectures will be on the natural history of the earth, or ancient and modern geology, illustrated with free-hand drawing on a black board, and with a powerful magnesium light and microscope projecting views and specimens of the objects [illegible] on an area of over four hundred square feet. We hope there will be large attendance, as the ladies of the Browning Society deserve hearty and liberal encouragement from our people, to whose enjoyment they have so often catered without pay.

Horse Thieves Caught.

Two horse thieves were captured by officer McKnight, of Alderman Bowden's force, in a neat manner Thursday night. The fellows, two colored men, were in the Allegheny Diamond endeavoring to sell a fine horse, when the officer happening along and suspecting all was not right, questioned them. They gave evasive answers, so much so that the officer took them into custody. At the Magistrate's office they said the horse had been purchased from the Sheriff of Armstrong county. The Sheriff happened to be at the Monongahela House, (having brought W. H. Greenwood to the Penitentiary,) and was consulted upon the matter. He had no knowledge of any such sale and the men were accordingly kept in the lock-up during the night. Yesterday morning, Mayor Brush received a note from New Texas, Plum township, to the effect that John A. Conner had lost a horse answering the description of the one in possession of the colored chaps. They were accordingly committed for a hearing on a charge of larceny.

The Coroner's Office.

During the canvas for the nomination last summer Mr. West, the present Coroner, promised that if elected he would work great reforms in that office. But promises, like the products of the Bohemian glass blowers, are more easily broken than made. Mr. West was nominated and elected by the regular Republican party, (he was not a Reformer,) but we have as yet been unable to discover any of the many reforms promised.

We stated in a report of a case with which the Coroner was connected a few days since that we were unable to find that worthy official at his office. His excuse to us, for not being there was that he had no office; that the office in which his books were kept was occupied by Alderman Noblock, who carried the keys. This excuse might be good if the office of Coroner did not afford an income of over $5,000 annually, in legitimate fees, to say nothing of what is derived from physicians [illegible]

[illegible]

COURT OF INQUIRY (?).

The Second Session of the Court for the Vindication of the Chief Engineer—Additional Opinions Relative to the Matter—The Chief Sneers and Makes a Statement—The Farce Continued.

The second meeting of the Fire Commissioners for the purpose of vindicating the action of the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department at the fire at Wormser, Myers & Co.'s oil refinery was held yesterday. The proceedings, like those of the previous meeting of the Court of Inquiry (?), published yesterday, were simply a farce, to say the least of them. The investigation, if in truth it is one, is conducted in such a manner as to leave the impression on the mind of any unprejudiced man that it is a "court of vindication" rather than an investigation. The prejudice on the part of some members of the Commission is so strong that it is impossible for them to conceal it. But more of this again.

The Court convened at three o'clock, President Hays in the chair.

The roll was called, and all being present, the investigation continued.

Before taking testimony a note from Mr. Wormser was received, stating that it was at his earnest solicitation Mr. Cohen was induced to conduct the case for the prosecution.

THE TESTIMONY.

Robert Johnson, sworn—I know the Chief Engineer—know Mr. Moore who testified yesterday—Heard him make some remarks—He said that G—d—n of a b—h McElroy threatened to slap me in the mouth, but he had better not try that; when he made the remark he showed a revolver.

Mr. Bayne asked what the temperament of Mr. Moore was.

Mr. Cohen objected on the ground that the witness was not competent to testify.

The President as usual ruled the question in order, and the question was answered as follows:

He is an excitable man.

The fire was skillfully managed in my estimation. I have had considerable experience at fires.

Cross-examined—Do not know what time I arrived at the fire. The still was on fire when I got there. I do not know how long it would have taken to put the fire out in the still. Mr. Moore said that the chief threatened to slap him in the mouth and had insulted him. This was after Mr. Moore had called on the chief for a stream. I suppose the cause of his excitement was his controversy with the Chief Engineer. The chief was not present when Mr. Moore spoke to me.

Mr. Woods, sworn—I am foreman of the Independence; was at the fire; the chief told me as soon as I got the board pile dampened down to take the stream round in the yard and throw on the still; I obeyed his instructions; at that time the boards were still burning a little; after we got the oil refinery out we moved the stream back on the board pile; think if the stream had been moved from the board pile any sooner that the whole lumber pile would have burned.

Cross-Examined—I was not in the oil yard before I went there at the Chief's orders; I did not know that the benzine, tar and condensing tank and still was on fire; I do not know how many streams were in the lumber yard; I think there were at least three streams playing on the lumber piles.

Andrew Sims, sworn—Am foreman of the Duquesne.

At this point Mr. Cohen discovered that one of the Commissioners was absent, and asked that the investigation be postponed until he returned.

Col. Bayne—Informed the court that this was not a trial by jury, but the Commissioners were sitting in the capacity of a court, to determine the law and the facts in the case, and the case could proceed no matter if one of the Commissioners was absent.

Mr. Cohen—I have been unable as yet, Mr. President, to discover any question of law in this case. It is a simple question of fact and must be decided on the facts, the opinion of Col. Bayne to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Chair, as usual, decided that the investigation should proceed.

Mr. McElroy moved that the Court take a recess of fifteen minutes to await the return of Mr. Mackey, the absent member.

The motion prevailed and the Commission took a recess.

Testimony of Mr. Sims continued:

Am fireman of the Vigilant; was at the fire that evening; as soon as we got the alarm we went to the fire; commenced throwing water on the board pile; the Chief orderd me to take our steamer into the oil yard; there were two engines at the fire when we got there; as far as I saw, the action of the Chief Engineer was correct.

Cross-examined—We got there after the second alarm; that was about nineteen minutes after the first alarm; we got to the fire about fifteen minutes after the second alarm; I have twenty-two years experience as a fireman; did not think the fire in the oil yard was a dangerous one; there was a wall between me and the oil-fire; it was two hours from the time we left the engine-house until we returned; we were throwing water on the oil-fire all the time we were there; I did not know what was burning in the board-yard; we were about eight minutes going to the fire; I do not know how many board piles were on fire.

Thomas Howard—I am a fireman; I was at the fire in question; did not hear any instructions given by Mr. Moore; He spoke to us while we were at the nozzle playing on the still, and said if we kept on playing on that still, we would overflow the still, and would have a fire.

Abraham Boss, sworn—Am a manufacturer; was at one time in the oil business; I have had a still on fire and prevented water from being thrown upon; it would have been bad to have thrown water upon that still after it exploded; I saw the fire; did not see an engine until after I was on my way home.

The witness got considerably mixed up in some of his theories in the cross of examination.

Wm. Brown, sworn—I am the owner of the board yard in which the fire was. My lumber was worth from nine to ten thousand dollars.

Cross examined—I am the owner of that lumber-yard; was at the fire. My loss will be from fifteen hundred to two thousand dollars. Do not know how much of my lumber was destroyed.

The witness here proposed to state facts not connected with the case relative to the origin of the fire.

Mr. Cohen objected.

Mr. Bayne held that it was evidence, knowing that the Court was with him, he was in his element.

The Chair over ruled the objection as usual.

Mr. Cohen appealed to the Commissioners, and held that it might be testimony if Wormser, Myers & Co. were on trial.

Mr. Bayne—They are on trial here as much as the Chief. I have known cases where the prosecutor was convicted.

The Commissioners very wisely overruled the Chair, and the witness was not permitted to make his statement.

Col. Bayne here made a short speech, the purport of which we could not ascertain.

Joseph A. Butler, sworn—Am Fire Marshal of Allegheny county; was at the fire in question. In my opinion the Chief Engineer managed the fire skillfully; I was not at the fire when it commenced; do not know how long it had been burning when I got there.

Cross-examined—The water thrown over the wall in my opinion did not do much good; if it went over the still as it most likely would do it certainly would not put the fire out.

J. McClelland, sworn—Am Hoseman on the Niagara; was at the fire about twenty or thirty minutes after we had got to throwing the water the chief told us to throw water over the wall on the goose neck; as far as I could see the Chief done right.

Cross-examined—Mr. Moore came to me in a gentlemanly manner and requested a stream to be taken into the yard; I sent him to the Chief.

David Williams, sworn—Belong to the Niagara; the Chief told us to throw over the wall, and on the board yard; I heard Mr. Moore say if the Chief Engineer had slapped him in the mouth he would have shot him, and produced a pistol; told the Chief not to go round there or a man would shoot him; I would have thrown the water on the board yard; it took us between six and eight minutes to drive, very fast, from the Niagara to the fire; it would take eight or nine minutes to drive from the Vigilant house to the fire; I would have thrown water on the board pile.

Mr. Keep, sworn—Was at the fire; heard the conversation between Mr. Moore and the Chief Engineer. Mr. Moore asked him to stop that stream that was being thrown over the wall, that it was doing more harm than good; the chief replied, "Who is chief, you or I?" Mr. Moore replied that it was no use getting angry about the matter. The Chief told him he did not want so much of his lip.

Cross-examined—Am a hoseman on the Vigilant. Mr. Moore wanted the Chief to move the stream round in the yard.

Mr. Houghton, sworn—Have known Mr. McElroy for a number of years; never heard him more than twice in my life use more than "damn it."

The Chief Engineer was then examined and gave a detailed statement of the facts connected with the fire.

At the close of the statement of the Chief, the Court adjourned to meet at three o'clock to-day.

THE DESPERADOES' GAME.

A Bold Attempt to Rob—The Villains Escape.

Last night between nine and ten o'clock three rowdies entered the house of Mr. David Sims, on Seventh avenue, near Smithfield street, and found Mrs. Sims the only occupant. They marched into the kitchen, when one advanced and cocking a pistol, held it at the lady's head, and with a terrible oath demanded what money and valuables were in the house. With great presence of mind Mrs. Sims told them if they would only spare her life, she would get them some government bonds in a bureau drawer in the front room. They consented, and as soon as she reached the front door, although one of the fellows guarded her with a drawn pistol, she jumped to the door and opening it screamed loudly for help. The thieves escaped before any assistance arrived. The case was reported to the Chief of Police last night and we sincerely hope an arrest will follow. The attempt at robbery and perchance murder was one of the boldest that has ever been made in this community, and if the desperadoes escape punishment it will be a matter of great disappointment. No effort should be spared to ferret out the dastardly villains and bring them to judgment.

A STRANGER TAKEN IN.

His Arrival in the City—Where He Went to—And How He Fared

Peter Nichols arrived in the city yesterday afternoon. He came from Oil City. He perambulated the streets, during the day. One o'clock this morning found him in the establishment of Kate Smith on Third avenue. He paid for a nights lodgings and sent out one of the attendants for some spiritual comfort. During the absence of the messenger two other parties arrived, and demanded possession of the room in which Nichols was quartered. He had partially retired and refused to quit the place. The newcomers insisted and he resisted. The police were called in and spread like oil upon the troubled waters. They induced Nichols to go down stairs. As he was making the descent a mis-step near the landing caused him to fall in such a manner that one of his legs was broken. He was picked up tenderly and handled with care until the lock-up was reached; from thence he was removed to the Homeopathic Hospital and received medical attention.

The moral to strangers and others too, is obvious.

Was He Murdered?

A case of suspected foul play is just now engaging the attention of the citizens of Kittanning. A few days since a pedlar named Freeman was in the town disposing of "silver polish." The last seen of him was by a bar-keeper of a tavern, who refused to give him whisky because he was then intoxicated. He disappeared mysteriously. Thursday evening a person passing over a bridge, a short distance from the town, found a basket containing several articles which were known to have belonged to the missing pedlar. Lying not far from the basket were two Pittsburgh papers bespattered with blood; while on the soft earth by the river bank were footmarks, with blood adjacent. The suspicions of the parties who discovered these indications of violence were aroused, and, as it is stated, they informed the authorities, who, as it is further stated, dragged the river with the expectation of finding a body. In this they were disappointed. So the case at present rests.

For the Children.—Please the children; make their home attractive; introduce a refining, elevating influence in their home surroundings and cultivate their minds and hearts, and encourage a taste for reading, by furnishing them with a supply of good books, such as may be had from the choice and elegant stock of new holiday books just received by Joseph Horner, at the Methodist Book Depository, No. 50 Smithfield street, near the new City Hall.

ALLEGHENY POLITICS.

Meeting of the Return Judges—The New Executive Committee.

Last night the Return Judges of the Allegheny city elections, held on Tuesday assembled in the private office of Mayor Callow and officially examined and approved of the returns.

Mr. C. H. Phillips of the Ninth ward, presided with W. B. Rodgers of the Fourth ward Secretary.

The result of the election has been published in the GAZETTE and there is no necessity for reproducing it again. No trouble was experienced, and the successful candidates according to the official lists were the same as have been published.

The Judges after finishing the election lists proceeded to appoint a City Executive Committee for the next campaign, as follows:

COMMITTEE FOR 1870-71.

First Ward—H. M. Long, S. B. Smith, Alex. Hanna, Thos. Scandrett.
Second Ward—Alf. Slack, Jas. Crow, John Mayer, Wm. Cambers.
Third Ward—Jas. McBrier, H. K. Tyler, Christ Geib, Jas. Drennan, Samuel Hastings, Casper Gang, Henry Shultz.
Fourth Ward—J. C. Patterson, John Dalzell, John A. Myler, R. M. Blair, John Megraw, Samuel Hazlett, B. Stootz.
Fifth Ward—John Heath, Wm. Haghey, Alex. Patterson, Ed. Wilkins.
Sixth Ward—John Spear, Wm. F. Trimble, Capt. Bartley, J. F. Ferree.
Seventh Ward—Peter Reichner, Geo. Hartman, M. Yonger, Chas. Sanders.
Eighth Ward—Geo. Moul, Geo. McConnell, Wm. Krebs, A. N. Burchfield.
Ninth Ward—Cyrus Hutchinson, Thos. M. Boyd, Roland Jones, Jas. Stippan.

It is earnestly desired that all who are mentioned on the Committee will be prompt in attendance at the meeting for organization which will be called by the chairman of the old Committee, who will necessarily preside until a new chairman is appointed. The list is a good one, and if the appointees but take up their duties properly, they have the material of one of the best committees ever appointed in Allegheny.

THE COURTS.

District Court—Judge Kirkpatrick.

FRIDAY, Dec. 16.—The case of Meyers vs. McCloy, previously reported, was renewed, but a verdict had not been agreed upon when Court adjourned.

Common Pleas—Judge Stowe.

FRIDAY, Dec. 16.—Court met at 10 o'clock A. M. Judge Stowe on the Bench.

Beck, for use, vs. Schaffer. Action to recover for services rendered. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $100.

Ferguson vs. Nixon et al. Action on book account.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Stowe.

FRIDAY, December 16.—Court met at nine o'clock, A. M., Judge Sterrett on the bench.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs Matilda Frund, indicted for aggravated assault and battery, previously reported, the jury returned a verdict of guilty of assault and battery.

The next case taken up was a cross suit on indictments for assault and battery between Joan Crookham and Clara Merifrew. The parties reside in Ormsby borough, where it appears they got into a fight and struck each other. The jury returned verdicts of not guilty and directed the defendants in each case to pay the costs.

The next case taken up was that of the Commonwealth vs. Isaac Gilder, indicted for receiving stolen goods. The defendant is a pawn broker, and was charged with purchasing a lot of boots and shoes from John Bayne, which had been stolen from a boot and shoe dealer in Allegheny. The goods, it appears, were found in his possession and Bayne plead guilty to the larceny and was called as a witness in the case.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. Martin and John Connolly, indicted for assault and battery, was settled on payment of costs by the defendants. The accused were boys, and their father was held in the sum of $300, conditioned that the boys keep the peace for one year.

A FATAL DOSE.

Coroner's Inquest—The Verdict.

Thursday afternoon, Coroner West was called upon to hold an inquest on the body of James H. Ebber, a young man who died at the house of Wm. A. Sheib, Fourth ward, Allegheny, from an overdose of narcotic poison. It appears that Mr. Ebbert was in charge of a drug store in the building in which he died, and sometime during the early part of Wednesday night he had an attack of colic. He went down stairs to the drug store, and took a dose of medicine, from the effects of which he died at three o'clock Thursday.

The jury, after hearing the testimony in the case, returned the following verdict:

"We find that James M. Ebbert came to his death in the Fourth ward, Allegheny, on Thursday, December 15th, by administering poisonous medicines to himself in overdose."

The Coroner found on the body of the deceased and in his trunk $152 in greenbacks, one, two and a half-dollar gold piece, about a dollar in odd coins, a knife and various other small items of little value.

Fine Jewelry and Where to Purchase.

Pittsburgh has full reason to be proud of the fact that she has located in her midst a manufacturing jewelry establishment, as thoroughly complete in all its details and appointments as any in New York or Philadelphia. We refer to the well established house of Mr. C. Terheyden, No. 130 Smithfield street, where jewelry is manufactured in the most perfect style and finish. From humble beginning Mr. Terheyden has expanded his business until now his store is the leading headquarters for good and substantial jewelry in the city, and that the public fully realize this fact, is evidenced by the immense trade directed towards his establishment. Rings, chains, sets, silverware and the hundreds of other articles peculiar to the trade are manufactured at this establishment, affording employment to a large number of accomplished workmen. By manufacturing his own goods, under his own auspices, Mr. Terheyden has the advantage of knowing the exact quality of every piece of jewelry he sells, and besides can afford to sell at much more reasonable prices than those who buy at second hand. At the recent Inter-State Fair Mr. Terheyden received the first silver medal for perfect jewelry workmanship, and this formal recognition of merit was universally seconded by the people, as few firms enjoy higher reputation or larger confidence and esteem. The stock of the house this season is very large and choice, embracing all that is desirable, new and fashionable in the jewelry line. Everything: from the valuable and costly diamond set down to the plain solid gold ring, may be obtained at this establishment at prices exceedingly reasonable. We commend Mr. Terheyden in our most hearty terms to our readers, knowing him to be an honest. fair-dealing, and courteous business gentleman, in every way worthy the patronage and confidence of our people.

The Register for December.

We gladly acknowledge the receipt of this very valuable monthly for December—valuable as the exponent of a system of business entirely original, and most necessary. The *Register* for the present month, besides other select reading of importance to landed interest, continues the controversy upon present forms of conveyance, in a sharp article on Chicago editorial. The *Register* also gives a monthly review of the real estate trade, as shown at our Recorder's office. The figures are truly gratifying, in that for months past the number of purchases of real property about town has been steadily increasing, and in four months has advanced beyond half a million dollars. These purchases, the *Register* tells us, were almost all low figures, and almost exclusively made by mechanics. We appreciate this truth at this dull time of year as a greatest argument of Pittsburgh's solid growth. We are glad to see by their announcement that Croft & Phillips, the publishers of the *Register*, have been prosperous, with the growth of the land interest. After the first of January the *Pittsburgh Real Estate Register* will appear as a *weekly* forty column eight page paper. Although the newspaper market of Pittsburgh is very full, yet we expect that Messrs. Croft & Phillips, with their wide range of correspondence and their long established facilities as real estate men, will give us a paper original, good, and in a field to which they have best access. Call for December *Register* at Croft & Phillips' real estate rooms, opposite Postoffice. It is free.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—As usual there was a large audience at the Opera House last night to hear Emmett in "Fritz." There will be a grand "Fritz" Matinee this afternoon, and Mr. Emmett will close his engagement this evening. Monday evening Lotta will commence an engagement of two weeks. Her popularity two years since, when she last appeared in this city, is a sufficient guarantee of her success.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The Colville troupe which has created such a sensation at the Academy of Music, will give a grand Matinee this afternoon, and a brilliant entertainment this evening. It is seldom we have an opportunity of seeing such artists as compose this troupe, and no one should let it pass unimproved.

VARIETIES.—The attractions at the Varieties are brilliant and numerous as ever. The Misses Lottie and Nellie, are great favorites and add to the long list of pieces every evening. A grand Matinee this afternoon and entertainment this evening.

The Watches.

Every business man knows the value of a good time keeper, one that is true, correct and reliable, and does not cost more than the original sum had for it to keep it in order during the first year. Every business man may not know, however, where to get such an article. To that class we offer the advice, go to Dunseath's and get one of those elegant watches manufactured by, and bearing the brand of the U. S. Company. They never fail, and have, whenever given, the highest satisfaction. Try them and be satisfied of the truth.

If you want a good toby cigar call in at Megraw's, No. 45 Ninth street. The best tobacco and cigars in the city may be had at Megraw's. Megraw's is one of the oldest establishments in the city, and country merchants will find it greatly to their advantage to purchase goods there. Every thing that can be desired in this line will be found there. Remember 45 Ninth street.

Lace Goods.—Ladies will find at Macrum & Carlisle's, No. 27 Fifth avenue, a very fine assortment of lace goods, suitable for holiday presents.

Gents' Merino Underwear, a great variety, Gents' Cloth Shirts, Gents' Flannel Shirts, English Cotton Half Hose, Merino and Wool Half Hose, Suspenders, Ties, Bows, &c., at prices as low as elsewhere. No trouble to show goods at the new stand stocking store, No 30 Fifth avenue.
JOHN DEGELMAN & CO.

John Stevenson's Sons & Co., 66 Market street, have opened for the holidays a fine assortment of
DIAMONDS, WATCHES,
STONE CAMEOS, BRACELETS,
CHAINS, JEWELRY,
BRONZES, PARIAN,
STERLING SILVER, &C., PLATED WARE, &C

Gold Spectacles.—Those who want a good article of Gold Spectacles and well selected can go to no one better than W. G. Dunseath, jeweler and optician, 56 Fifth avenue, who keeps the largest stock in that line in the city.

All will be delighted with a visit to Macrum & Carlisle's wholesale and retail trimming and notion house, No. 27 Fifth avenue. Holiday goods just received.

Christmas, Christmas, Christmas is coming, and the little folks are looking forward to their candy carnival. Don't disappoint them. Youngson will help you out. His establishment, corner Smithfield street and Diamond alley is crowded with confectionery and sweetmeats of all descriptions. Make the children happy by a visit to Youngson's.

In Looking for Holiday Presents, examine the Weed Sewing Machine, at 116 Market street, before you decide. No present can be more acceptable for a mother, sister or wife.

The largest variety and cheapest place in the city to buy Holiday Goods is at Evans' Department store, No. 59 Fifth avenue.

RUFFIANISM.

Three Fiends Commit a Brutal Outrage—One of them in Custody.

A most brutal and fiendish outrage was perpetrated near Merrittstown, Fayette county, on Tuesday by three villains, one of whom has been arrested and is now in jail at Uniontown. The facts so far as we have been able to ascertain are as follows: About nine o'clock at night two men by the name of Linda and J. Owens went to the residence of Mrs. Eagle, in the vicinity of Merrittstown, there being at the time none of the family at home except Mrs. Eagle and her daughter, a girl about fifteen years of age. The villains, as soon as they entered the house, made an assault upon Mrs. Eagle and knocked her down. The daughter then ran to assist her mother, when she was knocked down and her person, as well as that of her mother was brutally outrage. The cries of the women brought to their assistance a male member of the family, and the fiends, on his appearance, fled. Fortunately he had a revolver with him and fired at them as they ran, when one of the villains cried out that he was shot, but managed to effect his escape in the dark.

Information was made the following day before Justice Messmore, charging the Linda's and Owens with rape. The Justice issued a warrant and placed it in the hands of officer Norcross of Bridgeport who arrested Owens and afterwards took him to jail and is now after the others with fair prospects of securing them.

We are not the advocates of lynch law, but a little of it in a case such as this appears to be, would scarcely be amiss. Such fiends as these men have proven themselves to be are or should be without the pale of law, either human of divine, and the sooner they are out of the world the better it would be for the community which their presence curses.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

Observations Made by the Storm Signal Service of the United States Army.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 16, 1870.	A. M. 7:23	P. M. 4:23	P. M. 11:23
Height of Barometer	30.45	30.41	30.35
Change since last report	.00	.04	.06
Thermometer	29°	30°	28°
Change in last 24 hours	2°	1°	2°
Direction of wind	N. W	W	W.
Velocity of wind—miles per hour			
Pressure of wind—pounds per square foot			
Force of wind reduced to Beaufort scale—approx	D	C	B
Amount of cloud	¾	¾	¾
Rain-fall since last report—inches and hdths			
State of weather	3	3	3

NOTES.—In the telegraphic reports, only the variations of the Barometer since the last reports are given; decrease being marked here and throughout the table by the minus sign.

Character of the winds, to save space, is indicated by letters of the alphabet, as follows: A, just perceptible; B, gently brisk; C, pleasant brisk; D, very brisk; E, high wind; F, very high wind; G, strong gale; H, violent gale; I, hurricane; J, most violent hurricane.

State of the weather is expressed by figures from 1 to 6: 1 being clear, no cloud; 2, fair, ¼ to ½ cloud; 3, cloudy, ¾ to wholly covered; 4, light rain; 5, heavy rain; 6, snow.

The barometer is corrected for temperature, elevation and instrumental error.

JAS. WEST, Observer.

Boyd, Murray & Fawcett.

At No. 110 Wood street, three doors from Fifth avenue, the salesrooms of this firm are located. To look at their modest store front, and window filled with pictures, ornamental and fancy wood work, such as brackets for flower vases, picture frames, etc., will but imperfectly convey to the mind an idea of the business done within. We own we were amazed upon being conducted through their different apartments and finding their extent, the large facilities of the firm for turning out the finest work to be had anywhere, and the amount of it done. Six floors are constantly required in one of the largest buildings on Wood street to conduct their immense business and store away their large stock of frames, cornices, mouldings, and other materials used in their trade. Their largest manufactures and sales are mirrors and looking-glasses. In this line they can furnish these, ranging in price from six cents to five hundred dollars each. The finest and most costly and elegant mirrors to be had in the world are within the range of their workmanship, and from the samples shown us, we wonder why our citizens ever go East, to make such purchases, whilst they can be made at home, and at prices far lower than the same class of goods can be purchased for either in New York or Philadelphia. More finished and elegant work than their's can be had no where, go where you will. They are constantly receiving new patterns of cornice and mouldings for lace curtains, etc., and are always prepared to furnish the very latest and best styles of goods in this line. Their stock of oval, square and round picture frames, is large and very complete, including frames of every conceivable shape and pattern, polished and oiled walnut, rose wood and gilt; from the tiniest miniature frame, up to the largest sized mirrors used. They also deal largely in pictures of all kinds, oil paintings, prints and chromos; their present stock of the latter is well worthy a visit from the most fastidious connois-seur. We could not conceive of a more appropriate and at the same time more beautiful and durable holiday present than one of these fine chromos, and their stock is so large and varied that all who make suitable selections.

We earnestly invite our readers to pay Messrs. Boyd, Murray & Fawcett a visit, and examine their goods before going east, or purchasing elsewhere.

SAPOLIO, when once introduced for household purposes, makes glad the hearts of mistress and servant.

An endless variety of stains from acids, nitrate of siver, ink, tar etc., vanish at the touch of SAPOLIO.

SAPOLIO cleans knives, forks and all kinds of table cutlery of rusts and acid stains quicker and better than any other agent.

Every article of tinware used in the kitchen is kept bright and clean, with comparatively little labor, by the use of SAPOLIO.

Marble mantels and table tops often becomes stained and furnished. SAPOLIO removes these blemishes when nothing else will.

For cleaning windows SAPOLIO possesses peculiar advantages. In its use very little water is required, and all slop and splash avided.

SAPOLIO cleans mirrors like magic, and without the necessary scratching or soiling, gilt frames and mountings.

Grease and oil stains on floors, tables or oil cloths, vanish like a mist before the touch of SAPOLIO.

SAPOLIO at once removes the green mould which so often mars the beauty of brown stone fronts and door steps.

A dampened rag with a little SAPOLIO will instantly eradicate stains of grease from painted work without removing the paint.

A single cake of SAPOLIO will do the same work in general house cleaning that can be accomplished with five pounds of bar soap.

Many housewvies think they cannot keep house without rotten stone or bath brick; if they will give SAPOLIO one trial they will confess their error.

Painters, photographers and machinests often have stained their hands, which soap will not clean. SAPOLIO does the work quickly and thoroughly.

Every tidy and skilful engineer and machinist keeps his machinery polished like a mirror. Experiments have proved SAPOLIO the king of polishers.

How often the cheerfulness and sunshine of a household are clouded by the hard and protracted labors of house cleaning. SAPOLIO remedies all these evils.

Dish washing is (to many) one of the disagreeable features of housekeeping By using SAPOLIO instead of soap this occupation become a pastime.

The Improved Singer Sewing Machine.

Runs remarkably light and quiet.
Requires no skill to run it.
Has all the latest improvements.
Uses ready wound wooden bobbins.
Makes lock stitch alike on both sides.
Uses a short straight needle and is easily set.
Has a self adjusting tension.
Can be oiled and cleaned without taking apart.
Will sew the heaviest cloth with linen thread.
Requires no adjusting.
Has perfect attachments for hemming, felling, braiding, &c.
It is constructed on the most correct principles, and of the best material.
It is the only machine with merit enough to sell without the aid of canvassers running from house to house.

The agency for the Singer is the oldest in the State, having been established by Mr. Straw twenty years ago. Call and see the Singer at No. 20 Sixth street, and you will buy no other.
STRAW & MORTON.

The Outward Sign.

To be neatly dressed in well made garments of good material is one of the exterior indications of refinement and culture. Indeed some people go so far as to say that they can invariably estimate the mental characteristics of a man by his clothing—the manner in which it is made and worn. We don't take much stock in that method of trying men, but do know that dress has a great influence not only upon strangers but upon the wearer, and for that reason we always advise young men to dress neatly. To do this they should patronize the tailoring house of Wm. Hespenheide & Co., No. 50 Sixth street, near Penn, where a choice winter stock has just been received and where they can get all that is desired in the clothing line at moderate prices.

In these Christmas times when every one is rushing about frantically trying to find out something that would just do for Christmas presents, we would venture to suggest that, a little quiet reflection would soon show that nothing could be nicer for a present, to father, husband, brother, son or handsome cousin, than a stylish over-coat, a neatly made suit of clothes, or one of those elegant English double breasted frocks, which never fail to give the appearance of being well dressed to any man who wears one. We are sure that such a present would be rapturously welcomed by a recipient, especially if fitted out and made up at such a house as that of McPherson and Muhlenberg, of No. 10 Sixth (late St. Clair) street, whose name is a sure guarantee of excellence and fashion.

Diamond Shaving Saloon.—At No. 60 in the Diamond, Allegheny, is situated the Diamond Shaving Saloon, which is conducted by Messrs. Thomas Lyle and William Scroggins, two of the most accomplished gentlemen in the art tonsorial to be found in any city. The Diamond Saloon is the most complete in its appointments of any of that character in the city, and none but first class barbers are employed there.

Beautiful Jewelry.—Those who design making purchases in the line of jewelry we would advise to call and see the really beautiful stock now exhibited by W. G. Dunseath, jeweler, 56 Fifth avenue. They are not the most expensive we have seen, but they are very nice goods at a moderate price. He deserves great credit for the taste he has shown in the selection. Give him a call.

Physiologists all say that one of the greatest preventatives of disease is keeping the feet always warm. To do this, Pittsburghers should drop in at Wm. T. Wiley's, No. 60 Fifth avenue, where they can secure the necessary stock of boots, shoes and gaiters at prices which are quite within the reach of the most scanty purse.

The remarkable properties of Brown's Bronchial Troches have been thoroughly tested since first introduced. The demand for them has steadily increased, and purely upon their own merits, they have found favor with those who, from Pulmonary, Bronchial, or Asthmatic complaints, require them.

Linen Handkerchiefs, hosiery, lace goods, zephyr goods, slipper patterns, gloves, etc., just opened at Macrum & Carlisle's, No. 27 Fifth avenue.

Opera Glasses.—A pair of opera glasses would be a suitable present to a young lady. Dunseath, jeweler and optician, 56 Fifth avenue, has a good stock of them.

Find Everything Sewable in the Weed Family Favorite Sewing Machine. It will sew anything, from finest lawn to a piece of sole leather, without injury.

Holiday Books! And Where to Buy Them.

The elegant book house of R. S. Davis & Co., on Liberty street, a few doors above sixth, is a very attractive place just now; and no wonder, because of the superior stock of holiday books on sale. This firm have on hand a larger and varied assortment of all kinds of books. We notice among this collection several English gift books, exquisitely gotten up in every respect. "Arts of the Middle ages," by Paul Lacroix, is enuique. and contains copies of hundreds ancient pictures. "Gems of Art—a series of Carbon Photographs," by W. B. Scott, author of the "Life of Albert Duer," is indeed full of gems. "The Raffaile Gallery," is a very beautiful gift book, Among the rich variety of holiday books, we name "The Schiller Gallery," "Dana's Household Book of Poetry," "The Poet and Painter," "Bryant's Songs of the Sower," "Winter Poems," "Flower Emblems from the Snow Drops to the Holly," "Songs of Home," "Dicken's Child Dream of a Star," "Bryant's Iliad of Homer." We call especial attention to an elegant work entitled "Womankind in Western Europe from the Earliest Times to the Seventeenth Century." Besides these gift books, full sets of Dickens, Scott, Bulwer, and other leading authors, in various styles. Miss Strickland's Queens of England, nicely bound. Cyclopedia of American Literature, by Duychink, and thousands of other valuable works. Also, beautiful Chromos, Illustrated Mottoes, Juvenile English Story Books, Games, and other nice things of a similar character.

Your Dinner.

Holtzheimer to-day will set up a grand game dinner for his patrons. It would be impossible to mention all that will appear on the festal board, and it would be useless, too, as all who have ever partaken of the fare at the Continental know well what game dinners mean at that place. Do you want to feel cheerful and happy, and fully satisfied, make it a point to drop into the Continental to-day at any hour and refresh the physical man with an epicurian repast. It will keep out the cold, nerve you for worry and vexation of business, and strengthen you for life's conflict. The Continental is on Fifth avenue, below the Postoffice.

The New Singer.

The new medium machine of the Singer Company, designed to fill the place between the large manufacturing and the family machines, bids fair to meet with a large and rapid sale. It is one of the best money making machines invented, as all kinds of work, except the heaviest manufacturing, can be done on it. Call on the agents, Messers. Straw & Morton, No. 20 Sixth street.

The Queen of the Magi an automatic wonder is attracting crowds to her levees given day and night from her throne, in the window of Klages' great jewelry store, corner of Federal street and Stockton avenue Allegheny City.

10 cents, 25 cents, 50 cents, 75 cents, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00. These are the prices at Evans' Department Store. Go there and see what you can buy for the Holidays. No. 59 Fifth avenue.

For the Holidays.—No finer establishment in either city, than the watch, clock and jewelry store of T. H. Klages, Federal street, Allegheny. He is a perfectly fair dealer and incapable of imposing on a customer as some dealers do.

Woolen Goods, Woolen goods. Every variety at reasonable prices, at the new stand stocking store, No. 30 Fifth avenue.
JOHN DEGELMAN & CO.

Holiday Goods.—The stock of holiday goods at Macrum & Carlisle's, No. 27 Fifth avenue, is large, choice and inviting. Call in and make your selections for Christmas gifts.

Gold Chains.—A nice assortment of Gents and Ladies Gold Chains is opened for the Holiday trade by W. G. Dunseath. Remember 56 Fifth avenue.

Fine American Albums.—Evans has the best selected stock to be found. His prices are lower than the lowest, 25 cents to $15. No. 59 Fifth avenue.

Do you want some of the finest and costliest, pure or plated silver ware, or some very low or high priced jewelry, with chaste and elegant settings, you will find all at T. H. Klages, Federal street corner of Stockton avenue.

Klages, on Federal street corner Stockton avenue is a practical jeweler, and cannot be deceived, and will not deceive a customer; his stock of the richest and also of plain goods is very large and well assorted.

Evans' Department Store is supplying every body in search of Holiday Goods. No. 59 Fifth avenue.

Choice Presents can be selected readily at the wholesale and retail trimming and notion house of Macrum & Carlisle, No. 27 Fifth avenue.

Bargains in Gloves, at the new stand stocking store, No. 30 Fifth avenue.
JOHN DEGELMAN & CO.

Holiday Goods. Watches, best American and foreign, rich jewelry, new stye clocks &c. at T. H. Klages, cornor of Federal street and Stockton avenue.

Christmas and New Year's Presents within the reach of all, at Evans' Department Store, 59 Fifth avenue.

Other Stores are advertised in Allegheny but the oldest, largest and best is that of T. H. Klages, corner of Federal street and Stockton avenue.

Ladies Watches.—Call and see Dunseath's stock of Ladies Gold Watches which are really beautiful.

Holiday Goods.—The best selection in the city just opened at the trimming and notion house of Macrum & Carlisle, No. 27 Fifth avenue.

The Most Complete Sewing Machine offered, is the Weed. Call at the agency, 116 Market street, and try it yourself.

Good Goods at reasonable prices at the new stand stocking store, No. 30 Fifth avenue.
JOHN DEGELMAN & CO.

Diaries for 1871 at Evans' Department Store, 59 Fifth avenue. Cheapest place in the city.

Select your Christmas presents at Macrum & Carlisle's, No. 27 Fifth avenue.

Advertise in the *Evening Mail*. tths.

Subscribe for the *Evening Mail*. tths.

For latest dispatches from Europe, see *Evening Mail*. tths.

New Goods for the Holidays at Macrum & Carlisle's, No. 27 Fifth avenue,

SHARPSBURG.

A Visit from a Pittsburgh Choir—A "Feast of Song."

MESSRS. EDITORS OF GAZETTE—Pursuant to notice the choir of the First Methodist Church, of Pittsburgh, paid our town a friendly visit and gave a concert in the First Methodist church on last Thursday evening. The house was well filled with an appreciative audience, containing the clergy, of course, and a number of the musical critics of our town, who all seemed to be delighted with the entertainment. The selection of the pieces evinced much good taste, the greater part being sacred and calculated to instruct, with just enough of sentimental to please the less thoughtful and the "wee ones." The anthem entitled "How Good is He, the Giver," struck us as being superlatively grand. "Cousin Jedediah" excited the risibilities of the audience, and brought a smile upon every face, while "Oft in the Stilly Night" awoke the most pensive feelings and reflections in the mind, by carrying us back to the bright and sunny hours of youth, and the remembrance of those dear ones who have fallen in the march of life. "Like Leaves in Wintry Weather," "How Good is He the Giver," "Cousin Jedediah" and "How Like Some Tented Camp," were called for the second time by the audience, and repeated, eliciting the most rapturous applause. Mrs. Rinehart presided at the organ and Prof. E. E. Rinehart, the leader, conducted the exercises and we believe to the gratification of all present, More anon X.

TITUSVILLE, PA.

[Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TITUSVILLE, December 14, 1870.

This city is improving very rapidly. Good substantial buildings is the order of the day. The Opera House is a magnificent structure and will hold an audience of fifteen hundred. That will do for Titusville. There are twelve refineries in this place, valued at $450,000, with capacity for refining two thousand eight hundred barrels of carbon oil a day. There is a great amount of wealth concentrating here. The engineer corps that has been locating a railroad from this place to Tidioute, finished their labors to-day, and report a favorable route. C.

Nilsson to be Married.

[From the Brooklyn Eagle.]

An English paper announces that Nilsson is engaged to a M. Rosseau, a French gentleman of moderate fortune, and that after her marriage, which will not take place at present, she intends retiring from the stage. This announcement will be accepted not without as much incredulity as surprise—at least the part referring to Nilsson's leaving the stage. In favor of a contrary supposition, and that, too, after due announcement of leaving and formal farewell had been made, Americans can point to the return to the boards of Mrs. Crowe (Kate Bateman,) Mrs. Paddock (Maggie Mitchell,) Mrs. Jennings (Madeline Henriques,) and several less distinguished others. The only eminent American actress that actually left the stage when she said she would was Miss Charlotte Cushman, and even that great artist re appeared at least twice to help on the Sanitary Commission. Jenny Lind, a country woman of Nilsson, really did leave however—and so the latter may, if a coincidence of nativity can be ingeniously perverted to indicate an equality of determination. Jenny Lind, however, is reported as very sorry that she did leave, and is now to be compelled through poverty to resume as an instructor the art which in her prime she incarnated without a successful rival. Odds would be offered against the probability of Nilsson's soon leaving the stage. The histrionic and lyrical professions hold their queens longer than any other, Nothing intoxicates—as nothing succeeds—like success, and the public discovers the incapacity of singers and actors long before they find it out in their own case. Opinion, nevertheless, is not divided as to the propriety of a retirement being real and permanent when it is declared at all, for nothing is more provoking than the fitful changes from private to public life which artists indulge—unless we except their inability to discern when they have survived the power to please.

An extraordinary rich vein of very fine iron has recently been discovered in Fairfield township, Westmoreland county. The ore is claimed to be equal to the best in the United States.

STATE POLITICS.

HON. JOHN SCOTT is talked of in connection with the Presidency.

HON. JOHN B. PACKER has friends who favor him for the Govenship of the State.

THE Butler *Eagle* advocates a change in the laws, making the State Treasurer elective by the people.

THE Butler *Citizen* urges the Allegheny county members to support Hon. A. D. McJunkin for Speakership of the House.

THE Scranton *Republican* thinks that Luzerne county ought to have the office of State Treasurer, but does not propose the name of any candidate.

DR. STANTON, of Beaver county, a cousin of Hon. E. M. Stanton, is named as a candidate for Auditor General next fall, on the Republican side.

AT Halifax, Dauphin county, D. C Wright nominated Gov. Geary, on the 6th inst., as the candidate of the temperance people for President in 1872.

THE Democratic journals of the State, with singular unanimity, oppose a convention to revise the State Constitution. So far, the only real opposition to the movement comes from these papers and a few Democratic leaders

WE find the following in the Reading *Times and Dispatch*: John Hodgson, Esq., editor of the West Chester *Jeffersonian*, a blatant copperhead during the war, whose office was mobbed on account of his rebel proclivities, is named in a number of Democratic papers as their candidate for Surveyor General. As he will be beaten much easier than any one else, we hope he will be placed on the ticket.

CANDIDATES for Governor are coming to the surface rapidly. On the Republican side General John F. Hartranft, Hon. John B. Packer, Congressman from the Fourteenth district, Senator Harry White, of Indiana, and others, are named. Hon. W. W. Ketcham, of Luzerne, will not, it is said, again be a candidate. On the Democratic side Gen. G. W. Cass, of Pittsburgh, Coffee-pot Wallace and some others aspire to the position.

GENERAL CAMPBELL is spoken of for renomination for Surveyor General. Colonel Robert B Beath, of Schuylkill county, one of the leading members of the Grand Army of the Republic, is also a candidate. Ben. Whitman, of Erie, says he won't accept the Democratic nomination if tendered, but John Hodgson, of the Westchester *Jeffersonian*, will. Colonel Frank C. Hooton, of Westchester, is spoken of by Republicans for Auditor General.

STATE ITEMS.

SHAMOKIN has 830 school children.

FIVE deaths from Herrisburg whisky last week. Legislators beware.

IN Perry county a dog bit Philip Stuver's nose off the other day.

F. H. BROWN, living near North East, Erie, has one hundred and sixty-five swarms of bees.

HENRY WISH, of Harrisburg, was found dead on the street yesterday. Rum and cold weather sent Henry off.

HON. WALTER LOWRIE, elected President Judge of Crawford county, will enter upon his duties at the December term.

THE body of a child was taken up at Lebanon, recently, and the head and upper part of the body found to be perfectly petrified.

THURSDAY night the barn of Jefferson Light, one mile east of Lebanon, was destroyed by fire, and seven fine horses and seventeen head of cattle burned.

WATERFORD, Erie county, contained a French fort, a French commander and a force of French soldiers in 1763. In that year General Washington paid the place a visit.

LLOYD BRITTON has been convicted in Williamsport for the murder of Jacob Bay. The verdict was guilty of murder in the first degree, and Britton will probably be hung.

A CONVENTION of the bee-keepers of Pennsylvania has been called to meet in Meadville on the 11th of January next, for the purpose of organizing a permanent State association.

SCRANTON, PA., takes the lead in the census report as having made the largest per centage of increase in population of any town in the country. In 1860 it had 9,223. It now has 38,762.

AN arrangement, says the Greenville *Argus*, has been effected among the pastors of the several churches in town by which the bells will hereafter be rung in regular rotation—that is one bell will ring a few moments and stop, then another will take up the strain, and so on until all have been rung. This is a good arrangement, and if properly carried out will make a sweet chime among our bells on Sabbath days and prayer meeting nights.

THE Monongahela *Republican* says: On Monday night last an affair occurred in the house of one Peter Murphy at Coal Bluff, which resulted in the probable murder of one man and terrible wounding of another. It appears that Murphy's nephew invited Pat Conley, Barney McDonald, Neil Mulholland, Mike Dingmen and Pat McHue to his uncle's house to "take a sociable drink." The guests accepted and an evening was spent in drinking and singing—prostituting music to Bacchus. Becoming too noisy, some of the party left, and it seems that Mike Dingman, wishing to attend a call of nature, entered Murphy's pantry for that purpose; the host naturally objecting to the use of his cupboard for a water closet, attempted to put Mike out, and a scuffle ensued. Peter called for his gun, and the shooting took place, during which guns and pistols were freely used, Mike Duggan being fatally shot with a revolver ball above the right eye, and McHue with a gun shot through the nose and also with a revolver ball above his temple, the ball passing out near the back of the head, inflicting a painful but not fatal wound. Information was laid before Esquire Holland on Tuesday night, and warrants were issued for the arrest of suspected parties. Dingman still survives, without hope of recovery.

OHIO.

A CHIMNEY in Ravenna was struck by lighting on the 5th of December

THE cheese factories in the neighborhood of Ravenna, closed for the season last week.

ON Tuesday morning of last week the dwelling house of Emory Tribby, in Brookfield, Trumbull county, with all his household goods, was entirely consumed by fire. The house was valued at eight hundred dollars.

THE Tuscarawas *Chronicle* says: John Marshall, of Deersville, was not lost on the steamship Cambria, as at first reported. The editor of the Cadiz *Republican* has received a letter from him, dated at Leeds, England, in which he states that he expects to be at Cadiz in May next.

MR. JOEL WALKER and Mrs. Mary Walker, of Colerain township, Belmont county, celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage on Monday, the 12th inst. They have eight children living and all married but one; also nineteen grand children. May they live to celebrate their Diamond wedding.

THE Athens papers give an account of the untimely fate of a dog which was chasing sheep on George Tippey's farm, in that county, a few days since. The dog had a strap round his neck, and in attacking a ram this strap became entangled in his horns, and the dog was found next morning hanging to the ram's horn, dead as a herring.

LAST week in Youngstown a Mrs. Daniel O'Bryan went up stairs early in the morning to make a bed. She had a lighted lamp, which she placed on the floor, where it exploded and before assistance could be rendered, the house and its contents were destroyed and the woman herself was so frightfully roasted that she died in a few hours.

FROM the *Democrat* (Tuscarawas Co.) we learn of the terrible effects of the storm on Monday of last week in New Philadelphia. About half of the roof of the Buckeye Planing Mills was torn off and carried away. The board yard was tumbled up in wild confusion. Mr. A. T. Raiff and wife were returning to town when the storm came up. An oak tree was blown across their baggey, falling between the dash-board and the seat. After much trouble Mrs. R. extricated herself and hastened to a neighboring house for help, by means of which Mr. Raiff was taken out, but with a broken leg.

THE Mansfield *Herald* says: The village of Alliance witnessed last week a financial crash which has produced much commotion in business circles. Nixon & Co., proprietors of the Alliance Agricultural Works, suspended payment on Monday, which was followed by the suspension of Elisha Teeters; Teeters & Son, Bankers; Robert Milner, Real Estate Broker, and W. T. Nixon. The liabilities of Nixon & Co, are said to be over $300,000. All have made assignments except Teeters & Son, Bankers. It is feared the Alliance College, of which Mr. Teeters was Treasurer, is seriously involved, and that its prospects for continuance are by no means encouraging.

DURING the thunder storm of the 5th inst., the station of the Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad, at Massillon was struck by lightning. Two gentlemen, Wallace B. Bingham and Luman Brigham were sitting in the station at the time, and when the loose bricks began tumbling about they rushed out. Scarce a rod from the door, Mr. Bingham was struck on the head by the roof which was blown off and he was instantly killed. Mr. Brigham was also struck by the roof, which injured his head severely, whilst a spike was driven into his right lung and two or three of his ribs were fractured, the injuries being pronounced fatal. Both gentlemen were prominent in the vicinity.

The Corpse of a Respected Citizen Bursts from Its Coffin—A Lady Frightened to Death.

[From the Dubuque Tribune.]

A few days ago an old and respected citizen of the First ward sickened and died. The friends and relatives of the deceased considered the matter over, and concluded that the best manner in which they could signify their respect to the memory of the departed would be to hold a regular old fashioned wake over the remains; and in accordance with this resolve, a summons was issued for all, far and near, to attend. It was none of your common, tame affairs, but a rousing, stirring wail of lamentation, the noise of which was heard four squares. Around the coffin, which was placed on a table in the center of the room, sat the grief-stricken mourners; behind them were the friends, and still further back such careless spectators as chose to gaze upon the solemn proc eding. Evidently some difficulty was experienced in shriving the soul in a proper manner and procuring the proper certificate of admission to the realms of the blessed, for the exercises, which should have been concluded in one night, were prolonged to three. On the third night, the wake was resumed, but it was soon destined to come to an abrupt termination. The remains, from being kept in a warm room, decomposed rapidly, and finally the body swelled to such dimensions that it burst the coffin with a report which, an eye-witness describes, was as loud as that of a musket. It so happened that at the time of the accident one of the "wakers" was entertaining the rest with a very gloomy ghost story, and he had just arrived in the most dismal part, when a loud crash was heard, and, looking round, the terror-stricken people beheld one side of the coffin collapsed, and at the same moment one of the arms of the corpse, relieved of its fastening, fell down aside. Words fail to describe the dismay and confusion that ensued. Some of the party, laboring under the impression that the corpse had come to life, bolted for the door, and rushed into the middle of the street, while others fainted outright. One lady, whose name we were unable to obtain, was so badly frightened that her life is despaired of. It is needless to add that the incident put a summary stop to the watching business, and measures were taken to put the corpse where it should have been placed long before, under ground. In conclusion, we will add that the above incident is strictly true, our reporter having only suppressed the real names of the parties to the affair.

Unwilling to be Shot—A California Editor's Farewell to his Lady Friends.

Emotional insanity having been so often pleaded successfully by husbands in California in defence of shooting of knifing suspected gallants, the San Francisco *News Letter* says:

All men's wives who have hitherto enjoyed the advantage of our acquaintance are hereby notified that this ceases today, never to be renewed. It is with deep grief that we disrupt the social relations which promises so much, but we feel impelled thereto by the first law of nature. Our lady friends who have the misfortune to be married to other and inferior men, will please stick like a leech to their legal protectors, and not recognize us on the street. We have taken considerable pleasure in their society—a pleasure which we flatter ourselves has been mutual—but this thing can no longer be permitted to go on. We trust that our motive—which is pure cowardice—will not be misconstrued. Somebody perishes ingloriously every day for being upon speaking terms with married women, and we do not care to have our term come round. Deeply grateful for the past forbearance of aggrieved husbands we make our bow and retire. Hereafter our nods and smiles will be lavished upon girls and widows exclusively; no others need apply. Whosoever shall attempt to introduce us to his own wife, or that of another man, will be regarded as a conspirator against our precious life, and subjected to abuse in the columns of this journal. Nature is strong in us, and we do not wish to die. Whenever we shall feel a desire that way, we shall treat somebody's wife with common courtesy, get shot, and go quietly to our reward.

MARRIED:

CHRAMER—RHODES—On Thursday evening, December 15th, 1870, by Rev. S. W. Horner, Mr. THOMAS CHRAMER, of West Union, Pa., and Miss CATHARINE RHODES, daughter of Jacob Rhodes Esq., of Connellsville, Pa.

PHILLIPS—McELHERRON—On Wednesday, Dec. 14th, by Rev. J. H. Beacom, Mr. T. S. PHILLIPS, of Pittsburgh, and Miss RACHEL McELHERRON, of Allegheny county.

DIED:

FOIGHT—On Thursday, December 15th, 1870, at his late residence, No. 6 Pasture street, SAM'L B. FOIGHT, in the 33d year of his age.

Funeral will take place on SATURDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

REYNOLDS—On Thursday morning, at half-past 8 o'clock, WILLIAM ALEXANDER, only son of A. J. and M. D. Reynolds, aged 13 months and 17 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, No. 189 Webster avenue, THIS AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

CORNELIUS—On Wednesday morning, December 14th, at 4 o'clock, Mrs. MARJORY H. CORNELIUS, aged 63 years.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, Neville Island, on SATURDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

CLARK—On Friday morning, December 16th, JOSEPH L., son of Patrick F. and Margaret Clark, aged 5 years and 9 months.

The funeral will take place on SUNDAY, 18th inst., at 2 o'clock, from the residence of his parents, 84 Robinson street, Allegheny.

COYLE—On Friday morning, December 16th, 1870, at 12 o'clock, OWEN COYLE, aged 23 years.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 794 Penn street, on SUNDAY, 18th inst., at 2 o'clock, P. M. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

SMITH—On Thursday evening, December 15th, at 5 o'clock, JOSEPH, son of Joseph and Rosetta Smith, aged 12 years, 7 months and 8 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, West Pittsburgh, near the ferry landing, TO-DAY, the 17th inst., at 2 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

HUGHES—In Philadelphia, on Thursday, December 15th, at 4½ o'clock, A. M., EMILY H., wife of C. T. Hughes.

ALEXANDER AIKEN, Undertaker, No. 166 FOURTH AVENUE. Coffins of all kinds, Shrouds, Crape, Gloves, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Agents for Raymond & Co's Patent Metallic Burial Cases. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

WILLIAM J. DICK & CO., Undertakers, 118 GRANT STREET. Every variety of Coffins constantly on hand, and every description of funeral furnishing goods at lower prices than they can be had elsewhere. The best carriages and hearses in the cities furnished. Agents for Raymond & Co., Patent Metallic Burial Cases.

Humphrey's Homepathic
MEDICINES.
A complete line constantly on hand. Also, a full line of
PATENT MEDICINES,
Sponges, Soaps and Toilet Articles.
Prescriptions carefully compounded at
ROSENBACH'S
Drug and Prescription Store,
no13 140 SMITHFIELD STREET.

TO-LET.

TO-LET.—One third story FRONT ROOM, furnished, suitable for single gentleman. Reference required. Enquire at No. 45 NINTH STREET. 12-15-tf

TO-LET.
LARGE HALL.
The Large, well-lighted and handsomely furnished Hall of the
Fourth Ward Public School House
FOR RENT.
Very suitable for church services.
Apply to W. A. HERRON,
de17-3t Secretary School Board.

FOR RENT.
Duquesne Hall.
SEVERAL OFFICES,
WM. H. LOWE,
Of Gasson & Co., Attorneys,
no15 85 FIFTH AVENUE.

STAR BRAND.
NEW SUGAR CURED HAMS and DRIED BEEF, the first of the season, just out of smoke, received from Cincinnati and for sale at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. RENSHAW,
de7 Corner Liberty and Ninth Streets.

RAZORS, SCISSORS,
AND ALL KINDS OF CUTLERY.
Ground and Repaired in the best manner. Also STAMPS, BRANDS and CANCELLING BRAND made and repaired at
oc6 JAMES BOWN'S, 136 Wood street.

HUCKEN'S PARKER HOUSE SOUPS.—Just received, an assortment of these Canned Soups, put up in cans, all ready for the table:
Mock Turtle, Ox Tail,
Maccaroni, Okra,
Julienne, [illegible]
For sale by JNO. A. RENSHAW,
Corner Liberty [illegible]

EDWARD HERLINE. EDWARD A. HARRISON.
HERLINE & CO.,
LITHOGRAPHERS, ENGRAVERS and PRINTERS, No. 321 [illegible] [illegible]

MACCARONI.—Fifty boxes, part ten pound cases, for family use. Also Maccaroni, Vermicelli and Italian Paste, just received from the importers and for sale by JOHN A. RENSHAW,
Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

BANK NOTICES.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF ALLEGHENY.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 10th, 1871, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
de15:58 J. N. DAVIDSON, Cashier.

FARMER'S DEPOSIT NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, Dec. 11, 1870.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR Seven Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 10, 1871, between the hours of one and three o'clock. F. L. STEPHENSON,
del4:37 Cashier.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK.—An election for Nine Directors of this Bank to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the Bank on
TUESDAY, January 10, 1871,
between the hours of 1 and 3 P. M.
JOHN B. LIVINGSTON, Cashier.
PITTSBURGH, Dec. 10, 1870. de13:25

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK.—The annual election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 10, 1871. between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock P. M.
A. LONG, Cashier.
PITTSBURGH, PA., Dec. 10, 1870. de13:28

ELECTION.—An Election for ELEVEN DIRECTORS of the PEOPLES' NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, will be held at its Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 10, 1871, between the hours of 11 A. M and 1 P. M.
F. M. GORDON, Cashier.
PITTSBURGH, December 10, 1870. del2

MERCHANTS & MANUFACTURERS NAT'L BANK,
PITTSBURGH, December 10, 1870.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will take place at the Banking House, Fourth avenue, on TUESDAY, January 10th, 1871, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
del2 JOHN SCOTT, Jr., Cashier.

CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK.—ELECTION.—The regular annual meeting of the Stockholders for the election of Nine Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, on the SECOND TUESDAY of JANUARY, 1871, the 10th proximo, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
R. K. WILSON, Cashier.
PITTSBURGH, December 9, 1870.

FIFTH AVENUE BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
DECEMBER 8, 1870.
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this bank have this day declared a dividend of $3.50 per share out of the profits of the last six months, payable on or after the 7th inst., free of Government and State taxes.
F. E. SCHENCK, Cashier.

MECHANICS NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, December 10th, 1870.
AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 10th, 1871, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.
JOHN G. MARTIN, Cashier.

THE IRON CITY NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, Dec. 10, 1870.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, 4th avenue, on TUESDAY, January 10th, 1871, between the hours of 1 and 3 P. M.
J. MAGOFFIN, Cashier.

BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
November 1, 1870.
THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on its Capital Stock out of the profits of the last six months, which will be paid to stockholders or their legal representatives after the 11th inst. free of Government, State and local taxes.
oc8:w W. ROSEBURG, Cashier.

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, December 10th, 1870.
NOTICE.—An election of Directors to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, No. 22 Fifth avenue, on TUESDAY, January 10, 1871, between the hours of 10 and 12 A. M.
W. McCANDLESS,
Assistant Cashier.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PITTSBURGH ART ASSOCIATION.—There will be a meeting of the subscribers to Art Association Fund, at the GALLERY, Library Hall, on SATURDAY EVENING, December 17th. A full attendance is requested, as business of importance will be presented.
de15:51 N. D. McCUNE, Secretary.

FEMALE COLLEGE.—The course of Lectures advertised to be delivered under the auspices of the Browning Association of the Pittsburgh Female College, has been postponed to TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY EVENINGS, Dec. 20, 21st and 22d.
Further notice hereafter. de16:52

OFFICE PITTSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE R.R. Co.,
PITTSBURGH, December 14, 1870.
TO BONDHOLDERS.—Notice is hereby given that Coupon No. 5, Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company's First Mortgage Bonds, will be paid on and after January 2, prox., at the Merchant's National Bank of Baltimore.
JOHN H. PAGE, Jr.,
del5-TEST Secretary.

THE BIRMINGHAM, EAST BIRMINGHAM AND SOUTH PITTSBURGH GAS CO. has this day declared a dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT., payable on and after the 15th inst. at the Banking House of Robinson Brothers, No. 75 FOURTH AVENUE.
DAVID ROBINSON, Treasurer.
PITTSBURGH, Dec. 6, 1870. de7:46

PITTSBURGH, November 5, 1870.
NOTICE.—A General Meeting of the Stockholders of the Company for erecting a Bridge over the Allegheny River, opposite Pittsburgh, in the County of Allegheny, will be holden at the Office of the Company, on TUESDAY, the 27th of December proximo, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of taking into consideration the acceptance of the provisions of the Act of Assembly approved the 29th of December, 1869, relating to corporations. By order of the Board of Managers.
JOHN HARPER, President.
Attest: W. ROSEBURG, Secretary. no8:d

BOUNTY.
$100 Bounty Collected
For all soldiers who enlisted between May 4th and July 22d, 1861, who were discharged for disability before serving two years, and who have heretofore received no bounty.
The undersigned has removed his office to GAZETTE Building, corner Sixth avenue and Smithfield street, and is now prepared to collect claims speedily and at moderate rates. Call on, or address, with stamp. B. F. BROWN,
Claim Agent, GAZETTE Building
Corner Sixth avenue and Smithfield street,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.
Drs. Jordan & Davieson,
Principals of the Institution of Anatomy, 807 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Lecturers on Anatomy, Physiology and Science, inform their friends and patients that they have opened a Branch Office for the practice of their profession at 198 PENN ST., Pittsburgh, Pa., where one of the firm may be confidentially consulted for a limited period, more especially in all those cases of diseases and debility, for the treatment of which they are so justly celebrated. It is too well known that hundreds, nay thousands, suffer from the effects of early indiscretion, and seek in vain for relief. For none but the educated Physician, who has made these subjects a speciality is likely to succeed in restoring the patient to health and strength.
To all such, Drs. JORDAN and DAVIESON offer certain and speedy relief, and undertake no cases but those in which they are able to guarantee a safe, certain, and permanent cure. Their important Medical Work may be had from their office, 198 Penn street, on receipt of 25c.; and also as usual from their head establishment, 1625 Filbert street, Philadelphia. Hours of consultation, from 10 A. M. till 2 P. M., and from 5 P. M. till 8 P. M.
Every case is strictly confidential. no12:d7

INSURANCE.
ANDES
Insurance Co.,
OF CINCINNATI, O.
FIRE AND MARINE.
ASSETS, JULY 14, 1870:
Cash in City Banks $[illegible]
Cash in Company's Safe 1,[illegible]
United States and Municipal Bonds 37,370 57
Bonds and 1st mortgages on Real Estate, [illegible] 379,[illegible]
$1,000,000 00
J. B. BENNETT, President. J. J. BERRY, Sup't of Agencies.
J. M. BEATTIE, Secretary.
S. S. D. THOMPSON, Agent,
Office: 64 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.
Correspondence solicited and applications for insurance promptly attended to. de1:h6

Franklin Savings Bank,
No. 43 OHIO STREET, Allegheny,
CAPITAL $100,000.
Stockholders individually liable. Interest paid on time deposits.
Directors:
GEO. R. RIDDLE, J. W. HALL,
D. MACPHERSON, CHAS. SCHLIPPER,
WM. MURDOCK, WM. BURDOVER,
S. DRUM.
GEO. R. RIDDLE, President.
JAS. H. RIDDLE, Cashier.

CASH INSURANCE COMPANY,
Phelan's Building,
NO. 90 FIFTH AVENUE, SECOND FLOOR, PITTSBURGH PA.
CAPITAL ALL PAID UP
[illegible]

Federal Insurance Co.
OF ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
OFFICE: Cor. Federal and Lacock Streets
[illegible]

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO.
Of Pittsburgh.
OFFICE, NO. 37 FOURTH AVENUE.
[illegible]

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMP'Y.
COR. FEDERAL ST. AND DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY.
Office, in the SECOND NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.
[illegible]

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.
Lessees and Managers HENDERSON & CANNING.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON, December 17th. farewell Fritz-Emmet Matinee.
SATURDAY EVENING, positively last appearance of
Mr. Jos. K. Emmet.
In Charles Gayler's highly successful drama of
FRITZ, OUR COUSIN GERMAN.
Fritz Von Vonderblinkenstoffen...Jos. K. Emmet.
New Songs, Dances and instrumental Solos.
Monday Evening, first appearance in two years of the ever charming LOTTA.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL.
The Great Humorist,
R. J. DeCORDOVA,
WILL LECTURE AT
Mercantile Library Hall,
On Monday Evening, December 19th.
SUBJECT:
"MRS. GRUNDY."
ADMISSION........................50 Cents.
No reserved seats. Doors open at 7; lecture will commence at 8 o'clock. Tickets for sale at the Library. de15

FAIR FOR THE
BENEFIT OF ELEVENTH WARD
Wood Mission Sabbath School.
IN THE NEW SCHOOL BUILDING.
TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS,
December 13, 14, 15 and 16, 1870.
ADMISSION, 10 cents. de13:29

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
FAMILY MATINEE at 2 P. M. this SATURDAY, December 17th. This SATURDAY AFTERNOON.
GREAT BILL TO-NIGHT.
Saturday Night. NEW NOVEL.
See Programmes. See Programmes.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES THEATRE. FRED. AIMS..........Manager.
The popular Matinee this afternoon at 2:30.
This Saturday night do not forget.
Last chance and glorious bill.
Greatest Saturday night bill yet.
All the double Star Troupe and the best Iron Teeth sensations and 4 comic pieces.
MONDAY, 19th, another entirely new troupe.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until 12 o'clock M. on SATURDAY, December 31, for
Building a School House
In the Second Precinct of the Third Ward, City of Allegheny. Bids will be left with FRANCIS TORRENCE, President of the Board, No. 139 Federal street, Allegheny. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Architects, Messrs. Barr & Moser, No. 3 Sixth (St. Clair) street.
By order of the Board of Directors.
de15:30 DAVID L. SMITH, Secretary.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR THE erection of an addition to the Minersville School Building can be left on or before SATURDAY, 24th inst., with the Principal, at his office, in the building, where the plans and specifications can be seen. The privilege of refusing all bids is reserved.
ROBERT ARTHURS,
de15:10 For the Building Committee.

ASSESSMENTS.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER,
ALLEGHENY, December 10th, 1870.
NOTICE.—The assessments for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of HIGH STREET, from Ittie to Angle streets. Also for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of HILL STREET, from Spring Garden avenue to High street, are now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until TUESDAY, December 27, 1870, when they will be placed in the hands of the City Controller to serve notice for the payment of the same.
de8:49 CHAS. DAVIS, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, Dec. 13, 1870.
NOTICE.—The assessment for the construction of the Sewer on Pasture Lane and Jackson street, from North avenue to Beaver street, is now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, December 21st, 1870, when it will be returned to the City Controller to serve notices for the payment of the same.
CHARLES DAVIS,
de13:44 City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER,
ALLEGHENY, December 10, 1870.
NOTICE.—The assessment for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of LAUREL ALLEY, from Walnut to Spruce streets; also, and Grading and Paving of CEDAR ALLEY, from Franklin street to Washington avenue, are now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, December 21, 1870, when they will be returned to the City Controller to serve notices for the payment of the same.
CHARLES DAVIS
de8:45 City Engineer.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, December 10, 1870.
NOTICE.—The assessment for grading, Paving and Curbing of WEBSTER AVENUE, from Roberts to Kirkpatrick streets; also, for Grading, Paving and Curbing PEACH ALLEY, from Webster to Bedford avenue, are now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until MONDAY, December 19, 1870, when they will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.
de9 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OPENING OF HILL STREET.
PITTSBURGH.—NOTICE.—The assessments for benefits, made by the Viewers for the opening of Hill street, have been placed in my hands for collection. Parties on whom assessments were made are required to pay their assessments within thirty days from this date. After which the amount of assessments will be [illegible] the property assessed and [illegible]
J. F. SLAGLE, City Attorney.
PITTSBURGH, Nov. 22, 1870.

LEGAL.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF
Valuable Real Estate, &c.
[illegible]
A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.
de8-27

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.—In the COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.
{L. S.} In the matter of the voluntary assignment of JOHN J. ROESER, No. 56, March Term, 1870.
And now, December 10th, 1870, petition of JOHN GIPPORICH, Assignee of said J. J. ROESER, presented in open Court, asking that he be discharged, and SATURDAY, December 31st, 1870, fixed for hearing and application.
BY THE COURT.
[From the Record.]
JOSEPH BROWN, Prothonotary.
All parties interested will take notice of the time and place fixed for hearing the above application.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas, letters testamentary on the estate of ANN MARIA [illegible], late of [illegible] township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, [illegible]
WM. V. EVANS, Executor.
TARENTUM, Dec. 2d, 1870.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas letters testamentary on the estate of [illegible]
TARENTUM, Nov. 22, 1870.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT application will be made to the next Legislature of Pennsylvania [illegible]

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—[illegible]
JOSEPH CRAWFORD.

ESTATE OF Dr. E. W. WHITE.—[illegible]

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &c.
JOHN G. WORKMAN......E. RICHARD DAVIS
WORKMAN & DAVIS,
Successors to WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., manufacturers of
Carriages, Buggies,
SPRING & BUCK WAGONS,
42, 44, 46 and 48 Beaver St., Allegheny.
[illegible]
JOHN G. WORKMAN,
E. RICHARD DAVIS.

CHEAP
[illegible]

SODA ASH.
[illegible]